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PRICE TWO CENTS VOL. XXXIV—ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 24 1901—TEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS

# BY INJUNCTION NET STEEL TRUST HOPES TO CATCH STRIKERS

## Federal Court Will Be Asked To Take Part in the Fight Today.

## EFFORTS TO PROVOKE STRIKERS TO VIOLENCE

### Charged That Steel Officials Want an Outbreak So That the Militia May Be Asked For. Strikers Advised To Be Quiet.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 23.—The combine forces have decided to carry the strike into the courts. It is learned today that Judge P. M. Smith, of Wellsville, Ohio, has been retained by the American Sheet Steel Company to prepare papers for presentation within a few days to a federal court, asking for a restraining order to stop strikers from accosting or molesting in any way non-union men on the highways. The move promises a crisis in the strike, thus far one of watchfulness and waiting. Judge Smith spent the day with Manager Persifer Smith and the starting of the Wellsville and McKeesport plants were discussed in detail.

The application for an injunction may be made in the United States district court and at first will apply only to Wellsville, but it is believed the plan is to pursue similar tactics at McKeesport and other places where necessary.

Following this the rumor is in circulation that a carload of men will run into Wellsville tomorrow to supplement the force now at work. This latter story has not been verified up to midnight. Outside of these incidents, the actual strike status is unchanged.

According to strike leaders, the officials of the Wellsville mill are apparently seeking to bring on an open conflict in order to invoke the aid of the sheriff's deputies and, if possible, the militia. Earnest and renewed warnings have been sent to the strikers to remain cool and keep within the law.

There was much indignation among the strikers today over a report that Major A. P. Dennis, of Wellsville, had called two strikers, Patrick O'Connor and Daniel Dumbaugh, before him and forbidden them to talk to men on the way to the mill in the effort to keep them from going to work. Vice President Chappell, of the Amalgamated Association, immediately sought the mayor and asked him what he meant by trying to abridge the right of free speech. Mayor Dennis denied that he had forbidden the strikers to talk.

The reports from McKeesport tonight are of a quieting nature and no exciting incidents are looked for at present at that point.

From Sharon a telegram was received tonight saying:

"A bill for a preliminary injunction has been granted by Judge Miller, restraining the strikers at the American Steel Casting Company works from entering the grounds of the company. A hearing will be held on July 25th."

### MRS. McKINLEY BRINGS SUIT.

#### Wife of President Seeks To Recover a Gold Mine.

Ely, Nevada., July 23.—Suit has been begun in the United States court at Carson by Mrs. Ida McKinley, wife of the president, and Mrs. Mary B. Barber against John Steele, William Hayes and others to recover possession of the Elijah mine, one of the patented claims of the Canton Mining Company, on which the defendants are operating, and also for $10,000 damages for ore taken out and shipped by defendants during the period of occupancy of the mine.

Steele is the owner of the Macon city mine, adjoining the Elijah, and denies that he has extracted ore from the patented claim, all his workings being well within his own lines.

### MURDEROUS BENDERS FOUND.

#### Located in Colorado and Requisition Papers Are Issued.

Topeka, July 23.—Four persons believed to be members of the Bender family, accused of committing a score of murders at their home near Galena, Kan., twenty years ago, are believed to have been located near Fort Collins, Col., and Governor Stanley has issued requisition papers on the governor of Colorado for their return to this state.

The Benders lived on a small farm near Galena and for years, as it developed after their flight, had lured travelers to their place; murdered them for their money and buried their bodies in the yard around their home or under the house.

### ICEBERGS THICK ON ATLANTIC.

#### Arriving Vessels Report Having Escaped Many Dangers.

Philadelphia, July 23.—Arriving vessels report heavy fog off the coast and the trans-Atlantic steam craft passed many icebergs. For at least two days before reaching the land the steamships Switzerland, from Antwerp, and Barnstable, from Jamaica, encountered dense fog, their approach to the coast having been attended with more than ordinary peril.

The Norwegian steamship Blaamanden, from Hamburg, reports having sighted on July 14th, in latitude 48.40, longitude 47.33, an iceberg over 300 feet high and others near by. The next day several more bergs were passed.

#### English Company Forfeits Rights.

Managua, Nicaragua, July 23.—The arbitrators to whom the matter was referred decided that the Caribbean-Pacific Transit Company, of Liverpool, has forfeited its deposit of $4,000 gold and the exclusive privileges of steam navigation of Lake Nicaragua and the San Juan river.

#### One Death at Dallas.

Dallas, Tex., July 23.—There was one death late last night as the result of prostration from heat. This is the first fatality in Dallas this year directly due to heat and is the second known in this city's history. The highest temperature to date was 107.

### NEGROES MAY CAUSE RIOT

#### Five Hundred Alabama Blacks Will Reach Chicago Today.

#### HIRED BY STEEL COMPANY

#### White Laborers Muttering and Are Backed by Citizens—Predicted That Trouble Will Follow.

Chicago, July 23.—The advent at Melrose park tomorrow of 500 negro workingmen, twenty-five women and three preachers, imported from Mobile, Ala., by the Latrobe steel and coupler works, is awaited with interest by the residents of that suburb and the 600 workmen now employed in the plant. Threats of the workmen to strike for higher wages are believed by many to have been the cause of the importation. This is denied by the officials of the company. They say that the only reason the negroes are brought here is that it has been impossible to secure sufficient white help to do the work demanded from the Latrobe company by the United States Steel Corporation.

To the workmen still in the factory this reason is significant. All afternoon a parallel was drawn between the pending state of affairs in Melrose Park and the rumors of the importation of colored men to the Pennsylvania works of the Steel corporation.

"They are going to try it on the dog out here first," was the remark made by one of the workmen.

For the accommodation of the new men long wooden sheds have been erected in the Latrobe company's yards. There, it is said, the new men will sleep and be protected should there be any uprising against them. Directly outside the gate an enormous tent has been erected by a saloonkeeper of Melrose Park, who has a contract with the Latrobe steel works to feed the negroes.

Employees of the works declare that a number of extra guards have been employed by the company, and they assert this is an indication that trouble is expected. The Latrobe company day laborers at Melrose Park receive 14 cents an hour and the mill men 17 cents.

An impromptu mass meeting was held tonight in front of the village hall. Residents of Maywood, Melrose Park and Bellwood gathered till fully 3,000 people were in attendance to protest against the importation. While no direct threats were made it was prophesied that trouble would follow the arrival of the imported laborers. A committee was appointed to confer with the officials of the company and an effort was made tonight to confer with Governor Yates by telephone to see if he would not take some immediate action to prevent the importation of the negroes.

#### Negroes Stopped at Birmingham.

NEGROES STOPPER AT B'MINGHAM

Birmingham, Ala., July 23.—The exportation of 400 negro laborers to Chicago and other northwestern cities to work in steel mills was stopped here tonight by the arrest of H. R. Bell and D. M. Ryan, two negro labor agents. The arrests were made on warrants sworn out by an attorney of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway Company, charging the defendants with enticing, decoying and persuading servants of that company to leave its service. This is a misdemeanor in Alabama.

These two men have been in the Birmingham district for several days organizing a crowd of negroes to go to Chicago and other northwestern cities, and as a result of their work one furnace of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway Company was banked last night on account of scarcity of negro labor.

The negroes were to leave on a late train tonight, but when the organizers were arrested their ranks were broken in great confusion, and but few of them left for the northwest.

It is said that some of the negroes had intended taking the places of strikers in the Pennsylvania mills.

### LOST MONEY AND SQUEALED.

#### Bettor at Washington Park Has Twelve "Bookies" Indicted.

Chicago, July 23.—Twelve men who are well known in racing circles were indicted by the grand jury today on a charge of bookmaking at Washington park. The cases were taken before the jury on complaint of Edwin Crossau, a carpenter, who declared he lost between $600 and $700 at the track. Those against whom the bills were voted are: Ed Austin, George Rose, H. Waterman, Charles Peck, I. Coleman, Marsh Ledon, John Fay, George Cook, Samuel Wagoner, Fred Peysch, K. Walter, Marcus Cortwright.

### THEY BURIED THE HATCHET.

#### Brownlow Admits That He and Evans Held Conference.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 23.—Congressman W. P. Brownlow was recently quoted as having denied that a conference was held between himself and Pension Commissioner H. Clay Evans in Washington to put an end to republican factional fights in Tennessee. In regard to this alleged interview Congressman Brownlow says:

"The statement that I had stated that there had been no meeting between Mr. Evans and myself is absolutely false. At the instance of some friends of Mr. Evans we met in Washington and discussed matters pertaining to Tennessee politics, but there was no agreement reached and no agreement was necessary to be reached. There has never, at any time, been any conflict of ambition between Mr. Evans and myself.

"Mr. Evans and myself both thought that the factional fight that had been going on in Tennessee was injurious to the republican party, and we so believing, determined that, so far as we were concerned, it should cease."

### THEY MET DEATH ON TRESTLE.

Memphis, Tenn., July 23.—A train on the Louisville and Nashville railroad struck three negro children a few miles northeast of the city today, killing two and injurin ganother fatally. The names of the dead children are Dan Branch, aged six, and Stella Jackson, aged twelve. The child supposed to be fatally injured is William Jackson, six years old.

The children were crossing a trestle and had nearly reached the end of the structure when they were overtaken by an excursion train.

# PRAYERFULLY THEY SEARCH FOR CLOUDS

## But in Undimmed Splendor the Sun Continues To Shoot Burning Rays.

## FOR THIRTY-SIX DAYS THEY HAVE BLISTERED

### And Relief Still Seems Far Off. High Temperatures and Hot Winds Continue Throughout West, Killing Humanity and Vegetation.

Washington, July 23.—With the exception of scattered thunderstorms, the most important of which, so far at least as reports to the weather bureau show, was that at North Platte, Neb., where .01 of an inch of rain fell, the drought and intense heat continued today throughout the states of the corn belt. Temperatures today again averaged over 100 degrees in that area, the thirty-sixth consecutive day in which the thermometer has risen to 90 degrees and higher. Aside from North Platte, a trace of rain was officially reported at Des Moines, .02 of an inch at Kansas City, some rainfall in north central Texas, some in Arkansas, some in south Texas and also some in northern Minnesota. In other sections Official Forecaster Frankenfield says there may have been thunder showers, as reported in the dispatches, though the bureau has no advices other than those theretofore stated from its observers. These storms, he said, brought only temporary relief and afford little sustenance to the overparched ground, which after the greatly protracted period of drought needs a general rain.

According to present indications there seems to be no prospect of such a downpour for the next two days, at least. Beyond that time the officials will not make any predictions. Generally speaking, the temperature in the super-heated area were not so high as on yesterday, but such falls as may have occurred have been due entirely to local changes and not to any general differences in atmospheric conditions.

The hot weather also continued in the northwest, Bismarck, N. D., reporting a record-breaking temperature of 106 degrees. There is no prospect of any relief from prevailing conditions in the central valleys and the middle west, and Forecaster Frankenfield tonight repeats his forecasts of continued warm weather with light and scattered thunderstorms for that section. The only rains indicated are local thunder showers in the southern states and Rocky mountain region.

Some of the maximum temperatures reported to the weather bureau at various places today were:

Atlanta, Ga., 86; Buffalo, 84; Cincinnati, 94; Davenport, Ia., 104; Denver, 90; Des Moines, 100; Indianapolis, 96; Jacksonville, Fla., 90; Kansas City, 102; Little Rock, 102; Memphis, 104; New York, 90; North Platte, 92; Omaha, 102; Pittsburg, 88; St. Louis, 106; St. Paul, 100; Springfield, Ill., 100; Washington, D. C., 90; Springfield, Mo., 106.

### CORN CROP HAS BEEN RUINED.

#### Reports Show That Damage Has Not Been Exaggerated.

New York, July 23.—The Journal of Commerce, which today telegraphed to a large number of bank presidents in Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri and Kansas, tomorrow will print a special report which will say:

"There is reason for believing that the early reports of damage to the corn crop by the drought have not been exaggerated. On the contrary, it is quite evident that the situation is very much worse than at first reported and that now much of the injury is beyond repair.

"The region of worst damage lies within an irregular circle of about 600 miles in diameter with St. Joseph, Mo., as an approximate center.

"In Kansas many answers reported 75 per cent damage to corn; in Missouri the majority reports are between 50 and 75 per cent damage; in Nebraska the reports are generally between 33 and 50 per cent, while the majority is between 25 and 30 per cent.

"It would seem from the returns given that a loss of 50 per cent in this district would be an exceedingly moderate estimate. This would indicate a loss of at least 312,000,000 bushels in the region of greatest drought and probably considerably more. It should be borne in mind that these figures and reports refer only to the small district of greatest damage."

### KANSANS ARE IN TORTURE.

#### Mercury as High as 110 and No Relief in Sight.

Topeka, July 23.—Temperatures in Kansas today were as high as 110, and in no case were figures less than 100 reported. A death from heat occurred in Abilene and prostrations in Leavenworth, Atchison, Emporia, Osage City, Topeka and some of the smaller towns.

Thunder storms of various degrees of intensity came during the afternoon. No relief other than a slight cooling of the atmosphere resulted.

Everything is stifled with dust and water is becoming very scarce. Over a month of 100 degrees, temperature with hardly any rain is the story reported tonight from many Kansas counties.

Pending the coming of rain, farmers are rushing their stock to market, trying to buy feed for their stock and hunting for water.

In the cities the price of milk and other farm products have largely increased.

#### Too Hot To Work at Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., July 23.—All heat records were broken here today when at 4 o'clock the government thermometer registered 104 degrees. Workmen on several buildings in the course of construction were compelled to suspend operations during the afternoon. There is no immediate prospect for relief. Several wholesale houses have called in their drummers, the country merchants, it is claimed, refusing to order new stocks of goods until the effects of the drought are fully known.

### BRITISH TRAIN IS BURNED

#### Lord Kitchener Reports Another Reverse in South Africa.

#### BOERS DRIVE THEIR FOES

#### After All-Day Fight Part of French's Command Was Forced To Retreat.

London, July 23.—The British war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, July 23d:

"A train from Cape Town with 113 details and stores was held up, captured and burned at Scheepers, eight miles north of Beaufort West, on the morning of July 21st. Our casualties were three killed and eighteen wounded. An inquiry is proceeding.

"French reports that Crabbe, with 300 men, was attacked in the mountains near Cradock by Kritzinger July 21st. The horses stampeded. An all-day fight followed. Crabbe fell back on Mortimer. Our loss was slight."

The presentation of the freedom of the city of London to Lord Milner, of Cape Town, at the Guild hall today was made the occasion of another jingo demonstration in favor of the war in south Africa and the policy of the government.

Lord Milner, in a speech, said the compromising of the settlement of the south African situation by injudicious concessions must not be thought of, nor should the risk of a popular rising he run by treating deliberate and crime-stained treason as a venial offense.

The speaker said there was an immense difference between the stout old burghers of the late republics and the "roving ruffians," harrowing their fellow British subjects of Cape Colony. While it was resolved to treat the old burghers, when the war was over, with fairness and even generosity, convincing them that though they had lost independence they had not lost their freedom, continued Lord Milner, the loyalists in south Africa, who had shown such splendid devotion to the empire and the work of reconstruction already going on should not be alienated. By the bold development of resources and an incorruptible government it was hoped, his lordship concluded, soon to relieve Great Britain of what had been called the "obsession" of south Africa.

#### Boers Expect No Aid.

Cape Town, July 23.—It is reported that General DeLary has informed the Klerksdorp commando that there is no longer any chance of European intervention and that they must fight the war out to the bitter end entirely on their own account.

### KING'S "LOYAL" AMERICANS.

#### On Receiving a Medal, Edward VII Uses Queer Language.

London, July 23.—Much gossip in American and English society has been caused by the presentation to King Edward yesterday by some American ladies of the hospital ship Maine committee of a medal commemorative of the ladies' work with a request that the king transmit the medal to Queen Alexandra. It seems that the idea was opposed by a number of the influential members of the committee on the ground that the king did not want the medal, but the others carried the day.

The king's reply to the delegation which made the presentation is causing some comment, as he "thanked the American committee" for their "loyal, dutiful sentiments," as he did the Kansas legislature in answering their telegram of condolence on the queen's death, and as he also thanked the committee for bringing their valuable services to a culmination by presenting the ship to the government, whereas this was done solely by Bernard Baker, of Baltimore.

### ITALY SEEMS TO BE SATISFIED

#### With the Attitude of United States in Regard to Lynching.

Rome, July 23.—In accordance with instructions from Washington the American charge d'affaires here has informed Signor Prinetti, the Italian minister of foreign affairs, that the federal government will take every legal means to assure the punishment of the lynchers of Italians in Mississippi.

In this connection Signor Prinetti expressed his full confidence that those guilty of the lynching would be sought out by competent authorities. He also said he felt sure the criminals would not go unpunished, after what had happened in some preceding cases.

Washington, July 23.—The Italian consul at Vicksburg, Miss., telegraphed today to the Italian authorities here that he had forwarded affidavits fully establishing the Italian nationality of the men lynched at Erwin, Miss., a few days ago. He reports also that the chances are improving for the apprehension of the lynchers.

### THOUSANDS ARE SAVED DAILY.

#### Reign of Economy Seems To Be On in Philippines.

Manila, July 23.—The reports submitted to Adjutant General Corbin by Major James B. Aleshire, in charge of the water transportation department of the army at Manila, shows the saving of $3,000 daily for the last three months. Since Major Aleshire took charge of this department the number of vessels chartered by the government as transports, etc., has been reduced from ten to five, and the lighters and launches chartered by the government have been reduced by one-half. The concentration of the American troops under three brigades at Manila, Dagupan, Iloilo or Cebu will further reduce the army's need of launches. It is expected, in view of this econonmy, to operate some transports direct between Manila and New York.

Adjutant General Corbin recommends the use of two of the fastest transports in a monthly mail service between San Francisco and Manila, to insure quick handling of the mails.

### BOOMS PALMA FOR PRESIDENT.

#### Gomez Wants Him To Preside Over Cuba's Destinies.

Havana, July 23.—General Maximo Gomez, in the course of an open letter setting forth the objects of his recent trip to the United States, asserts that he went to New York with a view of impressing upon Estrada Palma the necessity of coming to Cuba to be the first president of the republic.

"Senor Palma has shown capacity for governing, as witness his course in the war of 1868, and also as chief of the delegation during the last war," says General Gomez. "His official purity while occupying those positions places Cuba under obligations to him. Not one of us has such a standing as he has with the American people and their prominent men.

"Taking into consideration the fortuitous relations which the Cuban republic will bear to the United States, Senor Palma is the most available and is the only candidate. Cubans ought to make him accept. I shall turn all my energy toward this end and when it has been accomplished I shall keep apart from politics."

# GRIM REAPER USES SPUTUM AS A WEAPON

## And with It He Strikes Down Thousands of Mortals Every Year.

## CONSUMPTION SPREAD BY DISEASED SPITTLE

### That and That Alone, Dr. Koch Tells the Congress, Is the Cause of Contagion—Heredity Is an Important Factor in the Disease, He Says.

London, July 23.—A feature of today's session of the British congress on tuberculosis was Dr. Robert Koch's paper, which was listened to with the deepest interest by a big gathering in St. James hall.

During his address to the congress Dr. Koch said his experiments had satisfied him that human tuberculosis and bovine tuberculosis were radically different diseases and that he had amply demonstrated that cattle could not be infected with human tuberculosis. The counter proposition that human beings were not liable to infection from bovine tuberculosis was hard to prove, the doctor said, owing to the difficulty of experiments upon human subjects, but that personally he was satisfied such was the case, and he recited at length post mortem evidence supporting this belief.

Dr. Koch said if this point were conceded it remained to determine the choice of contagion. He said that human immunity to bovine infection disposed of the belief of infection through dairy products and he considered this source of danger to be so slight as to be unworthy of precaution. Heredity was also an unimportant factor in the transmission of tuberculosis, though the contrary had been long believed. Dr. Koch said the chief danger of contagion lay in the sputum of consumptive patients and that a remedy was to be found in a law preventing the consumptive from strewing the contagion about him. Several methods to this end were available, said the doctor, the surest being isolation in sanitariums. This, unfortunately was impracticable, but he strongly urged the establishment of special consumptive hospitals and the obligatory notification of the authorities of the danger of the disease, the disinfection of their quarters whenever consumptives changed residence and the dissemination of information to the people concerning the true nature of consumption to aid in avoiding and combating it.

Dr. Koch closed his remarks by expressing the belief that the ultimate stamping out of tuberculosis was possible.

### HUNT COMES AFTER ALLEN

#### Son of Louisiana for Governor of Porto Rico.

#### TO PROCLAIM FREE TRADE

#### President Will Issue Two Proclamations Thursday—How Foraker Act Has Been Dodged.

Washington, July 23.—William H. Hunt, the present secretary of Porto Rico, has been selected to succeed Governor Charles H. Allen, upon the retirement of the latter from the insular government.

Governor Allen brought with him to Boston all of his household goods when he came from San Juan, and he does not expect to return to Porto Rico. The formal announcement of the selection of Mr. Hunt for governor is withheld until the regular appointment is made, and this cannot be before the expiration of the leave of Governor Allen next September.

William H. Hunt, who has been selected to succeed Charles H. Allen as governor of Porto Rico, was born in New Orleans, La., November 5, 1857, and is the fourth son of the late William Henry Hunt, of Louisiana, who was secretary of the navy in the cabinets of Presidents Garfield and Arthur, and minister to Russia. When he was twenty-seven years of age he was elected attorney general of the territory of Montana.

When Governor Allen went to Porto Rico he was requested by President McKinley to become secretary of the island, and to assist Governor Allen in organizing the new civil government.

Free trade between the United States and Porto Rico will be proclaimed Thursday. Attorney General Knox is preparing the proclamation which will be issued. Two proclamations will be issued, the first declaring the establishment of civil government in Porto Rico and the second the establishment of free trade between the United States and the island.

Although civil government has existed for many months in Porto Rico, Governor Allen, up to the time he went to Canton on Sunday, supposedly withheld the formal notification of that fact from the president in order that the moneys collected under the Foraker act might not be placed at the disposal of the Porto Rican legislature, but could continue to be used for the benefit of the island under the direction of the president. The effect of an earlier notification would have been a proclamation by the president recognizing the establishment of civil government and the turning over to the insular treasury for the use of the legislature of all moneys thereafter collected under the Foraker act.

The other proclamation to be made by the president on Thursday will recite the fact that the legislature has put into operation a system of taxation, and will proclaim the removal of all duties between the United States and Porto Rico.

### GROOT TO LEAD THE BOLTERS.

#### Named for Chairman of Convention To Be Held in Ohio.

Cleveland, O., July 23—At a preliminary meeting here of the leaders of the bolt among the Bryan democrats George A. Groot, of this city, has been chosen as temporary chairman of the state convention to be held at Columbus July 31st. Dr. Abner L. Davis, of Findlay, will be the temporary secretary.

## SUMMARY OF THE NEWS

### THE FORECAST.

Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; light to fresh southerly winds.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mean temperature | 79 | Lowest temperature | 72 |
| Normal temperature | 78 | Rainfall during 24 hours | .00 |
| Highest temperature | 86 | Excess of rainfall since January 1st | 4.63 |

### LOCAL.

Atlanta ministers dissent almost unanimously from the opinion that present drought in middle west comes as a punishment for sins of the nation.

Five children cruelly treated by parents are taken in charge by Atlanta police.

Georgia life underwriters take steps to resolve a purely social organization into a business one.

Brave woman fires twice at burglar who attempts to enter home of her mother.

Tax digests of five counties of Georgia show an aggregate increase in property values of over $1,000,000.

### GEORGIA.

The African Methodist Episcopal conference and Sunday school convention was opened yesterday at Winterville with a large attendance.

Gasoline in Legg's drug store, in the Elmwood hotel building, exploded yesterday afternoon, setting the structure on fire. After hard work the blaze was extinguished, but not until the drug store was totally wrecked.

### SOUTHERN.

Alabama constitutional convention hears report of the committee on suffrage, three sections only being considered. The full paper will be considered under special rules.

In Mississippi the auditor wants additional laws safeguarding bank deposits and will so recommend to the next legislature, asserting that statements now made are evasive and inaccurate.

Whisky element in Charleston, S. C., is now in full control, the mayor having issued orders to the police department to pass the blind tigers by.

Growers of fancy pineapples in Florida have formed an association and will handle the full crop through a manager located in Jacksonville.

Deputy left to guard a prisoner in the Port Royal, S. C., jail is found in the early morning bound and locked in a cell, while a diligent search has since failed to locate the missing negro, notwithstanding many shots were heard near the town soon after a crowd locked the guard in the cell.

Subscriptions to the University of Georgia fund are coming in liberally, the treasurer of the fund now having over $11,000 in hand.

At Silas Point, near Sandersville, train wreckers piled rock and dirt upon the track immediately in front of a rapidly moving passenger train with a view to throwing it, but the timely appearance of the section man saved the train.

Well dressed stranger arouses suspicion of Macon banks by requesting large bills for small ones and then trying to get the larger denominations converted into smaller ones.

### DOMESTIC.

Tired of being traduced, Admiral Schley will demand a court of inquiry. Admirals Dewey, Benham and Ramsay will probably compose the court.

Free trade between the United States and Porto Rico will be declared Thursday. William H. Hunt will succeed Allen as governor of the island.

The great drought continues and, according to the weather bureau officials, no relief is in sight. For thirty-six days no rain has fallen in the stricken district.

It is asserted that the steel trust will today ask for an injunction against the strikers at Pittsburg.

In the Fosburgh murder trial a sensation was caused by the expulsion of New York reporters from court. The judge claimed their reports were improper.

Five hundred negroes imported from Alabama arrive at the Latrobe steel works near Chicago today and it is expected trouble will follow.

### FOREIGN.

In accepting a medal from American women King Edward spoke of their sentiments as "loyal and dutiful."

The Italian government has expressed satisfaction with the attitude of the United States toward the Mississippi lynching.

Addressing the British congress on tuberculosis, Dr. Koch said the ultimate stamping out of the disease was possible.

Boers have held up and captured a British store train guarded by over one hundred men.

Petroleum explodes on the American schooner Adelaide at Stockholm, killing Captain Orr, ten sailors and four custom officials.

# FOR HIS FAIR FAME SCHLEY WILL FIGHT BEFORE NAVY JURY

## Sick of Being Slandered, Hero of Santiago Will Demand Court of Inquiry.

## CIVIL SUIT TO FOLLOW NAVAL INVESTIGATION

### Admiral Announces That He Is Preparing To Take This Course. Dewey, Benham and Ramsay Will Probably Form the Court.

Washington, July 23.—The Washington Post last night telegraphed Admiral Schley that in an editorial it insisted that he owed it to himself as well as to his friends to begin proceedings against Mr. Maclay, the author of the history of the United States navy, to disprove the latter's charge, adding:

"Will you do this? Please wire statement."

Today it received the following telegram:

**"Great Neck, L. I., July 23.—Editors Washington Post: I believe the first step should be investigation of all matters by court, then a civil action afterwards. I am preparing to take this course.**

**"W. S. SCHLEY."**

The Post in the morning, as a result of extensive inquiries based on the admiral's dispatch, will say in part:

"Admiral Schley proposes to ask an investigation at the hands of a naval court of inquiry and then to sue Historian Maclay for libel.

"His action is the sequel to the developments during the past week when the entire country has been stirred by the publication of the unexampled abuse poured out upon him in the third volume of E. S. Maclay's history of the United States navy, in which publication Schley is said to have run away 'in caitiff flight' and is in addition denounced as a coward, a cur and a traitor."

#### Will Be a Notable Court.

The Schley court of inquiry will undoubtedly be one of the most celebrated in the naval or military history of the country. The high rank of the officers involved in the controversy and the intense public feeling which has been aroused will combine to give the investigation a dramatic interest. Nothing has occurred in Washington for many years that will compare with it.

The appointment of the court of inquiry is expected to be made by Secretary Long, though it would be in the power of the president to make the selection if he chose. This is hardly likely to occur, however.

Admiral Schley's letter asking for the appointment of a court will be addressed to Secretary Long, who is his immediate chief. To address the communication to the president, ignoring Secretary Long, would not only be a breach of naval etiquette, but would be totally at variance with Schley's careful observance of punctillous procedure. The court, therefore, will be named by Secretary Long unless he shall prefer to refer the matter to the president.

Secretary Long has stated that if Schley requested a court of inquiry he will grant the request and he has also expressed his willingness to personally select the court. While he has not made any statement as to its personnel, there is every reason to believe that he favors Admiral Dewey and Rear Admirals Ramsay and Benham, the two latter being now upon the retired list. The name of Admiral Walker has been suggested, but it is known that he expressed views on the Sampson-Schley controversy in antagonism to Schley, and his appointment would therefore be questioned. It is said that Dewey, Ramsay and Benham have always carefully avoided giving an opinion as to the merits of the controversy. All these officers are residents of Washington although temporarily out of the city to escape the heat, but could be quickly summoned to take their place around the table of the court.

#### Dewey May Not Serve.

Three names only are mentioned, but that number is specified in the naval regulations for courts of inquiry. There is a possibility that Admiral Dewey will ask to be excused, which he has a right to do, but it is said that if he is specifically detailed by the secretary to be on the board it will make his attendance imperative. Secretary Long has from the moment that a court of inquiry was suggested favored the appointment of Admiral Dewey, believing that his appointment would give character to the court and that any decision which it might reach would be accepted by the American people.

Admiral Ramsey was for eight years at the head of the bureau of navigation.

Admiral Benham came into prominence in 1894 during the brief revolution against President Fonca, of Brazil. The Brazilian navy, under Admirals Mello and De Gama, had revolted and De Gama, in command of the Brazilian ships in the harbor of Rio de Janeiro, had declared a blockade. Admiral Benham was in the harbor with an American fleet, consisting of the New York, Charleston, Detroit, Newark and San Francisco. All the Europeans had quietly submitted to De Gama, the German commander even failing to resent the deliberate firing upon the German flag. But Admiral Benham sent word to De Gama that the American flag must be respected and that any merchantman flying the Stars and Stripes would land when and where he pleased. The Brazilian admiral defied the American. Thereupon Benham told him that the American ship would be convoyed into the harbor and then he ordered his fleet cleared for action while the Detroit convoyed the bark Amy to her wharf. De Gama fired upon the bark and the next moment a solid shot was put into the Trajanao, De Gama's flagship. That ended the controversy and thereafter every American ship entered the harbor at will.

With respect to the matters to be inquired into by the court of in-

Continued on Second Page.

# BANKS TURNED HIM DOWN QUICKLY

## Stranger Faces Cashier with a Suspicious Request

## 'PHONE BROUGHT INTO USE

### Well-Dressed Man Wants Large Bills for Small Ones, and Then Tries To Trade Big Ones for Little Ones.

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—This morning the Macon banks became suspicious of an unknown but well dressed white man who paid them a visit for the ostensible purpose of getting money exchanged. He first called at the American National bank and asked Bookkeeper B. W. Murrah to give him a $100 bill for small bills and the stranger handed Murrah a number of bills, but when Murrah counted them he found they amounted to $105. He handed $5 back to the stranger and also gave him two $50 bills, as he did not have a $100 bill. The stranger expressed himself as surprised that he should have given Murrah $105 and asked Murrah to count the money over again, which he did, and found his first count correct. The stranger apologized, and then, as if he suddenly thought, pulled a $100 bill out of his pocket and asked Murrah to give him four $50 bills. The presumption is that the stranger thought Murrah might have forgotten during the recount of the money that he had already given him two $50 bills and would hand over four $50 bills. But Murrah was not caught.

The American National bank telephoned the other banks of the city to be on the lookout for the stranger. He went from the American National to the Exchange bank and sought to get gold money for greenbacks, but the banks having been warned refused to accommodate him. He also visited the First National bank and the Commercial and Savings banks, but met with a frigid reception. Since then he has not been seen about the city.

### PEACHES SOLD FOR ORPHANS.

### A Car of Donated Fruit Brings the Cash Amount of $873.

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—The car of peaches contributed to the Georgia Industrial Home at Macon by the fruit growers of Marshallville sold this morning in New York, through John Nix & Co., for $873. Rev. W. E. Mumford, president of the home, received the following telegram this morning:

"Car of peaches for Industrial home sold for $873."

The car last year sold for $560 and consisted of 657 crates and the car this year had 100 more crates less and sold for nearly $900. This is a handsome help to the home. Mr. Mumford is highly appreciative of the interest the fruit growers have taken in his work. E. J. Willingham, of Macon, gave 250 crates to this car. Mr. Willingham is in closer touch with the work than any other man outside of its founder, and he knows the great good it is accomplishing for the destitute white children of Georgia.

This car left Marshallville last Saturday morning by a fast freight. The railroads, the Fruit Growers' Express and the commission house of John Nix & Co. have all handled this car without charge and every cent it brought will be net cash to the home.

Mr. Mumford has named one of the cottages at the home in honor of Marshall ville, and it will be known as the Marshallville cottage. The new cottage to be known as the Savannah cottage, is rapidly going up. A nice new printing office has recently been put in at the home and from it will be issued in August the first copy of the home's paper, "Our Right Arm," a four-column quarto, and will be very neatly and nicely printed. It will be a great help to the home in advertising and in training some of the boys to newspaper work. The success of the home has been simply marvelous and no charity in Georgia compares with it. There are over ninety inmates.

### WON'T RESIST INJUNCTION.

### Macon's Mayor and Council Give Up the Fight.

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the mayor and council tonight a resolution, introduced by Alderman Mayor, was passed by a vote of 6 to 4 not to fight the injunction that has been brought by Ben L. Jones to restrain the mayor and council from building an annex or auditorium to the city hall. As the matter would be carried to the supreme court, no matter which side lost, entailing lawyers' fees, costs, etc., and as the auditorium could not be completed in time for the holding of the confederate veterans' state reunion therein, it was deemed best to drop the auditorium plan for the present at least.

### DECIDES AGAINST TINDALE.

### The Macon Citizen Must Return to Jail for Contempt of Court.

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—H. C. Tindall, as receiver for the Macon Hardware Company, was some time ago alleged to be short in his accounts about $6,000. Judge John Candler, of the Stone Mountain circuit, sat on the case (Judge Felton disqualified) and remanded Tindall to jail for contempt of court in not having the funds on hand. Tindall's attorney, Judge John P. Ross, sought before Judge Lumpkin, of the Atlanta circuit, to have Tindall released on habeas corpus. Judge Lumpkin denied the writ. Judge Candler permitted Tindall to be released on a bond of $6,000, pending an appeal of his case to the supreme court. Today the supreme court rendered a decision adversely to Tindall, and it is presumed that Tindall will have to return to jail until he is ordered released by Judge Candler on the charge of contempt.

# SENDS HIS WIFE TO GRAVE

### Prominent Young Planter Was Careless with Pistol.

### DID NOT KNOW IT WAS LOADED

### Farmer Dudley's Pistol Goes Off and Bullet Enters Mrs. Dudley's Temple.

Columbus, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—H. T. Dudley, a well-known farmer of Russell county, accidentally killed his wife yesterday afternoon at their home near Uhland, Ala. He was sitting at the table with his wife and children eating melon. He had taken his pistol from his pocket and laid it on the table. After eating he arose, took the pistol in his hand to put it up and in some way accidentally discharged it. The ball struck Mrs. Dudley in the right temple, inflicting a wound from which she died last night. Dudley did not know the pistol was loaded. Mrs. Dudley was twenty-five years old and leaves besides her husband three children. She was buried today.

### FIREBUGS BURN FORD'S BARN.

### Sparks from the Blaze Start Other Conflagration.

Columbus, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—The burning of a barn at the home of Hamlin Ford, in Wyntown, caused considerable excitement in that suburb this afternoon. Sparks from the fire ignited several fine residences in the suburbs, but they were all saved after desperate fighting and the net loss was only about $400. It is believed that the fire was of incendiary origin. Mr. Ford thinks that the barn was fired by some malicious person.

### HAS ABOUT TWENTY THOUSAND

### Columbus Officials Complete a Census of the Town.

Columbus, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—A careful census, just completed by the city authorities, shows that there are 19,572 people in Columbus proper. This is an increase of 1,955 people over the government census of June, 1900. These figures show both the rapid growth of the city and confirm the suspicion that the government figures did not do the city full justice. This census does not include any of the suburbs.

### MACHINIST IS IN TROUBLE.

### The Recorder Committed Stafford for Assault and Battery.

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Joe Stafford is a non-union machinist who came to Macon some time ago to take the place of a striking machinist. He was arrested last evening by the police on the charge of drunk, disorderly conduct and fighting. At the hearing before the recorder this morning it developed that on yesterday Stafford entered the house of a white woman living near the river and was very insulting in his conduct toward her, and finally struck her violently in the face several times and knocked out one of her teeth. The recorder committed him to the city court under a bond of $100 on the charge of assault and battery. He could not give the bond, and went to jail to await trial.

### SMITH IS STILL IN PRISON.

### The Foreman Says Defendant Transcended His Instructions.

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Frank Smith, the young man who came from Valdosta to Macon to hire factory operatives for a Valdosta factory, and was fined $10 for violating the license ordinance, is still in the city barracks, and it does not seem that any one in Valdosta intends paying his fine, and the outlook is he will have to stay in the barracks twenty-nine days. It is understood that a letter was received in Macon today from the foreman of the factory at Valdosta, in which he stated that Smith was given no instructions by him to have handbills printed and distributed among factory operatives soliciting them to go to Valdosta, and, as Smith assumed this responsibility himself, he must get out of prison the best way he can.

### MAKES HIS WAY SWINDLING.

### J. P. Knight, Alias Corbitt, Wanted Elsewhere Than in Georgia.

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—A letter was received today at police headquarters from J. A. Sills, of Sills, Fla., inquiring the whereabouts of a fellow who represented himself as "W. P. Corbitt, of Macon." He said that Corbitt visited his house at Sills on the 10th day of last May and claimed to be a doctor, and for $11.65 would send him an instrument from Macon the use of which would cure him of a sickness with which he was suffering. Sills paid him the money, and he has never received the instrument nor heard from Corbitt since. Corbitt's real name is J. P. Knight. He was arrested in Macon on June 27th on complaint from officers at Wadley, Ga., on the charge of cheating and swindling, and was taken to Wadley for trial. He represented himself in that section as a doctor, and elsewhere in the state claimed to be a United States marshal. Macon is not the home of Knight, alias Corbitt.

### News Notes from Macon.

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Mrs. C. V. Sanders died today at her residence in East Macon. She was sick only a few days. The deceased was nineteen years old, and had been married four months.

State Treasurer Park, who has been in Macon several days examining banks, reports that they are in splendid condition.

The funeral services of little William Tidwell were held this morning. Rev. W. E. Mumford officiated. The interment was in Rose Hill cemetery.

Lieutenant Walter P. Corbett, who was in the volunteer service in the Spanish-American war, has declined a lieutenancy offered him in the regular army, and will remain in Macon and engage in the life insurance business.

Sundry citizens have petitioned the mayor and council to have the management of the Metropolitan Street Car Company to institute better service on its line of railway.

Blanton Winship, of Macon, has been made a second lieutenant of artillery in the regular army.

### FARMERS FORM A COMPANY.

### Fifteen Thousand Dollars for Oil and Fertilizer Combine.

Lavonia, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—The Farmers' Oil and Fertilizer Company has been organized with the following officers: President, T. F. Alison,; vice president, Oscar Cannon; secretary and treasurer, J. W. Cannon; directors, T. F. Alison, J. O. Norris, C. W. Tribble, Oscar Cannon and C. P. Ray. The stock, $15,000, is taken by seventy-five prominent farmers in and around town.

FOR NERVOUSNESS take

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

It soothes, nourishes and strengthens the nerves, restoring to the debilitated system, new life, vigor and ambition. Gives perfect digestion and restful sleep.

THE GENUINE BEARS THE NAME "HORSFORD'S" ON LABEL.

# MONEY FLOWING INTO UNIVERSITY

## Treasurer Strahan Has on Hand Over $11,000.

## MORE THAN FIRST PAYMENT

### Number of Large Subscriptions Have Been Paid in Advance and the Money Will Be Invested in Georgia State Bonds.

Athens, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—The response of the contributions to the alumni endowment fund of the University of Georgia is steady and satisfactory. Treasurer C. M. Strahan, who sent out on the 10th inst. his call for the payment of the first installment of the fund, has received to date about eleven thousand dollars. This is more than the amount of the first installment, on account of the fact that a number of large subscriptions have been paid in advance.

When all of the subscribers have responded to this call, there will be in the hands of the treasurer about fifteen thousand dollars, which will be invested in Georgia state bonds or in bonds of the larger cities of this state, and held until the maturity of the entire fund of five years from this time.

Then the alumni society will decide what is to be done with this money. There have been a number of suggestions, but the most popular seems to be that of building a large and handsome alumni hall, in which may be provided room for the university library, and also a large and commodious auditorium.

Should such be done, it would release the second floor of the library building, now occupied by the library, for recitation rooms, when the new college building, now used for recitation rooms, could be turned over to the students for dormitory purposes. All plans at present, however, are merely speculative, as the contributors will, five years hence, determine what is to be done with the fund.

### NOW SECURING A LIBRARY.

### Athens Negro School Teacher Is Doing a Good Work.

Athens, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Sam Jackson, the principal of the East Athens negro school, is now busily engaged in the work of securing a library for that school. He is making a canvass of the citizens, and quite a number of white people have given him aid in the movement. With the money which he has already secured and that which will be contributed later he will be enabled to purchase enough books to start a fair library.

Malaria Causes Biliousness.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic removes the cause.

### OCONEE COURT IS IN SESSION.

### Docket Is Light but Includes One Murder Case.

Athens, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Oconee superior court is now in session at Watkinsville, Judge R. B. Russell presiding. There is not much business on either of the dockets, and the court will be in session only a few days. There is one misdemeanor case to be tried, that of Henry Billups, a negro, who is charged with killing another negro. The new Oconee county jail is now under construction, and will be, when completed, a model jail structure.

### HODGSON LOSES A FINGER.

### Hand Is Caught in a Large Derrick at the Shoals.

Athens, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—At Tallassee shoals yesterday morning, while superintending some work being done to develop that large water power, Asbury H. Hodgson, one of the leading business men of the city, who is at the head of the Tallassee Power Company, had a hand caught in a portion of a large derrick, and before he could extricate it, lost the end of one of his fingers.

### IMPROVING SCHOOL BUILDINGS

### In Athens the Carpenter and Painter Are Hard at Work.

Athens, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—During this summer the city school buildings are all being put in first-class condition for the opening in September. A number of improvements are being made, among them the addition of two rooms to the Meigs street school building, where an additional grade will be provided for in order to accommodate the children in that school district. During the next session much improvement will be made in the manual training department of the schools.

### Athens News Notes.

Athens, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—J. T. Pittard, of Winterville, has completed his new roller flour mill.

W. H. Carney, of Vermont, a graduate of the university law class, who has been quite ill at the home of Judge J. W. Lucas for several weeks, is much better now.

W. P. Briggs, of Norfolk, is visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. J. L. Kenney, who died here Saturday, was buried yesterday morning at Prospect church, Jackson county.

Professor and Mrs. H. N. Starnes are visiting in Wrightsville, N. C.

Two hundred and forty Athenians spent Sunday in Atlanta, and one hundred and sixty Atlantans came over to Athens.

### ATHENS WEDDINGS NUMEROUS.

### Number of Brides and Grooms in the Classic City.

Athens, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—On the 17th inst., at Clinton, S. C., occurred the marriage of Mr. Fred Choate, of this city, to Mrs. Lena E. Gill, an accomplished lady of Richmond, Va. Mrs. Gill, after a visit to her sister, Mrs. W. B. Waldron, of this city, was returning to her home in Richmond. At Elberton Mr. Choate boarded the train, and they decided to stop at Clinton and get married. At Clinton they repaired to the residence of a minister and were happily married. They will return in a few days to Athens, where they will in the future reside.

Sunday afternoon, at the residence of the bride, in East Athens, occurred the marriage of Mr. J. C. Gunnells, of Elberton, and Miss Nellie Meades, Rev. George E. Stone officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Gunnells, after receiving the congratulations of friends, left for their future home in Elberton.

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the home of Mr. Wes McKinnon, occurred the marriage of his daughter, Lizzie, to Mr. E. L. Allgood, Rev. E. D. Stone officiating.

Tomorrow evening at half-past 8 o'clock, at the residence of Hon. J. H. Dorsey, of this city, will occur the marriage of his accomplished young daughter, Susan Agnes, to Mr. Vincent Matthews, a popular young business man of this city.

# TRAIN WRECKERS AT WORK

### Obstructions Are Placed on the Southern Track.

### SECTION MAN JUST IN TIME

### At Silas Point, Near Tennile, Old Ties, Iron and Dirt Were Put on the Rails.

Tennille, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—An attempt to wreck a Southern passenger train near Sandersville this afternoon failed. The train was coming toward Tennille. At Silas Point, a mile north of Sandersville, the track of the Southern runs into a gully around a curve. It is considered a dangerous point. Across the track was a pile of promiscuous debris, consisting of rocks, old iron, ties and tree limbs. Sectionman Duffy, who had been at work in that section, was returning to Sandersville, and discovered the work of the would-be wreckers and had it removed before the passenger came along. Only one hour before the passenger was due at Silas Point a special train passed going to Augusta and everything was all right. This is the third attempt to wreck trains near Silas Point within the last six months.

### NOW ROME HAS THE OIL CRAZE.

### Company Is Being Formed To Sink a Well on Seay's Place.

Rome, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Oil has been struck around Rome in quantities sufficient to justify the formation of a company which will begin at once to bore.

Captain John J. Seay, J. W. Rousaville, Captain J. A. Glover and Captain W. P. Simpson are the leading spirits in the new company to be formed. An expert oil man from Beaumont, Tex., is on the ground investigating, and states that he has discovered strong traces of oil, especially in the flatwoods region, northwest of the city.

On Captain Seay's country place it is believed that quantities of oil exist, and it is probable the new company will begin at this point. Great interest is being taken by the citizens of Floyd county in the prospect of rich finds in this territory. It is now declared that Colonel W. J. Noble, formerly of Rome and one of the most prominent capitalists in this section, knew of the oil bearing lands of Rome and had once started to develop them. These reports have increased the interest of citizens in this vicinity.

### HE IS CHARGED WITH BIGAMY.

### Young Man Held in Rome May Enter Plea of Guilty.

Rome, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Walter Gillespie, a young man aged twenty-three, has been brought to Rome from Summerville to answer to the charge of bigamy. Gillespie was arrested on a warrant sworn out by wife No. 1, who was Miss Florence Horney, of Gordon county, and who was married to Gillespie in Rome. The man's second wife is a Miss Blalock, of Summerville. It is said Gillespie will plead guilty.

### LARGE FOUNDRY FOR ROME.

### Location Selected and Money Raised for the Industry.

Rome, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Rome is to have a large foundry and machine shop to be erected at an early date. The location has been selected and $15,000 has been raised with which to start the new industry. At the head of the plant are John H. Reynolds, Charles B. Geotchius, J. A. Glover and others who are prepared to give the work a substantial financial backing.

### GLYNN COUNTY POLITICS.

### Candidates for Senate and House Are Practically Named.

Brunswick, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Judge Alfred J. Crovatt returned yesterday from a business trip north and his appearance has revived talk regarding district and county politics. Judge Crovatt will be put forward for senator at the next election, it being Glynn's time to name the senator. A. L. Franklin will make the race for representative.

### TO PLANT 5,000 PEACH TREES.

### Trained Nurseryman Is Laying Off an Orchard at Lavonia.

Lavonia, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—C. A. and W. H. Addington will put out 5,000 Elberta peach trees one mile north of town this fall. The trees were secured from T. W. Dennington, a practical nurseryman, who is now laying off the orchard and directing the transplanting of the trees. The Addingtons will add to their orchard till it will be one of the largest in the state.

### Denton Is Home Again.

Tennille, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Dave Denton, the Glascock county farmer who so mysteriously disappeared from his home near Gibson several weeks ago, has returned home. Denton says that he has been on a visit to relatives in Alabama and that it was his impression that his wife and friends knew where he was.

### BIG WAREHOUSE TO BE BUILT.

### In Eatonton a Structure Is To Cover an Old Vacant Lot.

Eatonton, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—The contract for the erection of a large brick warehouse by E. B. Ezell & Co. has been let. The structure will be built on one of the vacant lots of the Prudden estate, near the center of the city. It will be 75x100 feet. Nearly all of the cotton will be stored there. Z. K. Riley, a prominent business man, has leased the warehouse and will be aided by W. L. deJarnette.

FREE

AN OLD RELIABLE CURE FOR

Blood Poison, Cancer

EATING SORES, ULCERS, ECZEMA.

If you have tainted, polluted blood, producing ulcers, eating sores, persistent pimples, sore lips, chronic dry sore or wart, swellings, aching bones or joints, mucous patches, ulcerated throat or mouth, dull, aching or lancing shooting pains, bleeding, festering sores, scales or scabs, you have either Blood Poison or the beginnings of a Deadly Cancer. Don't experiment or wait a day, but take the old reliable Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.), which is made especially to cure the most advanced stages of blood poison and all the symptoms of Deadly Cancer. It kills the poison in the blood which causes the above troubles, heals all the Sores, Pimples, Eruptions, stops Aches and Pains and reduces all Swellings by giving a healthy blood supply to the diseased flesh. Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures all the malignant blood troubles, those named above, and

Old Eczema, Itching, Humors,

scrofula, pimples, offensive eruptions, carbuncles, rheumatism, etc., and makes the blood pure and rich. Sold at drug stores, $1. Trial treatment free if you describe your trouble and write to Dr. Gillam, 105 S. Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga. Medicines and free medical advice sent prepaid. Dr. Gillam originated Botanic Blood Balm Treatment for blood troubles over 30 years ago. Thousands cured, many after doctors, patent medicines and surgical operations failed. B. B. B. gives life, vigor and strength to the blood. Especially recommended for old, obstinate cases.

Been To BYCK'S CLEARANCE SALE?

They're Almost Giving Shoes Away.

Yes! like all good merchants, we have regular times for house cleaning,--and house cleaning in the shoe business means getting rid of shoes, just as good as wheat, but geared for sunny days and Summer fashions, while the bleak winds of Fall require something different looking. So the time has come and all that have ears should hear.

We specially quote today among our numerous bargains, Ladies' Brown and Tan Hand Sewed Oxford Ties, worth all the way from 2.50 to 4.00, at . . . . . 90c

Some Blacks, too.

The early birds catch fatter worms than the later ones.

27-29 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

Byck Bro's & Co.

FOOTCOVERERS TO ALL MANKIND.

27-29 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

### STRIKE IS SAID TO BE OFF.

### In Americus an Adjustment Is Reported as Perfected.

Americus, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Information was received here this afternoon from Portsmouth to the effect that the strike of the Seaboard railway machinists had been officially declared off, and that the strikers will return to work. It is presumed this is the result of the conference today between the railway officials and representatives of eight unions called for the purpose of discussing the situation. Details of the settlement have not been made known here, but it is stated authoritatively that the strike is off and that the men will return to work immediately. Fifty employees of the Americus shops went out two months ago.

Malaria Makes Impure Blood.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic cures Malaria, 50c.

### COCHRAN'S BODY RECOVERED.

### Farmer Crossing the Bridge Sees It Floating in the River.

West Point, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—After thirty-six hours' continuous dragging of the Chattahoochee river the body of young James Baker Cochran was found this morning. It must have been loosened by the drags and was seen by T. W. Houston, as he was crossing the public bridge floating under the structure. Assistance was called and the body recovered. It was taken to an adjoining building and prepared for burial. The remains were interred in New Hope church burying ground, in Harris county, this afternoon.

Young Cochran was well liked by all who knew him and had a bright future before him.

# FOR HIS FAIR FAME SCHLEY WILL FIGHT

Continued from First Page.

quiry Admiral Schley condensed them in a letter written to Senator Hale, chairman of the senate committe of naval affairs, February 18, 1899. This letter divided the criticisms of himself into four heads, as follows:

First—The alleged delay off Cienfuegos, Cuba.

Second—The alleged slow progress toward Santiago de Cuba from Cienfuegos.

Third—The retrograde movements on the 26th and 27th of May.

(This refers to the turning of the fleet from Santiago toward Key West.)

Fourth—The battle of Santiago and the destruction of Cervera's fleet.

It is expected that Admiral Schley, in his letter to the secretary requesting a court of inquiry, will specify these grounds of criticism, and that Secretary Long will, in turn, repeat them in his orders assembling the court.

It is expected that as soon as Secretary Long receives the request for a court of inquiry from Admiral Schley he will name its personnel and issue an order for its assembling. It may be some time, however, before the court can get down to work. A host of naval officers will have to be summoned, and these officers are now scattered over the four quarters of the globe.

A court of inquiry differs from a court-martial in that it has no power to inflict a sentence. It is organized simply for the purpose of investigating questions of fact, but it has ample authority to make the inquiry complete and exhaustive. Under the naval regulations Admiral Schley will be allowed the attendance of counsel, who will have the right to suggest questions to the judge advocate.

The sessions of the court undoubtedly will be open, although its members have the right to prevent this. There is no appeal from the decision of the court as to the exclusion or admission of testimony.

### Schley Writes to Long.

New York, July 23.—Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley has asked Secretary Long to appoint a court of inquiry to determine the facts in regard to his course in the Santiago campaign. While Rear Admiral Schley will not discuss his determination, or even admit that he has asked for an inquiry, since he could not do so without a breach of naval etiquette, it is nevertheless a fact that the application has been made. In a small village like Great Neck, L. I., where Admiral Schley is staying with his son in law, D. M. S. Wortley, his presence is a matter of pride to all the townspeople and naturally little that he does passes unnoticed. The admiral drove from Elm Point, where the Wortley cottage is situated, to the Great Neck postoffice this afternoon and a few minutes before 3 o'clock mailed a letter which was addressed to John D. Long, secretary of the navy, at Washington. Though the admiral would not talk of this letter, the nature of its contents was known to others in Great Neck and there is no doubt that Secretary Long when he opens it Wednesday will find in it a request for a formal and official inquiry.

When Admiral Schley was pressed to make some statement of his position, he wrote the following sentences:

"I really think that as this matter is liable to take the form of a judicial investigation, I ought not to be subject to interview.

"I think that action is preferable to words and I have decided to act. More than this, I ought not to be expected to say, but I will add that it is a very great pity that there should be any controversy over matters where everybody did his best."

Our Mr. Crutcher

Is now in the great Western markets and in a few weeks such an assortment of Furniture as has never been seen on this market will grace our sample floors.

Prior to the arrival of all these shipments, everything in our present stock is for sale, **and when we say for sale,** that's just what we mean, and the price will be a secondary consideration. We have **eight floors** laden now with the most exquisite designs in Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, Baby Carriages, etc. Remember they are yours for just a little money.

Any Kind of Terms You Want.

R. S. CRUTCHER FURNITURE CO.,

Cor. Peachtree St. and Auburn Ave.

### ON A TOUR OF INSPECTION.

### Crenshaw, Northen and Glover Are Going Over the A., K. and N.

Marietta, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Hon. T. C. Crenshaw, Hon. T. W. Glover, of Marietta, and Hon. C. S. Northen, of Atlanta, left Marietta this morning over the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern railroad to inspect the road and its property, with a view to assessing the property for taxation.

The railroad authorities returned the property for taxation at $3,000 per mile; this was unsatisfactory to Comptroller General Wright, and the matter is now being arbitrated.

The comptroller general selected Hon. T. C. Crenshaw, chairman of the railroad commission, to represent the state, and the railroad selected Hon. C. S. Northen. Messrs. Crenshaw and Northen have failed to agree, and have selected Hon. T. W. Glover, of this place, as umpire.

Mr. Glover is a man of business ability, and has a long experience in the railroad work. He was connected with the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern for many years when it was the old Marietta and North Georgia, and is thoroughly competent to act in the work for which he has been chosen. These gentlemen will meet in Atlanta after their tour of inspection and complete their work.

Better for the Blood than Sarsaparilla for those living in the Malaria Districts. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

### Sheriff Stricken with Paralysis.

Athens, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Sheriff Earl Overby, of Oconee county, was stricken with paralysis today at Watkinsville and is in a critical condition.

### CAMPAIGN WILL BE WARM ONE

### Chattanooga Democrats Are Preparing for Hard Work.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 23.—(Special.) A call for a meeting of the city democratic executive committee has been issued for tomorrow night to inaugurate the campaign for the fall election. Indications point to the most exciting conflict witnessed in this city in many years. The new city charter goes in effect at the next city election and two boards instead of one will be elected. The mayor's power and authority as well as his salary is greatly enlarged and the keenest interest attaches the contest. A citizens' movement is being mooted already. The democrats will try to head this off.

### BREACH OF PROMISE SETTLED.

### Groom Was Brought Back from Savannah Under Arrest.

Waycross, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—As a sequel to the arrest of W. A. Dixon in Savannah yesterday morning, a marriage occurred this morning about 9 o'clock, the contracting parties being W. A. Dixon and Miss Alia Miles. The marriage occurred at the home of Berrian Miles, a brother of the young lady, on Morton avenue. The ceremony was performed by Judge Burel Sweat. This is a settlement of which was claimed to be a breach of promise case. Both Miss Miles and Dixon were employed in the dry goods store of Dan Broadway English up to last Saturday. Dixon left for Savannah, but was arrested there on advice received from the officers here. Sheriff McClelland arrived with his prisoner early this morning, and the marriage followed. The bride and groom left shortly after the marriage, and it is not known whether their destination was Savannah, where his parents reside, or whether they stopped at Blackshear, to spend the honeymoon with her parents. She is the daughter of J. F. Miles, a prominent farmer of Pierce county.

### MORMONS BREAK IN A DOOR.

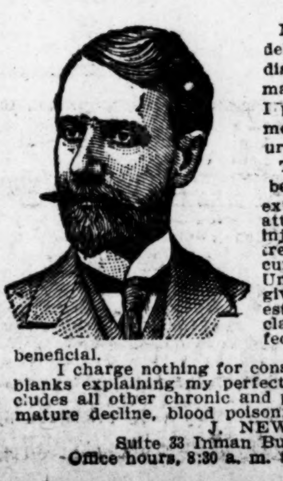
### Elders of the Church Forcibly Enter Schoolhouse Near Waycross.

Waycross, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—According to the previous appointment, the Mormon elders filled their appointment at the Millwood academy Sunday. Some of the good citizens from Millwood undertook to prevent the Mormon elders from preaching in the town, and to keep them out of the school building, took a strong chain and locked the door, but this means failed to keep the persistent Mormon elders out. They procured a file and cut the chain in two and went in. The good people of Millwood are opposed to the Mormons, and this act of lawlessness in breaking open the school house may make it hot for the followers of Joe Smith.

### Lavonia Oil Mill Sold.

Lavonia, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—The Lavonia oil mill has been sold to the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company for $30,000. L. W. Meakin has been retained as superintendent.

How I Cure Stricture



Mr. J. T. Wicker, of Grange, Ga., writes: "I am delighted with your treatment for Stricture, which disease has bothered me for years. I tried in vain many advertised remedies and was in bad shape when I placed my case in your hands. Your home treatment has cured me in two months, and I take pleasure in commending your skill."

Those afflicted with Stricture or Varicocele should beware of the many ready made, quick cures so extensively advertised. Your condition needs special attention, and experiments often result in permanent injury. I give each case careful study and prepare treatment specially to meet all symptoms. I have cured more cases than any other physician in the United States, and my method of treatment has been given the severest test. I can cure you in the shortest time consistent with medical science, but I never claim to make immediate cures, because the after-effects of such treatment is always more damaging than beneficial.

I charge nothing for consultation and advice. Send for self-examination blanks explaining my perfect system of home treatment. My specialty also includes all other chronic and private diseases, such as loss of manly vigor or premature decline, blood poison, skin diseases, bladder and urinary complaints, etc.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M.D.

Suite 33 Inman Building, 22½ South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

# SUFFRAGE IS NOW BEFORE THE BODY

## Climax of Alabama Constitution Makers Is at Hand.

## CONSIDERATION OF SECTION

### Committee Makes Its Reports and Three Paragraphs Are Discussed and Passed During the Session.

Montgomery, Ala., July 23.—(Special.)—The constitutional convention took up the suffrage article today in the presence of crowded galleries. The meeting was spent in clearing off reconsiderations and hearing a suffrage ordinance introduced by Mr. Lowe and making special rules for the suffrage discussion.

Mr. Lowe's ordinance provides, as the only suffrage qualification, a poll tax of $3 for persons under forty-five and $1.50 for those of that age and over. It was decided that after the article had been discussed and adopted section by section, substitutes to the whole article will be in order. Mr. Lowe will then offer his ordinance as a substitute.

The debate was opened by a general argument on the whole article by the chairman of the committee, Judge Coleman, who described it as the best the committee could do with the federal constitution on one side and the pledges of the democratic platform on the other. The committee had felt bound by that platform and therefore bound to disfranchise no white man. The committee was perfectly willing to submit to the judgment of the convention, and if improvement could be made, to accept it. His allusion to the grandfather clause was roundly applauded.

Section 1 confined the right to vote to citizens of this state who are citizens of the United States. The present constitution allows those foreigners who have only declared their intention to become citizens to vote. Mr. Beddow promptly introduced an amendment to restore this provision. A lively debate followed, and even the president, Mr. Knox, came down to contend for the section as reported. The argument for the amendment was that the section took the right to vote from some white men who now have that right, and therefore was against the platform. This view prevailed and the foreigners will continue to vote who have declared their intention to become citizens, but they must carry out their intention at the end of their five-year probation.

Section 2 enlarges the term of residence in the state from one to two years and requires the payment of all poll taxes, current and accrued, by February 1st preceding the election. This was adopted.

Section 3 has the grandfather clause, and the convention adjourned just as it was reached. The debate on that clause will come up tomorrow. Everything was solemn and dignified and courteous today, delegates seeming to realize that the climax of the convention is at hand.

The free pass question is in fair way of settlement. There is an agreement by which the corporation committee will bring in an ordinance on the subject and let it come to a fair fight on the floor.

### West Florida Annexation.

Section 49, which came up Monday, brought on an interesting discussion. The result was the section and an amendment adopted as follows:

Sec. 49. In the event of annexation of any foreign territory to this state, the legislature shall enact laws extending to the inhabitants of the acquired territory, all the rights and privileges which may be acquired by the terms of the acquisition, anything in this constitution to the contrary notwithstanding.

The amendment was read and adopted as follows:

Amend section 49 by striking out in lines three and four, and add "should the state purchase such foreign territory the legislature, with the approval of the governor, shall be authorized to expend any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and if necessary, to provide also for the issuance of state bonds to pay for the purchase of such foreign territory, not inconsistent with this constitution."

A portion of the discussion follows:

Mr. Oates—There is a remote probability, I will say, of the annexation of West Florida to the state of Alabama. I do not think that there is any very great probability of it at an early date, but in the event that it should be done, this provision may be quite necessary, and if such annexation should not be accomplished the provision will hurt nothing. It is harmless, and therefore it seems to me that the amendment ought to be adopted. It is quite true that the ordinance was referred to the committee on legislative department, but, not succeeding in getting a quorum, the delegate from Wilcox was informed of that fact and advised that he had better present it as an amendment in the shape in which it is now presented. Unless some gentleman desires to discuss it further, I move the previous question on the adoption of the section and amendment.

Mr. Smith (Mobile)—It seems to me that under the federal constitution, as well as under the provisions of our own constitution, all of the contract and property rights of those who may become citizens of Alabama by annexation of territory are fully and entirely preserved. I do not know what authority the legislature would have to annex territory to the state of Alabama and stipulate for any special right or special privileges to the citizens brought in by annexation.

Mr. Coleman (Greene)—I would like to ask the gentleman whether in his opinion, in the event Alabama acquires territory, the constitution of the state follows the flag?

Mr. Smith (Mobile)—I am not as familiar with the flag of the state, and do not know where the flag of the state may go, but I believe the constitutional provisions of the state of Alabama would apply to anybody who became a citizen of the state of Alabama, whether by annexation or otherwise.

## ON REDUCION OF EXPENSES.

### Virginia Constitutional Convention Has a Short Session.

Richmond, Va., July 23.—The constitutional convention was in session only thirty minutes today, but it transacted some important business. There was a rather full attendance of members, eighty-five being present.

The feature of the session was the presentation of the report of the committee on reduction of expenses by Mr. Withers, its chairman. It was read, referred and ordered printed.

Messrs. Willis, Hubbard and Stebbins, of the committee announced that they could not concur fully with the committee and had not had time to prepare a minority report, which they gave notice they would do later. The majority report was substantially as follows:

"1. We recommend a reduction in the salary of the governor of the state from $5,000 to $4,000, to take effect January 1, 1906. We do this because we deem it sufficient.

"2. We recommend the abolition of the office of second auditor. We do this because we believe that each and all of his duties can be acceptably and properly performed by the addition to the clerical force of the auditor public accounts of an efficient and competent clerk.

"3. We recommend the abolition of the office of railroad commissioner, because we believe the law creating it is so defective as to render it practically useless to the people of the state, and we further believe that as long as it exists it will remain an impediment to the creation of a proper railroad commission with plenary powers.

"4. We recommend that the office of public printer be abolished and the placing of its duties under the supervision and control of the secretary of the commonwealth.

"5. We recommend the abolition of the office of register of the land office, and the consolidation of its duties with the office of secretary of the commonwealth.

"6. We further recommend that every executive officer of the state, whether mentioned herein or not, except the superintendent of the penitentiary, be elected by the people for a term of four years."

## MORE PROTECTION WANTED

### Mississippi Banks the Subject of More Litigation.

### NEW STATEMENTS DEMANDED

### Auditor Cole Asserts That Financial Institutions Are Playing a Double Game.

Jackson, Miss., July 23.—(Special.)—The object of Auditor Cole in making repeated and rather unexpected demands on the state banks in Mississippi for financial statements and information additional to that required by law, is now made apparent. There exists good reason to believe that some of the banking institutions in the state should rest under the ban of suspicion. It has recently developed that some banks have made statements to assessors in regard to their capital stock which are radically at variance with actual facts, the tendency being to lower the value, in some instances the assessed value being 30 per cent lower than the actual market value.

In other instances there have been grounds to believe that the banking reports altered material facts to suit the favor of the institution making report. A short time ago Auditor Cole strongly advised that the banks of the state be placed under closer supervision, and he will renew this recommendation to the next session of the legislature. It is believed that Mr. Cole's ideas on the subject will be indorsed by Governor Longino's message, and this latter official is now being urged to recommend the passage of a law giving depositors more protection.

## NOT PLEASED WITH REPORT.

### Mississippi Legislative Committee in Session at Jackson.

Jackson, Miss., July 23.—(Special.)—The joint committee appointed by the Mississippi legislature to investigate the affairs of the penitentiary and the books of the prison board of control met here this afternoon with Senators Dealey, Abbay and Heard and Representatives Wrenn and Thompson present. The committee is not satisfied with the data furnished by the expert accountant, the members saying that it does not fully reveal the financial affairs of the prison, and the session will continue at least two days longer. Next Tuesday the committee will start on a tour investigating the convict farms.

## WILL DEMAND AN INDEMNITY.

### Italian Consul Has Prepared Report for His Government.

Jackson, Miss, July 23.—(Special.)—The killing of the two Italian laborers in Washington county promises to yet become an international affair, and it is within the realms of probability that the United States government may be called upon to pay a good round sum in damages. The Italian consul at New Orleans has just returned from a trip of investigation in Washington county, and while no statement has been given out concerning the evidence unearthed by his visit, it is learned that he is satisfied that the murder was without provocation whatever and will recommend to his government that a claim for indemnity be filed. The consul also placed on foot a plan to ferret out the murderers of the Serio brothers, and in this work he will receive every possible co-operation and assistance from the state authorities. It is learned that the federal authorities have also been instructed from Washington to assist in the work.

## SECOND REGIMENT IN CAMP.

### North Carolina State Guard Is Now Under Tents at Camp Aycock.

Raleigh, N. C., July 23.—(Special.)—The Second regiment of the state guard went under tents at Camp Aycock Wrightsville, today, commanded by Colonel William B. Rodman. Its twelve companies are from Tarboro, Greenville, Wilmington, Goldsboro, Maxton, Hartford, Raleigh, Clinton, Edenton, Wilson, Lumber Bridge and Washington. William A. Johnson is lieutenant colonel. There are only two majors, W. R. Bond and H. J. Bragan. The Third battalion will elect a major tomorrow.

### Two Charters Are Granted.

Raleigh, N. C., July 23.—(Special.)—The state has granted charters to the Cates Chair company of Thomasville, capital, $25,000, and the Hickory Furniture company, capital, $100,000.

### Striking Machinists Leave Raleigh

Raleigh, N. C., July 23.—(Special.)—There are now only eighteen of the Seaboard Air Line striking machinists here, the remainder having gone elsewhere to work. More will leave in a few days.

HORSES AND MULES
COST TOO MUCH TO LOSE - SAVE THEM WITH -
SLOAN'S SURE COLIC CURE
26 DOSES FOR $1.00.
QUICK RELIEF - NO DRENCHING. WARRANTED SATISFACTORY.
YOUR DRUGGIST OR DEALER CAN GET IT FOR YOU.

# WHISKY ELEMENT HAS FULL SWAY

## Raiding Squad in Charleston Has Been Withdrawn.

## MAYOR SMYTH ISSUES ORDER

### State Having Deprived the City of Its Share of Profits in Liquor Traffic, No Attempt Will Be Made To Stop Blind Tigers.

Charleston, S. C., July 23.—(Special.)—A sensational move has been made here in the dispensary situation, and practically all restraint of blind tigers has been withdrawn. When the state authorities withheld the dispensary profits from the city Mayor Smyth issued orders to the police department by which the raiding squad was notified to let the tigers alone. This leaves the unlawful sale of liquor free from interference. Under the present arrangement the whisky element is master of the situation and the blind tiger business will thrive without fear of being troubled or sent to court. It is true that a number of liquor constables employed by the state will make occasional raids, but without the aid and co-operation of the police department these state officers will not be able to accomplish anything.

Because of the fight between the state and the city authorities the blind tiger business will be allowed to pursue its uninterrupted way. It could scarcely have been expected that the city would go on paying out the money of its taxpayers to have the law enforced when it was to get none of the profits of the liquor traffic. It is understood that the efforts made to enforce the law here have been costing the city several thousands of dollars annually. This was to be expected when the city was receiving her share of the dispensary profits, but now the state board is going to withhold the profits and the city will withdraw the men who have heretofore been assigned to dispensary duty.

The raiding squad has been withdrawn and assigned to regular duty on the streets. Chief Boyle said that if the state constables called upon his department for aid at any time he supposed it would be given promptly, but as far as raiding was concerned that that would be left exclusively to the state authorities, who had taken charge of it.

This puts a new phase on the situation here. The action taken by the municipal authorities will scarcely occasion any great surprise. In view of the action of the state board of directors there was little else left for them to do. Time alone will show how much better, if any, the state constables succeeded in enforcing the law than the local police have done.

## CHARBON WELL KILLED OUT.

### New Animals Are Being Carried Into the Delta Section.

Jackson, Miss., July 23.—(Special.)—While the disease still exists in some localities in the delta in a more or less virulent form, the epidemic of charbon is now virtually at an end, and there is no longer any fear of the contagion spreading throughout the state. The Pasteur virus has been used in immense quantities and with excellent effect. In some sections of the delta new animals are being imported to take the place of those killed by the disease, and the abandonment of crops will be very small, as the epidemic occurred at a season of the year when little farm work was necessary. A remarkable feature of the epidemic is the large percentage of deaths among animals along the river front, while back of the levees the death rate was very small.

## ARE BUILDING BRANCH LINES.

### Illinois Central Is Running Tracks Into the Delta.

Jackson, Miss., July 23.—(Special.)—When contracts at present under way are completed the Illinois Central road will have practically completed its work of honeycombing the Mississippi delta with branch lines, and it is not expected that there will be any more railroad construction in that section of the state for some time to come. The Illinois Central now owns and operates 902.89 miles of road in Mississippi, the greater portion of which is through the delta country, and quite a large percentage of this is of recent construction. Last year the road built 111.81 miles in Mississippi, and about ninety miles is now in course of construction, with contracts pending for a forty-five mile line from Yazoo City to Vicksburg and twenty-five miles from Yazoo City to Belzoni. The property of the Illinois Central in Mississippi is valued at nearly $10,000,000.

### Aycock Honors Requisition.

Raleigh, N. C., July 23.—(Special.)—Sheriff John R. Lyon of York county, S. C., was here yesterday and today went to Newton after James Lindsay, wanted in that county for murder, Governor Aycock having honored Governor Ellerbee's requisition.

### Pushing Work on Buildings.

Raleigh, N. C., July 23.—(Special.)—A large force of workmen is now employed on the walls of the textile school at the agricultural and mechanical college here. The work will be rushed, as the rain has caused considerable loss of time.

## REV. W. S. ROGERS IS DEAD.

### Minister Well Known Throughout Georgia Dies in Alabama.

Comer, Ala., July 22.—(Special.)—The remains of Rev. W. S. Rogers, of Phoenix City, were interred at Ramah church, about six miles from this place, yesterday. Mr. Rogers died Friday morning after a long and lingering illness. Only a part of his family reached here in time for the funeral. Mr. Rogers was at one time a prominent minister in Georgia, having been pastor of the Baptist churches at Cuthbert, Barnesville and Elberton, and was greatly admired and appreciated by all who came in contact with him during his good work.

### Coal Inspector Appointed.

Nashville, Tenn., July 23.—(Special.)—Governor McMillin today appointed C. D. Caldwell coal oil inspector at Briston.

## SQUEEZED HARD BY BEARS

### Exciting Scenes in Chicago and New York Grain Pits.

### LONGS DUMPING HOLDINGS

### Prices Break Five Cents in a Few Minutes—Panic To Secure Profits.

Chicago, July 23.—Exciting scenes in the grain pits were witnessed today. Especially in corn and oats was the excitement notable with the traders. A selling movement in the corn market was launched by nervous longs at the tap of the gong with which the session was started. They seemed to have a desire, almost amounting to a panic, to secure their profits, owing to scattered rains west, and in consequence there was a wild range of prices.

September sold simultaneously from 59 cents to 54 cents, the latter figure being 5 cents under the closing price yesterday. At this decline prices steadied, largely on buying for the country account. As to the crop situation, there was nothing to change pessimistic views as to corn and oats, as it was alleged that the showers were far from sufficient, but wheat bulls were rendered uneasy by reports of more favorable weather from spring wheat in Minnesota and the Dakotas.

Reports during the day in many instances claimed that damage claims for Kansas, Iowa and Missouri had been greatly exaggerated in regard to the corn situation. These reports were influential, more so than usual, owing to the nervousness of the market. The close showed the bull position weakened.

### Eager To Get Rid of Grain.

New York, July 23.—Bears had their turn in the grain market today. They hammered down the price of wheat 2 cents and corn anywhere from 3 to 5 cents per bushel. The official map showed very little rain in the western grain belt and predictions were for a continued hot and dry period. But the speculative contingent cared little for that. Every man in the grain crowd and a good part of the speculative public was loaded with grain, having bought on yesterday's big advance and dry weather talk.

Pit brokers did their best to find buyers, but could only sell at big concessions. One operator offered corn all the way down from 62 1-8 to 59 1-2 before he could make a trade. It was a speculative craze to sell and lasted until the orders gave out, when a breathing spell and a scant rally occurred. It was brief, however, for more rain news in the afternoon brought on another bear attack and a deluge of selling orders which put September corn here to 58. Wheat broke from 77 1-4 to 75 1-2 with corn under reports of showers in the northwest.

## CHURCH STRUCK BY LIGHTNING

### Priest and Members of Congregation Knocked Senseless.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 23.—(Special.)—A terrific electric storm visited San Antonio, Fla. The Catholic church on Magnolia street, was struck by lightning and partially wrecked. Father Benedict was serving in the confessional at the time and fell over unconscious from the shock. It was at first believed he was dead and a great panic was precipitated. Miss Gerner, who was kneeling near the entrance, was severely shocked. The interior of the building was quickly in flames. Several others of the worshipers were shocked. Father Benedict was unconscious for several minutes. The interior of the church was greatly damaged by flames.

## MOONSHINERS MADE NO FIGHT.

### Revenue Officers Capture a Still but Find No Defenders.

Nashville, Tenn., July 23.—(Special.)—The party of revenue officers which left here yesterday morning today seized and destroyed the illicit distillery six miles from Monterey, at which the fight with moonshiners occurred Saturday morning. The moonshiners, who are known to have fled the country or are hidden out by their friends in the mountains, and the trip was made without incident.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

## PICKETT WILL RULE ELKS

### Chosen by Grand Lodge in Session at Milwaukee.

### ORDER IS VERY PROSPEROUS

### Large Increase in Membership Since Last Convention — Financial Condition Is Good.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 23.—Members of Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks crowded Pabst theater today when the grand lodge convention was called to order.

Grand Exalted Ruler Fisher presented his report, which showed that during the past year 113 new dispensations had been granted, and that there now are 725 lodges, having a membership of 96,000, an increase since the last convention of 33 1-3 per cent. The order had contributed $17,041 to the Galveston fund. The financial condition of the grand lodge showed a balance in the treasury of $30,000.

The grand lodge of Elks completed the first day's session late tonight, having elected officers as follows:

Grand Exalted Ruler—Charles E. Pickett, Waterloo, Iowa.

Grand Esteemed Leading Knight (by acclamation)—Al G. Field, Columbus, O.

Grand Esteemed Loyal Knight—William B. Brock, Lexington, Ky.

Grand Esteemed Lecturing Knight—Judge A. H. Pickens, Denver.

Grand Secretary—George A. Reynolds, Saginaw, Mich.; by acclamation.

Grand Treasurer—E. C. Orris, Meadville, Pa.; by acclamation.

Grand Trustee (three-year term)—Henry W. Mears, Baltimore.

Grand Tyler—Joseph Henning, Anderson, Ind.; by acclamation.

Salt Lake, Baltimore and Saratoga Springs were the candidates for the next convention, but it is said tonight that an eastern city will likely get the honor, as St. Louis and the south are unitedly paving the way to bring the 1903 convention to St. Louis during the Louisiana Purchase exposition.

The feature of the social side of the big gathering was the first big out-of-door event, the magnificent parade of military and civic orders which passed through the principal streets this afternoon.

# LIFE UNDERWRITERS ADD NEW FEATURES

The Georgia Association of Life Underwriters held its annual meeting yesterday in the offices of the president, General Agent Woods White, of the Northwestern. Owing to the absence of Mr. White on account of sickness of a child the meeting was called to order by Vice President W. E. Hawkins, of the United States Life. The attendance was quite good and the meeting was one of the most enthusiastic in the history of the organization.

R. F. SHEDDEN.

He was Elected President of the Georgia Life Underwriters' Association Yesterday.

For some time a number of the prominent members of the association have thought that it should be made much more active in its nature and have been discussing plans for its reorganization. In consequence of their efforts two steps of great importance were taken at yesterday's meeting.

Heretofore the organization has been altogether social in its nature. While the social features of the association have by no means been discouraged, the action taken today will give the association a strong influence on the life insurance business of the state. On the suggestion of a prominent general agent it was decided that a scheme should be put on foot whereby the members of the association can protect themselves from rascally agents. While the details of the scheme have not been arranged, it is known that hereafter whenever an agent leaves the employ of a general agent through any irregular conduct the general agent in question will notify the secretary of the action and will furnish him with the name of the agent and a full account of his irregularities. This will be sent by the secretary to each member of the association. The plan is in no sense a blacklist, as the managers do not pledge themselves not to employ agents discharged by others, but is merely a plan by which the members of the association hope to protect themselves against "rounders" and any men who are in the life insurance business for the sake of doing other people.

It was also decided that hereafter the association should hold bi-monthly meetings and that each meeting should be accompanied by a lunch or dinner. The executive committee will have entire charge of the meetings and will prepare programmes for each occasion.

### New Officers of Association.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

President, General Agent Robert F. Shedden, of the Mutual Life; vice president, Manager W. R. Harper, of the Aetna Life; secretary, General Agent Thomas J. Peters, of the Washington Life.

Mr. Shedden, who is now president, is one of the best known life men in the south, having been prominently connected with the business for a number of years in the capacity of state representative for the Mutual Life. Mr. Harper, the vice president, is one of the most active men in the Atlanta life fraternity and as a member of the firm of John M. Green & Co., managers of the Aetna Life, has been instrumental in building up a large business for his company. No man is better known in Georgia insurance circles than Thomas J. Peters, the newly elected secretary of the association.

The retiring officers are: President, Woods White, of the Northwestern Mutual; vice president, W. E. Hawkins, of the United States Life, and secretary, J. R. Nutting, of the Provident Savings. Mr. Nutting has been secretary of the association seven years, but refused re-election, though unanimously requested to retain the office.

The executive committee is composed of the following: W. E. Hawkins, J. T. Prince, L. J. Haas, R. L. Foreman and J. R. Nutting.

Delegates to the meeting of the National Association of Life Underwriters, which convenes at Portland, Me., in September, were chosen as follows:

R. L. Foreman, of the Equitable; W. E. Hawkins, of the United States Life; H. C. Bagley, of the Penn Mutual; J. R. Nutting, of the Provident Savings; R. F. Shedden, of the Mutual Life. Alternates, J. T. Prince, of the Manhattan Life; S. M. Burbank, of the Metropolitan Life; C. S. Arnall, of the Phenix Mutual; John S. Cameron, of the Sun Life of Canada; Thomas Peters, of the Washington Life.

Prices Melted
in Our Clothing Department
during the last heated term. We have not got a very large stock left, but it is pretty well divided as to sizes, shapes and styles, so if you still want a Summer-weight Suit, the price can no longer stand in your way. Better come in to-day, though, for procrastination will allow somebody else to get your size or the particular styles that you want.

We have cut one-third off the prices of our Juvenile Washable Suits.

All the fine Straw Hats in our store are marked down to ½ price. You can afford a new one now.

GEO MUSE
· CLOTHING CO ·

MEMPHIS Memphis Route MEMPHIS
VIA BIRMINGHAM,
One Fare Plus $2.00 From
BIRMINGHAM, August 6th,
TO ALL POINTS IN
OKLAHOMA and INDIAN TERRITORY and Return.
Write For Full Information,
J. N. CORNATZAR.
Trav. Pass. Agent, . . . . . . . . . . . Atlanta, Ga.

Liquefied Carbonic Acid Gas.
N, P, PRATT LABORATORY. Manufacturing Chemists, ATLANTA, GA

WALLACE & COMPANY,
Leading Livery Stables.
Finest Carriages in the South. We can accommodate a few more nice boarding horses—Rates $18.00 per month.
7 TO 61 IVY ST. 'PHONE 178.

## TEN MILLIONS INVOLVED

### Receivers Named for Capital Syndicate Company of Texas.

### WRONG DOING IS ALLEGED

### Charged That Chicago Capitalists Are Trying To "Freeze Out" Other Stockholders.

Fort Worth, Tex., July 23.—The Capital Freehold Land and Investment Company, better known as "The Capital Syndicate Company," whose property is estimated to be valued at from between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000, has passed into the hands of receivers. The petition was filed in behalf of Margaret Anna Babcock and Maurice B. Brown, of Chicago, who are represented to be minority stockholders. Judge Wallace today appointed J. V. Goode, of this city, late general superintendent of the Fort Worth and Denver City Railroad Company, and at present president of the National Lumber Company, and W. H. Fuqua, president of the First National bank of Amarillo, receivers. Mr. Goode's bond was fixed at $100,000, which he filed this afternoon.

The petition alleged, among other things, that Messrs. J. V. Farwell, C. B. Farwell and Abner Taylor, of Chicago, own a controlling interest in the company, and that they illegally leased to themselves the land and cattle of the corporation, and that they turned the ranch and cattle over to themselves under what is alleged to be a permanent lease. The further allegation is made that they are selling the best portion of the ranch, which is well watered, to the detriment of the ranch property as a whole.

In addition to 3,000,000 acres of patented land, the company owns about 140,000 head of Hereford, Aberdeen-Anges, Short Horns and other cattle.

## MUST PAY MONEY AT ONCE.

### Ex-Treasurer of North Carolina Has To Make Shortage Good.

Raleigh, N. C., July 23.—(Special.)—State Treasurer Lacy today notified ex-Treasurer W. H. Worth that he must pay at once the $16,000 of penitentiary funds, which W. H. Martin made away with while treasury clerk. Worth said he would pay in a few days. He will not stand a suit. At one time it was thought he would do so. Worth said a month ago he wanted to put his own expert on Martin's books and was given full leave to do so. Since then nothing more has been heard from him as to the matter.

## TORNADO HITS VICKSBURG

### Many Buildings in Southern Section of City Wrecked.

### BUT NO LIVES WERE LOST

### Telephone, Electric Light and Car Service Injured—Wind Sixty Miles an Hour.

Vicksburg, Miss., July 23.—Hundreds of shade trees were prostrated, many roofs lifted and the walls of half a dozen buildings caved in by a tornado which passed over the southern section of the city this afternoon. The storm was accompanied by severe thunder and lightning and a veritable down pour of rain. Telephone and electric lights and car service are badly crippled. The wind reached a velocity of sixty miles an hour. There were no casualties.

### Water Spot in Texas.

Dallas, Tex., July 23.—A dispatch from Cisco reports a water spout twenty miles west of there yesterday afternoon. Reports as yet are meager. Ten miles of the track of the Texas Central railroad between Lueders and Albany and between Albany and Moran were washed away. An engine went through a bridge and the engineer, Thomas Beene, was killed.

## MARIETTA HAS A BAD FIRE.

### Drug Store in Gober's Building Is Destroyed.

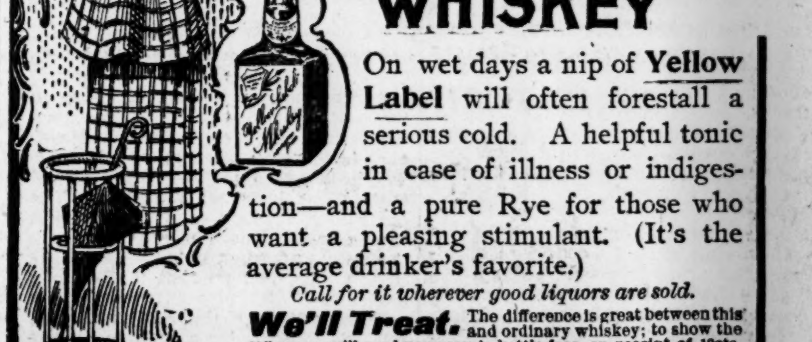
Marietta, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—A disastrous fire occurred in the drug store of James W. Legg, in the heart of the city, this afternoon, and for some time the entire block was threatened. The store is in the Elmwood hotel building and is owned by Judge George F. Gober.

The fire was caused by explosion of gasoline or some other oils where a lot of goods of that character were stored.

The building is located within twenty-five yards of the fire department, but before the flames could be checked the entire stock of goods was a total loss. The stock was valued at $12,000 and was insured for about two-thirds. The building is covered by insurance.

### Two Fingers Were Amputated.

Quitman, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Hardy Griffin, who had his right hand caught between the bumpers on the South Georgia extension a few days ago, submitted to an operation removing two of his fingers.



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YELLOW LABEL WHISKEY
On wet days a nip of Yellow Label will often forestall a serious cold. A helpful tonic in case of illness or indigestion—and a pure Rye for those who want a pleasing stimulant. (It's the average drinker's favorite.)
Call for it wherever good liquors are sold.
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# The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY

CLARK HOWELL .................... Editor
W. A. HEMPHILL ........ Pres. and Bus. Mgr.

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CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

Entered at the Postoffice, Atlanta, Ga., as second-class matter.

NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY, Constitution building, sole Advertising Managers for all territory outside of Atlanta.

**TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.**

| | |
|---|---|
| DAILY, one year | $5.00 |
| SUNDAY (including Sunny South) | 2.00 |
| Both of above | 7.00 |
| WEEKLY, one year | 1.00 |

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**POSTAGE RATES.**

United States, Canada and Mexico:

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 to 12-page paper | 1c |
| 16 to 24-page paper | 2c |
| 28 to 36-page paper | 3c |

Foreign rates doubled.

ATLANTA, GA., July 24, 1901.

### Is Daylight Breaking?

The Constitution has published much of late giving both sides of the franchise grants now before the aldermanic board, presenting the contention of the Fourth Ward Citizens' Committee, the views of the people of the seventh ward, and on the other side the replies of the aldermen whose position is criticised.

Yesterday morning we presented a statement made in behalf of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company by Mr. Joel Hurt. One feature of this communication is particularly significant—Mr. Hurt's practical acceptance of the proposition to parallel that part of the Peters street line of his company which will enable the competing company to operate a direct line out Peters street to Oak street in West End, and then out Oak street to the city limits. Of this Mr Hurt says:

> But should it be deemed advisable, despite the objections of citizens on the street, to grant a permit for an additional line on Peters street, it is not necessary to condemn an additional block on Whitehall for that purpose. The new tracks could leave Whitehall street at Hunter street, where the tracks of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company are now already cut by the tracks of the Transit company, and could pass down Hunter to Madison avenue and out Madison avenue to Peters street. This would not interfere with the tracks of the Railway company, except for a very short distance between Mitchell and Nelson streets on Madison and where the interference would be far less injurious than on Whitehall street. Besides, if the council grant permission and the Transit company will pay for the change, the tracks of the Railway and Power company on Madison avenue may be removed entirely and placed upon the extension of Nelson street through to Forsyth street, and thus furnish a line to the Transit company all the way from Whitehall street out Hunter to the junction of Peters and Walker streets on Peters street, without condemnation or paralleling the tracks of the Railway and Power company at any point, except the short distance along Hunter between Whitehall and Broad. At this point the Railway and Power company had but one track upon which cars are operated one way only, and to parallel that would cause less hurt than any other, provided the line is to be built upon Peters street at all. So it will appear that the contentions of the Railway and Power company are reasonable and ought to be made in the interest of the investors in that company and with due regard to the principle of equity and justice.

This suggestion, if adopted, would bring the Rapid Transit company across the railroads at Peters street to Trinity avenue, and the question then would be as to reaching the center of the city. The franchise as asked for grants the right to use Trinity avenue to Whitehall, then condemns the tracks of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company up Whitehall to the Rapid Transit company's lines at Mitchell. Mr. Hurt suggests that the competing company, instead of condemning the extra block of his company on Whitehall street, turn from Trinity avenue into Madison avenue, thence to Hunter and up Hunter to the Transit company's tracks at Whitehall. This would narrow the contention to which of two sides of a quadrangle should be used to reach the center of the city, and it seems that out of the question as thus presented some satisfactory agreement should be reached.

If the aldermanic board would proceed to the settlement of this question with the view of serving first and foremost the city's welfare before the interests of any private corporation, it could easily solve the problem. It should keep several things in view; first, that the people along and adjacent to the streets affected by the proposed lines are anxious for the facilities offered them and will not be trifled with by any effort to deny them the competition now offered them; that no condition should be made to apply to one company that does not apply to another; that the right to condemn a part of the tracks of one company to enable a competing company, where necessary, to reach the center of the city is the inalienable prerogative of municipal administration. This power does not necessarily mean that one company should be permitted to loot another by indiscriminately taking its tracks, but it does mean that where absolutely necessary to have any part of any company's lines for such purpose the city should exercise its prerogative to that end.

Ten days ago in referring to the Boulevard extension franchise and in condemning the 3 1-3-cent fare condition which was inserted in the Rapid Transit franchise and afterwards withdrawn, The Constitution said:

> We think the aldermanic board made a mistake in this action. The right to extend should have been granted without discrimination, or the measure, standing entirely upon its merits, should have been defeated outright. If the new company, in its desire to reach unoccupied territory, could do so by building its lines entirely along unoccupied streets, it should have been required to do so. If it was absolutely necessary to cross the track or to use a part of the track of another company to reach unoccupied streets or unserved territory, it should have been permitted to do so only on the clearly established showing that no other course was available. If, by making such a grant, the city council impinged upon the legal right of another company, the question could have been settled in the courts. If such a grant were legal it would there be approved; if not, it would be invalidated.
>
> This principle should apply to all franchises, and it is for the council to decide as to the "necessity" warranting grants to one company for the use of the lines of another. If council errs, it becomes a judicial matter to be settled by the courts, thus insuring protection against injustice.

Why should the aldermanic board hold up this franchise any longer and thus delay the building of these lines, when by viewing the matter from an unprejudiced and impartial standpoint the members of the board could get together and adopt franchises which will give the people along the proposed lines what they want in the way of transportation facilities.

A little common sense, backed by a determination to serve the city before the interests of any private corporation, will settle the whole matter, and settle it satisfactorily. Does the aldermanic board understand this, or does it prefer for the people to take hold of the matter and force these franchises through at the next city election?

It is a question of "take it off or knock it off." Will the aldermanic board adopt the former or the latter of these alternatives?

### Our Trade to the South.

The increase of our trade in South and Central America, as shown by the last fiscal reports, is of much more importance than might appear upon a casual reading. Upon the same continent we find over sixty millions of people in need of just the class of exports sent out from the United States. These people have hitherto been supplied through German, English and French mercantile sources, even American goods destined for South American ports having to pass through one of these channels.

A synopsis of the fiscal report for the past year shows that the total exports to South America in 1900 were no more than those of 1890, being in each of those years, in round numbers, $38,000,000. The same statement holds good with reference to Central America, the total exports from the United States to Central American states being in 1890 and 1900, in each case, in round numbers, $5,000,000. It is to Mexico and the West Indies that American exports in the decade 1890-1900 show the greatest increase. Exports to the West Indies in 1890 were $33,000,000 and in 1900 $47,000,000. Exports to Mexico in 1890 were $13,000,000 and in 1900 $34,000,000 The total exports to Mexico, Central and South America and the West Indies in 1899 were $103,000,000; in 1900, $127,000,000, and in 1901, $138,000,000. Thus the figures of 1901 are $35,000,000 greater than those of 1899, while the 1899 figures are only $1,000,000 greater than those of 1893.

It was one of the greatest conceptions of American politics that led the late Mr. Blaine into the calling of the Pan-American congress, first held in Washington. He recognized the growing feeling that there should be community of interest between peoples occupying the same mainland and that traditional differences growing out of different national origin and language should be removed. Through this method he looked for an enlargement of the trade of the United States with the countries to the south of us. A remarkable confirmation of his views consisted in the increasing trade built up with the republic of Mexico. To reach the republics farther south was more difficult, and to circumvent our success in that direction has been the real ambition of Germany, England and France, who wish to maintain their own supremacy there. One of the dangers growing out of the Spanish-American war was that the injection of race feeling would interfere with the coalescing of North American and South American. From the figures given of increased trade it would appear that this danger has been passed, and now it becomes necessary to cultivate the closest relations with peoples who are bound to be good customers, and not to be led into antagonism with them by those whose purposes are purely selfish.

### The Question of Taxation.

In discussing the attitude of Mr. Bryan in his apparent disinclination to take notice of new issues, Hon. Thomas L. Johnson made use of the remark that the most pressing issue of the day is that of taxation. "Every man," he said, in effect, "is called upon to pay taxes," and the question is, therefore, a personal and a pressing one.

On the same line Mayor Carter Harrison, of Chicago, has expressed some strong opinions. That city is one of the worst taxed in the union, and yet the burden is so unevenly laid that the municipality is almost bankrupt for funds. Through the multiplication of tax levying bodies each one proceeds to add a mite to the burden. The city wants money for municipal purposes and proceeds to levy it regardless of the exactions of other bodies covering the same field. The county officers, not to be outdone by those of the city in making collections, levy as though they were "the only pebbles on the beach." Then follows twelve town governments, each of which regards itself as all important and must have funds. There is, besides, a school tax levied by the board, a library tax creeping in on its' own account, a drainage board which proceeds to tax and five separate park boards, each one of which must make a showing as an excuse for its existence. Away down below this weight of tax assessing power are the humble taxpayers, whose only duty is to "pay, pay, pay."

What is true of Chicago is also measurably true of every other section of the union. Rival and contradictory tax collecting powers jostle each other in their anxiety to get in a good levy upon what the people own. Never once is there an attempt to reduce office force or to make salaries accord with those in commercial life. The tax collecting body exists simply as a consumer—the more it eats the more it wants, and when it has reached the limit on its own account it then gets associate bodies placed upon the tax collecting list, so that between them all it is difficult for a man to discover whether he really owns anything or not.

Hence it is that Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, is forced to declare that while there is a remedy to collect money with which to meet legitimate municipal expenses, the people "are afraid that if the taxes are increased the other taxing bodies will get far more than their share of the money. The number of taxing bodies here is an ever-increasing curse to the community"

It is in view of such facts as are here demonstrated by the mayor of one of our most progressive cities that the statements of Mr. Johnson assumes importance. There must come a time when the people the union over will grow tired of the eternal exactions of the tax gatherer, whether federal, state or municipal.

### The Case of Rear Admiral Schley.

The case of Rear Admiral Schley, from being one of a difference of opinion as to whom merit is due for the victory of Santiago, has now developed into a great national scandal, in which the department of the navy stands at a disadvantage.

With the previous history of this unfortunate controversy it is not necessary to deal further than to say that there were two points of view from which it could be discussed with perfect honesty. Whether the man temporarily absent from the conflict should have the credit of victory because of his perfection of plans, or whether the senior officer, who had no part in the plan but who did lead in the active fight, should have the credit, both present points upon which men may differ. The latest phase, however, is one which exhibits the department of the navy engaged in an effort to besmirch the character of a valiant officer whom it had itself named for promotion.

This work has been attempted through the agency of a man carried on the list as a day laborer. In this way Admiral Schley was not only placed at a disadvantage in the department itself, to which he had a right to look for fair play, but he was placed in the unethical position of being called upon to notice the criticisms of a day laborer. To all who understand the strict etiquette governing officers of the navy, an etiquette formulated by the government itself, it will be seen how cowardly was the method adopted by the enemies of the officer interested. When Secretary Long coolly says that Rear Admiral Schley has his remedy in an appeal to a court of inquiry, he well knows that it is a challenge to appeal to a pre-judged body. No sane man, whether in civil, military or naval life, could afford to risk his character in the hands of a court with such an initiative. Fortunately there is in the United States a higher court than any made by law—the court of public opinion. This court has already decided that the attack on Admiral Schley, regardless of the original cause of quarrel, was most dastardly in conception, and its effect must revert upon the department of itself. Rear Admiral Schley does well in refusing to be snared by such challenge. It is even a question if he should submit his cause to the decision of a congressional committee of inquiry, because even that body would receive much of its suggestion from the powers around the naval department. To the historian of the future must the whole issue be left. The people know who was present during the engagement off Santiago, and they equally know who was absent. With this knowledge they will settle the whole controversy in a satisfactory manner.

### A Victory for Journalism.

General Felix Agnus, proprietor of The Baltimore American, has achieved a notable victory for journalism by his uncovering of the Maclay conspiracy against the victor of Santiago.

General Agnus was the first to discover the character of the work which it was sought to impose upon the students at Annapolis as history. Having behind him the influence of strong personal character and of an influential newspaper, he pursued the author of the slanderous volume into his den, uncovered the fact that he was an inconsequential employee of the department, and then found admission into the private office of the secretary of the navy and forced him into a full confession of the facts which are now before the public.

Such a campaign as this would be impossible in any other country, and even in our own, with our freedom of speech and of press, it required skill, pertinacity and ability to move into the very storm center of the conspiracy and to show it up. In the accomplishment of this great public duty General Agnus has conferred an honor on American journalism which should be recognized in some substantial way. He blazed the pathway by which the people uncovered the wrong and put conspirators to rout.

Mr. Bryan's statement that Candidate Kilbourne "deserves and should receive the vote of every democrat in Ohio," is a decided damper upon his too previous supporters in that state.—Boston Herald. And a complete answer to the insinuations of The Herald itself.

David B. Hill and Richard Croker can confer a favor on the democratic party by settling their differences at home.

The Italian government will be kind enough to excuse our lynchers until we can reason with them a little.

Minister Wu piles coals of fire upon the heads of his ecclesiastical critics. He even offers them a cup of tea.

The maintenance of a soldier in the American army is $1,014 a year, while it costs only $201 in Germany.

The Ohio man is complaining that with the high tariff on wool he is getting a lower price than ever.

When Robley D. Evans got behind cover off Santiago he was in a good position to criticise Schley.

The poor colored man should not go to Philadelphia unless he is armed with a return ticket.

The Boston Herald's independence is of the india rubber variety. It can be pulled into order.

The latest is that Rosebery will become a tory. The desire for office is a consuming fire.

The naval laborers' list is filled with itinerant historians ready to do their master's bidding.

Schley will not be driven into the snare by agents of the naval department.

## JUST FROM GEORGIA.

### With Mary.

I.

Life had been goin' the lonesomest way—
All the world seemin' so dreary,
But the meadows wuz smilin' as if with the May
As I come from campmeetin' with Mary!
All the worl' beamin' with love an' with light,
Hills lookin' green an' the streams flashin' bright,
Birds in the branches a-singin' jest right
As I come from campmeetin' with Mary!

II.

What did I care for the world an' its gold—
She at my side, like a fairy?
Love had jest all that his arms cared to hold
As I come from campmeetin' with Mary!
The green o' the world an' the blue o' the skies,
Joy for life's sorrow an' songs for its sighs,
A kiss from her lips, an' the love in her eyes
As I come from campmeetin' with Mary!

* * * * *

### Some Georgia Nuggets.

There's always life in the old land. The trouble is, you have to dig to find it.

The motto is, "Make hay while the sun shines." But you can't accomplish it with an umbrella in one hand and a palmetto fan in the other.

Folks who are always finding fault with this world are the first to send for the doctor to keep 'em from going to the other.

The man who hopes for the best may finally get to the worst; but, as a rule, he gets there whistling.

* * * * *

### Hopin' for the Best.

World is never rollin' wrong
From the east to west
To the feller goin' 'long,
Hopin' for the best!

Though the tide is runnin' strong—
Mighty hard to breast,
Still the sigh melts in the song,
Hopin' for the best!

In the desert blooms will throng,
Of the raindrops blest
For the feller goin' 'long,
Hopin' for the best!

* * * * *

### Relieved of the Necessity.

"Ef you wants religion," said Brother Dickey to a member of his flock, "you will have to sell out all you got!"

"Well, suh," was the reply, "I ain't got nothin' lef' ter sell: De bailiff done dat fer me yistiddy!"

* * * * *

### All Serene.

Talk about "Hot times in Georgia"—hear this from a rural singer:

"Too good to mention!
Blaze, sun, like fury!
Bill's got his pension
An' dad's on the jury!"

* * * * *

Peary Relief Expeditions are all the rage now. As a summer resort the Arctic regions are hard to beat.

* * * * *

### A Cheerful Whistler.

When troubles in battalions
Come to him day by day,
He looked toward the morning
An' whistled 'em away!

In all the storm and darkness
He saw the rainbow's ray,
Heard voices of the morning
And whistled grief away!

He felt the fall of Sorrow—
But what was there to say?
Far off the bells were ringing:
He whistled care away!

No night the morning sunshine
With solemn shades could slay;
Forever and forever
He whistled grief away!

* * * * *

### Of Schley.

When the first effort to wrest the laurals from Schley was made, these lines appeared in this column:

"Good luck to him forever—
Even in a song like this:
Wholesouled and true—
That's just his due—
He's one of us—he is!

"Good luck to him forever
On land and ocean foam.
On every soil
Of human toil
A hero—but at home!

"With all mankind his brothers—
The brave, the kind, the just;
His country wears
The wreath that bears
The triumph of his trust!"

* * * * *

This significant statement from a southwest Georgia farmer: "I've made enough watermelons this year to make ten thousand niggers happy!"

* * * * *

### Along the Way.

The way no more is lonely,
Though one must walk it only,
With the red thorns, keen and cruel, at his breast;
Though the skies are dark above him
And there be no heart to love him,
Yet the evening shadows whisper sweet of "Rest."

Of rest that is no dreaming
Where dying stars are streaming,
In valleys of the Silence born and blest;
With just the sky for cover
And a lily for his lover,
And the evening shadows whispering sweet of "Rest!"

* * * * *

A writer in The Chicago American's literary department says that we need a few critics of the old school in American literature. But if we had 'em the public that makes the novels of the day run into hundreds of thousands wouldn't understand 'em at all!

* * * * *

### Joy Enough.

There's joy enough, believers, in the country round about;
A rift in all the black clouds still lets the sunshine out.
No thorn but has its flower—though thick the thorns may grow,
And the world is rolling on the way that Love would have it go!

"Well," said the old Georgia philosopher, "the hurricane blowed my house down, but thank the Lord, it took the mortgage with it!"

* * * * *

### "Here's Hopin'!"

Sorrow enough, and sighing,
But Sorrow can ner'er destroy
If we'll but lift up
A brimmin' cup
And drink to the health of Joy!

F. L. S.

### Tax on Realty Conveyances.

Washington, July 23.—Commissioner of Internal Revenue Yerkes has decided, in the matter of rate of tax on conveyances of real property, that all conveyances, where the consideration or value is $500 or less, are exempt from tax and that amount is to be deducted from the value of all conveyances where the consideration or value exceeds $2,500.

## THE PASSING THRONG

Professor Marvin M. Parks, of the Savannah high school, was seen last night at the Kimball in reference to the criticism of the University of Chicago which appeared in a recent issue of an afternoon paper. Professor Parks leaves this morning for the north on his way to Europe, where we will spend two months. Part of this will be devoted to study at Oxford. Professor Parks considers the criticism made unjust, and said:

"Yes, I have read Mr. Foster's criticism of Dr. Triggs for some of his recently expressed views, and I make no objection to this criticism of the hundred Georgia teachers who are attending the University of Chicago this summer and I do object to the statement that the train which carried the teachers left on Sunday.

"I repeat that I have no defense to make for the utterances which Dr. Triggs is reported to have made, for I have no sympathy with them; yet in justice to the University of Chicago it should be stated that Dr. Triggs represents only one out of several hundred scholars who have taught at the University of Chicago and that he is only one out of nearly twenty professors and instructors in the department of English."

Professor Parks was asked if it was true that Dr. Triggs was one of the prominent professors and replied: "No, he is neither a full nor an associate professor, his rank being that of an instructor. If we are to condemn every educational institution which contains teachers who have unwise or unorthodox views, then where is the great university that can escape condemnation? If a great institution is judged imperfect in some slight respect that is no reason why it should be wholly condemned and our Georgia people should be denied the privilege of higher scholastic training. But the University of Chicago is too great to need or care for any defense from me.

"Many of the teachers who left Georgia for Chicago are among the most prominent and progressive educators of the state. Some of them in their eagerness for the best educational training made many sacrifices in their efforts to save the money for the trip. For these efforts they deserve praise and prominence and they will receive recognition from the people of our state. I cannot see, though, why any one should attempt to discourage such efforts and I think it unjust to the ill-paid, but intelligent and progressive teachers. The spectacle of a hundred teachers leaving the state and traveling nearly 1,000 miles to enter one of the greatest educational institutions of the world is one of the encouraging signs of the times."

For a number of years Professor Parks was at the head of the Georgia Club in Chicago, and says that the members were always enthusiastic in their belief that other teachers should avail themselves of the opportunities offered by the great universities, such as Chicago, Harvard, Columbia, Johns Hopkins and Cornell. Professor Parks originated the idea of organizing the Georgia Club and of having teachers co-operate in securing reduced rates to Chicago. He states that the movement has grown beyond his expectation, showing that there is an eager desire on the part of the teachers for the best training and a growing demand from the people for the best educators. This year 100 left Atlanta for Chicago on the morning of Monday, July 17th. He did not accompany the party this year, as he was not free from his school duties in Savannah until the last of June.

Professor Parks was asked as to his views concerning the proposed summer school for the University of Georgia and replied:

"I heartily approve of the plan. Of course, there will always be a number who will go out of the state for the most advanced work, but there are scores—even hundreds—men and women, who would be glad to avail themselves of the opportunities offered by such a school. I sincerely trust that at its next session the legislature will appropriate an amount sufficient to have the school opened next summer."

The railroad officers of Georgia were the topic of discussion yesterday in a group of prominent Atlanta men in the Kimball house rotunda.

"Do you know," said one of them, "I have never known a railroad man more wedded to the combined interests of his road and patrons of it as President John M. Egan, of the Ceneral of Georgia Railway Company? He is always on the alert for some scheme or plan by which the road and its patrons will be benefited."

As an illustration of this he quoted the following example:

"The road," he began, "is constantly in need of ballast here and there along its bed, rock, of course, being preferred for the purpose. In one of his trips over the road Mr. Egan saw the need of ballast at a certain point, and the thought occurred to him that by offering to pay the dwellers along the route for hauling rock from their farms to the track he not only would secure the always necessary ballast, but would put the farmers in the way of making extra money from time to time.

"The offer was made to the farmers to pay them so much per cubic foot for all rock hauled from their land and piled up beside the rails. The result was that rainy days and days when crops were idle were devoted to gathering up these stones by many of the farmers who live near the Central's route and taking them to the tracks, where they were piled up, measured and the farmers paid. This is the explanation of many huge piles of rocks standing along the Central tracks between Atlanta and Savannah.

"Mr. Egan's plan served a threefold purpose; it got the ballast for the road, gave the farmer employment and money in idle times and improved the farms by removing from them the stones that clog and oppress the earth. This is but one of the many unique, original and always effective plans that has sprung from the ingenious mind of the Central's chief executive."

## WINSHIP AND FLAKE NAMED.

### With Many Others They Are Made Lieutenants in Army.

Washington, July 23.—The president today made the following appointments:

War—Ernest W. Newson and H. Percy Silver, chaplains in the army; Harry R. Lemon, assistant surgeon volunteers, rank as captain.

First lieutenants of infantry—Frank H. Burton, William B. Grace, Samuel B. McIntyre, Samuel A. Price, Harris Pendleton, J. Peter Vredenburgh.

Second lieutenants of infantry—Ernest H. Agnew, Colin H. Bell, Charles W. Barber, Alpha T. Easton, Campbell W. Flake, Clarence M. Furay, Robert E. Grinstead, John F. McCarthy, W. S. Mapes, Edgar Stayer, Grant T. Trent, Benjamin R. Wade, Frederick S. Young.

First lieutenants of cavalry—Delphi T. E. Castel, Alvan C. Gillom, George E. Lovell, Henry M. Morrow, Sam Van Leer.

Second lieutenants of cavalry—Lawrence S. Carson, William H. Clopton, Jr., Frank B. Edwards, Thomas M. Jaxe, C. C. McGill, Archie Miller, Frank T. McNaray, Orlando C. Palmer, Bradley J. Wooten, Edward C. Wells, John S. E. Young.

Second lieutenants artillery corps—Daniel Craig, Fred L. Denler, Arthur L. Fuller, Jenks H. Kerfoot, Ralph F. Mitchell, John C. Ohnstad, Carroll Power, Francis W. Ralston, Jr., John M. Shook, Blanton Winship.

State—Lewis A. Martin, West Virginia, United States consul at Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, Mexico.

Treasury—Henry G. Turley, collector of customs, district of Pearl river, Mississippi.

# TWO INVESTIGATIONS ARE TALKED OF AT CITY HALL

Investigations are now the subject of discussion at the city hall, the two most lively subjects for official inquiry being the crematory and the franchise situation.

The smells from the former, it is said, may be looked into by the board of health, while the latter is expected to be taken up by council. In the one instance the people, or a certain number of them, want an official investigation made and a nuisance abated; in the other the investigation is likely to come about as the result of what some people have said.

The board of health has before it a petition signed by 100, or more, persons who work or live in the neighborhood of the crematory, asking that it be declared a nuisance and ordered moved. In the event no action is taken, they threaten to invoke the aid of the courts in removing the obnoxious source of unpleasantness. The board has not yet had the matter up, and Burton Smith said yesterday it had not yet been determined whether there would be any investigation or not. Should the board decide to take the matter up, the complaining citizens will be given plenty of opportunity to be heard. The board will meet on Friday, August 2d, and it may be, as the result of clamor and agitation, the question will then be given some consideration. The removal of the crematory beyond the city limits has been suggested as a possible solution of the problem, on the ground, even though there would still be some to whom it would no doubt prove offensive, of the greatest good to the greatest number, or rather, perhaps, of the greatest evil to the smallest number.

### The Other Investigation.

The other subject of investigation that city hall officials are concerned with just now is the statements made concerning the action of certain members of the general council in relation to franchises.

Alderman Pierce has stated that he intends to introduce a resolution in council calling for an investigation of these charges or insinuations, and other members of the board have agreed to back him up in this effort, and to endeavor to see that the investigation is a thorough one.

The aldermen state that the aspersions which have been cast were wholly unjustified and without foundation, and that they will not rest under them.

The next meeting of council will be held on Monday, August 5th, and with this and other matters of interesting import in view it promises to be a lively one. The two franchises acted upon by the aldermanic board will be reported back to council with the twenty-one-year-limit amendment, in which councilmen say that body will not concur by a considerable vote.

Doubtless an investigation by council, should that body pass such a resolution as is proposed, would be more interesting than that by the grand jury, because it would probably be public instead of behind closed doors.

## PINEAPPLE GROWERS UNITE

### Association Is Formed by the Florida Producers.

### FANCY GRADES ARE HANDLED

### Fruit Raised Under Cover Is To Be Made a Specialty by the Combination.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 23.—(Special.)—The Florida Fancy Pineapple Association, composed of about 150 leading pineapple growers of the state, has made Jacksonville its business headquarters and general distributing point.

To Jacksonville this move of the fancy pineapple growers will add a large business interest. The association is to be a protective one and the idea of the pineapple growers in meeting was to combine their efforts in order to obtain better railroad D. Wetherill, of Tampa, president; E. F. Sperry, of Orlando, vice president; W. L. Straub, of St. Petersburg, secretary and treasurer, and H. P. Chenoweth, of Orlando, general manager.

Growers from every section of the pineapple region are represented in the association. Punta Gorda, St. Petersburg, Orlando and Tampa having probably the largest numbers. These growers raise only the kind of fruit that is cultivated under sheds. A specialty is to be made of this shedded pineapple, as it is called, and it is one of the purposes of the association to put this fruit on the market. It is claimed that the pineapples which are grown under cover are superior to the others and the demand for them has increased enormously of late. The fruit grown in this way lacks tough fibre, it is tender and delicate and the juice is highly flavored. Many connoisseurs regard it as the finest kind of fruit in the world.

General Manager Chenoweth stated today that it was the purpose of the association to introduce this fancy grade of pineapple all over the United States. He said he expected to handle about 125,000 crates of pineapples at this point during the next season. The car loads will come to this point and from here will be sent out by direct routes to all parts of the country.

## WERE RUN DOWN BY A TRAIN.

### Woman Is Killed and Her Daughter Injured at Tuscaloosa.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., July 23.—(Special.)—At the Alabama Great Southern depot about 7 o'clock this afternoon the Tuscaloosa Belt railway train, while backing out of a switch, ran over and instantly killed Mrs. Mary Lizzie Blackburn, about forty years of age, and also knocked Miss Edna Blackburn, her thirteen-year-old daughter, off of the track and cut her left leg off at the ankle. It is supposed they were trying to avoid the Alabama Great Southern trains and stepped on the track in front of the dummy. When taken from under the engine Mrs. Blackburn was dead, but it is not thought the daughter is seriously injured. Both of them were employed in the Sanders cotton mills near the depot.

## HE IS IN NOW FOR SIX YEARS.

### Convict in North Carolina Is Wanted in Tennessee.

Raleigh, N. C., July 23.—(Special.)—Chauncey Proctor is the last arrival at the penitentiary here. He is brought back to serve six years of an unexpired sentence. He was recaptured at Asheville after several months' liberty. Tennessee will take him when his term ends, as he is charged with at least two murders in that state.

## APPROPRIATION IS ILLEGAL.

### Money Given to a City Hospital Will Cause Litigation.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 23.—(Special.)—An ordiance appropriating $10,000 to complete a new city hospital has been declared invalid by the city attorney because three councilmen who were out of the city were not notified of a special meeting at which the ordinance was passed. The mayor will contest this decision.

## SHOT HER SISTER FOR ROBBER.

### Miss Pearl Billman, of Arkansas, Is Dangerously Wounded.

Mammoth Springs, Ark., July 23.—Miss Pearl Billman, aged 16 years, was shot and dangerously wounded early this morning by her elder sister, Grace. The latter attempted to shoot a supposed robber, whose footsteps were heard on the front porch, but the bullet struck her sister.

### Crop eports in North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., July 23.—(Special.)—State agricultural department's July crop report, based on returns from twelve hundred correspondents, issued today says the percentages of condition as compared with average years are: Cotton, 70; corn, 74; tobacco, 74; Irish potatoes, 72; sweet potatoes, 88; hay, 96; apples, 67; gardens, 85.

### Won't Be in Race for Governor.

Nashville, Tenn., July 23.—(Special.)—Speaker of the Senate Newton while here today stated positively that he would not be a candidate for governor.

### Is Wanted in Montgomey.

Mobile, Ala., July 23.—(Special.)—A negro named Pickett was arrested here today and confessed he is wanted in Montgomery for murder.

## LIQUOR DEALERS IN CHURCH

### Virginia Baptist Association Faces a Warm Fight.

### BODY MAY BE DISRUPTED

### In Annual Session an Attempt Is Made To Keep Out Men Who Handle Whisky.

Richmond, Va., July 23.—(Special.)—Dover Baptist Association, which met here today in its 118th annual session, is grappling with the grave problem of ridding the churches connected with the body of liquor dealers as members. The question came up at the opening session and provoked a warm fight. The association two years ago created a sensation by declaring that it will withdraw fellowship from any churches retaining in its membership men engaged in the liquor traffic. Last year a committee was appointed to look fully into the matter and report the result. This report, submitted today, shows that eight out of sixty-eight churches in the association have liquor dealers in them, and three of these are the influential First, Second and Leigh Street churches of this city. The First church, one of the oldest and strongest in the state, has refused to expel its four members who handle ardent spirits, and will withdraw from the association first. This fact caused Dr. Pollard, chairman, to refuse to sign the report. An unsuccessful effort was made to adopt the report without debate, but this failed and the matter went over.

## SHE GAVE MISS GLENN AWAY.

### Witness Swore That the Defendant Had False Teeth.

Parkersburg, W. Va., July 23.—In the Ellis case today the first witness produced a sensation. Miss Agnes Riley, stenographer for John F. Laird, an attorney for the defense, was called to testify regarding the scar on Ellis Glenn's head. She stated that she believed the defendant, Ellis Glenn, had false teeth. This was very unexpected, as the defendant had called this witness and the state contended that Ellis Glenn had false teeth. This statement created quite a scene in the court.

The other witnesses gave the usual testimony that the defendant was not Bert Glenn.

"The defense will present their side of the Ellis Glenn case with the privilege of calling three witnesses, if the court will allow," was the announcement made in court this afternoon.

Dr. Wise made four examinations of Ellis Glenn's head and hands and has not been able to find any scar. Mr. Richter, of Williamstown, stated positively that the prisoner was not Bert Glenn, as the latter had worked for him several years and he knew him well.

## TO DODGE THE MISSOURI LAW.

### New Move in the 'Frisco-Memphis Railway Convention.

Kansas City, Mo., July 23.—A new move in connection with the consolidation of the St. Louis and San Francisco and the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis railroad systems was made today when at a meeting of the stockholders of the Kansas City, Clinton and Springfield Railroad company, B. S. Winchell, president and director of the road and also president of the Memphis railroad, resigned and Judge H. S. Priest, of St. Louis was elected president in his stead. At the same time the other members of the board of directors of the smaller road, which is a branch of the Memphis system, resigned and a new board was elected. Today's separation is said to be for the purpose of avoiding the Missouri law, which makes it illegal for parallel lines to consolidate. Between Kansas City and Springfield the 'Frisco parallels the Memphis branch for nearly the whole distance.

## THEIR HARD WORK REWARDED

### Confederate Veteran Monument at Aiken, S. C., Unveiled.

Columbia, S. C., July 23.—(Special.)—A confederate monument, built after years of patient work by the ladies of Aiken, was unveiled this afternoon. Georgians took a prominent part. For some reason the United States artillery band from Sullivan's island did not put in an appearance, but the band brought by Augusta veterans furnished the music. The Augusta veterans, under Lieutenant Clark, were present, bringing over four battle scarred flags of Georgia, among them the famous Cobb Legion flag.

The first address was delivered by Colonel T. P. Teague, of Aiken. Misses Hall and Ford unveiled the handsome monument amid cheers.

An address was delivered by Captain Rice Smith, of Augusta. A barbecued dinner was served by the people of Aiken during the day.

## HEAVY RAIN PREVENT DRILLS.

### Governor Jelks Leaves Militia Camp at Mobile.

Mobile, Ala., July 23.—(Special.)—Governor Jelks and staff left Montgomery today at noon. Owing to the heavy rain there was no drill yesterday nor today. Camp Jelks will be broken tomorrow and the cavalry and artillery will go into camp on Thursday to remain a week.

# HE DROVE THEM FROM HIS COURT

## New York Reporters Excluded in Fosburgh Murder Trial.

## JUDGE SCORED REPORTS

### He Couldn't Get at the Publishers, and So Punished Their Representatives — Government Rests Its Case and Causes Surprise.

Pittsfield, Mass., July 23.—The government rested this afternoon in the trial of Robert S. Fosburgh for the alleged killing of his sister, May. The conclusion was as sudden as it was unexpected, it being known that there were witnesses held in reserve, a number having been summoned by the prosecution only yesterday.

At the opening of today's session, Judge Stevens excluded from the courtroom four men and two women representing three New York newspapers, because of artiburgh family to the burial place of May the case, which were objectionable to the court. The sheriff requested the correspondents to leave the courtroom and those representing the papers named by the judge went out in a body.

Judge Stevens, in referring to the action of the three newspapers, said that his attention had been called to the publication of an article in those papers purporting to be a description of a visit of the Fosburg family to the burial place of May Fosburgh Sunday last.

"There could be no more outrageous breach of propriety," said the judge, "and nothing so calculated to prejudice the minds of the jury and the public and defeat the ends of justice. The publishers of these newspapers are outside the commonwealth and therefore outside of my jurisdiction, but if proof were given me of the identity of the writers I would deal with them as the action deserves."

Captain William G. White, of the Pittsfield police force, was the first witness this morning. Mr. Crosby asked him a question about the identity of the single shoe found in the Fosburgh house and then turned the witness over to the defense for cross examination.

### He Couldn't Remember.

The questions of the defense seemed to disclose such a lack of memory and an absence of thoughtfulness on the part of the officer when he was called to the Fosburgh house that Mr. Joyner, in the course of the proceedings, asked:

"You were then in a very thoughtless mood, were you not?"

Captain White replied that he did not think he was.

Witness could not remember who accompanied him into the cellar of the Fosburgh house when he was making his investigations. He said that at the time he believed the story of the family about the burglars.

In response to sharp questioning Captain White admitted that his ttention was called to various articles of overturned furniture by members of the family and that he did not remember that he examined anything to which his attention was not first called by some one.

"I do not recall; I cannot say," was the answer to the question, "Did you see any of the matches that were found in Mr. Chapman's house?"

W. R. Gardner, whose home was nearly opposite the Fosburgh house, said he heard cries of "Police!" about 1:20 o'clock on the morning on which May Fosburgh was killed, but that they came from a direction opposite the Fosburgh house.

John Nicholson, chief of police of Pittsfield, and practically the last witness for the prosecution, was then called.

The part which Chief Nicholson took in the tragedy began when he reached the Fosburgh house, between 5 and 6 o'clock in the morning, August 21st.

The first persons he met were the defendant and his brother, James, who at once told him about the burglars and called his attention to the marks and foot prints about the place. Captain Nicholson then told the story as it has been reported time after time in course of the trial.

### What He Found in the House.

When Chief Nicholson resumed the stand the examination was taken up in relation to what he found in the Fosburgh house during the day after the killing of May. The chief discussed his investigation, mentioning particularly a metal lamp which was dented as if by a blow, and the broken castors of the bed in the kitchen chamber in the defendant's room.

On a subsequent visit witness said he found the night dress of May Fosburgh and other articles of clothing in a tub of water, and other articles in another tub in the carriage shed. It was at this time that the defendant told the chief that he thought from the feeling of the hair of the man with whom he had grappled that it was a negro. The hair felt "curly." At the point the question of tests by experts as to the effect of powder marks on pieces taken from the night robe of May Fosburgh was introduced and the defense objected to the admission of the evidence, but the judge ruled in favor of the government after Chief Nicholson had said that he had supervised the tests, handling and loading the revolver himself.

## SEEKING WOMAN TO LYNCH.

### Posses After the Mistress of Negro Who Killed Lilly.

Cumberland, Md., July 23.—Chief of Police Robert A. Lilly, of Elkins, W. Va., for the shooting of whom William Brooks, a negro, was lynched last night at Elkins, died at the hospital here tonight from his wounds. The authorities are hunting for the mistress of Brooks, who also shot Lilly. Citizens say she will meet Brooks's fate it caught. Brooks's body was cut down at noon today, after hanging sixteen hours. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of strangulation at the hands of unknown persons.

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# IS PRESENT DROUGHT PUNISHMENT FOR SINS? WESTERN DIVINE: *YES!* LOCAL PASTORS: *NO!*

### PUNISHMENT FOR SINS SAYS A MINISTER.

Cincinnati, July 23.—The Rev. N. A. Robinson, president of the Evangelical Alliance, representing all Protestant ministers of this district, attributes the drought to prevailing sins of the country. He says:

"Americans are committing a great many abominations The withholding of rain from us now may be due to the gigantic sins the United States is tolerating. There is an awful lot going on in this country in direct opposition to the word of God."

### DOCKERY'S PROCLAMATION FOR PRAYER.

aster threatens ourevailing drought is widespread and dis-
Whereas, the pr commonwealth; and, whereas, many earnest Christian people have petitioned that a day for fasting and prayer be appointed:

Therefore, be it known that Sunday, July 21st, be, and the same is, hereby set apart as a day of fasting and prayer that the threatened disasters may be averted; and to this end the people are requested to assemble at their usual places of worship to invoke the blessing of Almighty God.

By the governor.

A. M. DOCKERY.

SAM B. COOK, Secretary of State.

## Question of Prayers for Rain Discussed Pro and Con by Prominent Preachers.

WEATHER conditions out west have become so seriously severe as to call forth public petitions in the form of prayers by the people at large. The governor of Missouri issued a proclamation setting aside last Sunday as a day of fasting and prayer to avert the threatened disasters.

The whole country has watched with keen interest the result of these general petitions for providential interference. The orthodox laity are strong in the conviction that the prayers will be heard and answered, while those more heterodox believe that the efficiency of prayers depends largely on the weather bureau forecasts.

A minister in Cincinnati takes a prominent place as a subject of public discussion when he asserts that the western droughts are a God-sent punishment to the people for their sins. Missouri and Kansas have not yet been heard from on the subject, but when they are, it is safe to predict that what comes will be as hot talk as might fittingly emanate from a place exhibiting their present torrid weather conditions.

### What Atlanta Ministers Say.

In order to throw light on the views held by the southern pulpit, interviews on both the statement of the Cincinnati minister and the proclamation of Governor Dockery were obtained yesterday from leading Atlanta pastors.

Father Gunn, for instance, rejects the idea that there is in progress a punishment for the sins of the nation, but indorses fully the proclamation for prayer issued by Governor Dockery, for in it he sees an old Catholic custom.

Dr. Bridewell asserts the Presbyterian belief in prayers, but says that no special rain prayers are known to him; that wise Providence distributes its bounties, and that it is sufficient to pray for blessings of all kinds. Nor does he believe that America is undergoing punishment for wickedness.

Rev. Dr. Knight, while declaring a belief in special prayers, states that he cannot indorse the Cincinnati minister's interpretation of droughts.

Dr. J. W. Quillian is strong in the asservation that prayers aid always and that petitions for rain will be answered.

Among the other ministers quoted in the following are Dr. Landrum and Dr. White.

### Gather Gunn Dissents.

Father Gunn, of the Church of the Sacred Heart, does not believe that the Kansas and Missouri people are being punished by drought and heat for their sins, according to the Cincinnati preacher. In short, Father Gunn regards the Cincinnati man's theories as "all nonsense." He can see no connection between drought and sin, but says:

"I am unable to see any connection whatever between the present dry spell and 'American abominations,' 'gigantic sins.' I do not know of such abominations. I am not aware of any such gigantic sins. If they are in existence anywhere, I see no sign of them, nor have I found any trace of them here in Atlanta. Perhaps that is why we have been so singularly favored all summer. Sin and hot weather are associated more in the next world than in this.

"God may punish the sins of His children in many ways. He sent the flood, the plague, war and famine. This we know from His own lips. Why He has sent this hot spell to punish I know not. I have it only on the authority of this western minister. It might not be amiss to say that since we are trying to fathom God's motive in dealing with us, that all this discomfort from which we are suffering may be more as a warning than as a punishment, and to make us look up to God more frequently 'lest we forget.'"

Father Gunn approves of public prayer and sees in the Missouri governor's proclamation an old Catholic custom.

"The governor of Missouri in appointing a day of fasting and prayer 'to avert threatened disasters' seems to imitate the action of the president when Thanksgiving day is proclaimed 'to thank heaven for national advantages.' Leaving aside the authority of these gentlemen to make such proclamations the idea in itself of setting aside certain days for fasting and prayer is a good one. God is not only the God of individuals, but of nations and people. His providence extends to public as well as to private interests. His honor and glory should be promoted by whole communities as well as by individuals. Why then should there not be public as well as private prayer—national as well as individual worship? It is good for those in authority to recognize in their public capacity the existence of a higher source of power, to invoke it in time of need and to thank it when propitious.

"In the Catholic church proclamations for public prayer come, however, from the pulpit and not from the pew. The church orders public prayers not only for spiritual, but for temporal blessings, and many who approve of the action of the governor of Missouri might be inclined to criticise the action of the Catholic church in proclaiming of fasting and abstinence, although the object of both proclamations is practically the same.

"Since the days of St. Augustine the custom of fasting and offering public prayer for temporal favors has been in use in the Catholic church, and the governor of Missouri seems to realize the utility of the old practice and makes an honest effort to adapt it to our present needs."

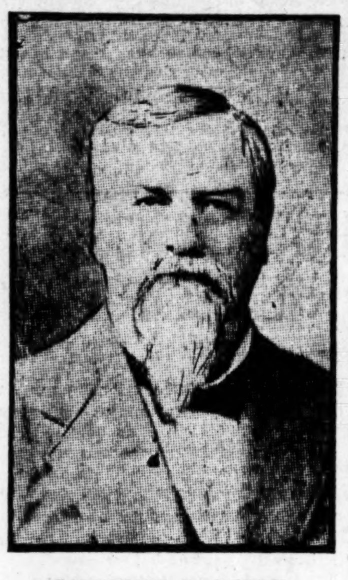
### What Dr. Bridewell Thinks.

Dr. C. P. Bridewell, of the First Presbyterian church, says that Presbyterians believe in answer to prayer, but that they do not have special prayers for rain. He said:

"We believe in prayer at all times for all good things, but we leave it to God as to just how His bounties shall be bestowed. There are no prescribed petitions in the church for rain, but I believe that if the people are moved to make such invocations it is a good thing."

As to the proclamation of the governor of Missouri for a particular day of fasting and prayer, the Presbyterian church pays no attention to such things. Especially has the southern Presbyterian conference made a fight on the spirituality of the church as distinct from any relation with the state.

"The church believes that we should



GOVERNOR DOCKERY,
Who Issued a Proclamation for Day of Prayer for Rain.

## A Strong Symposium That Is Particularly Apropos and Unusually Interesting.

follow the scriptural injunction to pray for whatever we desire, and the Bible promises that such petitions will be granted—only if they be expedient for us. For instance, a child might ask its father for a razor, which would wisely be withheld from it. So it is with prayers to God.

"As to the opinion of the Cincinnati preacher, I think no man has any business making any such an assertion. I myself would certainly not venture to make such a sweeping condemnation. After every great providential disaster, as the Galveston flood, the Jacksonville fire, etc., there are persons who rise up and say that these things are direct punishments from God.

"I don't believe any such thing. There are only two cities on record that were destroyed for their sins, and that happened a long time ago. Even then, according to the scriptures, the people were given a chance if there were but a few righteous souls within their gates. But there were not even ten good people in all the great city. The punishment was not sent on the just and the unjust alike, for they were all of the hosts of the wicked.

"A natural calamity befalling any American city could scarcely be believed a visitation of wrath from heaven, for, according to the Biblical example of Sodom and Gomorrah, we would have to admit that no righteous souls dwelt in those cities. And I don't believe that there is a single American town where there are not more than ten honest, good, God-fearing people."

### Rev. Knight Takes Issue.

Rev. Albion Knight, dean of the cathedral, says that the Episcopal church believes in direct answer to prayer, and has provided special forms of petition in case of drought or other natural calamities, in the belief of the Biblical assurance that such prayers will be answered. He said:

"But many of these ills of humanity we bring about ourselves. Lack of rain is often due directly to man's interference with natural processes by cutting down the forests and otherwise modifynatural climatic conditions.

"I don't believe that the Lord had anything to do with sending the heat and drought as a punishment to the people. Yet I do believe that their petition for rain will be answered if the people having natural climatic conditions.

"This last clause leaves a large loop hole for explanation in case the rains do not descend. That will then prove that the prayers were only those of the faithless; or else, considering another great modifying condition to the special answering of prayers—whether Providence deems it for the best welfare of those asking to grant their requests—the Lord may not agree with the suffering people in the burning west that they really need rain and respite from the consuming heat. This leaves room for a large difference of opinion and it remains to be seen just what the attitude of Providence will be as to what is good for the people in Kansas and Missouri.

"If people will go ahead and tempt Providence, they ought not to expect their prayers to save them. Any one who settles down and camps at Galveston, with water surrounding so dangerously, should not think it a special punishment from God if they got washed away, or feel that the Lord should have taken care of them anyway."

### Dr. Landrum's Unique View.

Dr. W. W. Landrum, of the First Baptist church, said: "Concerning the reasonableness of praying for rain, I have no hesitation in expressing my conviction that there is no philosophy of prayer known, or knowable, which excludes rain as a fitting object of petition at the mercy seat of the Eternal. In the matter of droughts it seems to be scientifically demonstrated that treeless countries are always liable to them. If one wastefully denudes the forests of this country, he commits economic, social and political sin. 'Sin is wrought by want of thought as well as want of heart.' Unless farming by irrigation is introduced crops will more and more be exposed to destruction by a blazing sun in rainless heavens."

### Dr. Quillian Believes in Prayer.

Regarding prayer for rain and drought as punishment of sin, Rev. J. W. Quillian, D. D., pastor of Trinity Methodist church, expressed his views as follows:

"We are a Christian people by profession, whose God is the Lord. He hath made us and preserves us. He loves and cares for all men. His hand can be seen and His footprints found in the history of men in every age of the world, not only in spiritual things, but also in material interests. Wherefore, it is eminently right that His sovereignty, love and mercy should be acknowledged and supplicated, not alone by individuals, but also by nations.

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## Father Gunn, Dr. Landrum, Dr. Knight, Dr. Quillian and Several Others Take Part.

"The governor of the commonwealth of Missouri honors God and prepares the way for His blessings upon the people in proclaiming a day for fasting and prayer to Almighty God, from whom comes every good and perfect gift, that He would send rain to save man and beast. This is public confession of dependence lean upon Him. God is jealous of His lean upon Him. God is jealous of His honor and will not divide it with another, neither does He do for men what they can do for themselves; there extremity is his opportunity. Here is an explanation of some things hard to be understood apart from this. Men forget Him in their ways and plans, and He, with a heart full of love for them, can do nothing but plead with them, withholding His hand from them whilst they eat of the fruits of their own doings, until overwhelmed with disaster they see their own impotency and turn again to God for help. Then, will praying for rain procure it? Most assuredly it will, if in that prayer they will turn with all their hearts to God, ready to use the blessings for which they ask, in harmony with His will. God shut up the heavens once in answer to prayer for the space of three years and six months; then in answer to prayer again He sent the rain. He is the same God today as then. There was great suffering and much death because of that drought, but through it the heart of the people was turned from idols to the living God, and the nation saved. God has not vacated His throne, neither are His ears heavy that He cannot hear. Let the people praise Him; let all the people praise Him, then will the earth yield her increase and God, even our own God, shall bless us, and all the nations shall fear Him."

### "Praying Men for Me," Says Dr. White.

Dr. White, of the Second Baptist church, thinks that all things else being equal, a "praying man" is the best sort of a fellow. A great many other persons who travel by sea also have a prejudice in favor of a prayerful ship's captain. Dr. White believes in the direct intervention of Providence in arresting and producing operations of nature—in other words, the possibility of miracle up to date. If the present drought be a punishment for the sins of the people, he wonders that the Lord doesn't send them oftener.

"My conviction," said Dr. White, "is that the governor of Missouri is just the kind of governor every state needs. A wicked ruler or a prayerless ruler is a sad ruler in the time of a country's war. Taking everything into consideration, a praying man is a better officer than a godless man, from constable up. If the policeman who patrols Washington street is a prayerful man I'll sleep more securely."

"But will the prayers of the people of Missouri do any good?"

"Yes, if there is a God and such a God as scripture, history and human experience have declared Him to be. The existence of a prayer-hearing God is better proven by the record than any other fact of human life. Why not God answer prayer for rain if He answer for other causes? I would certainly pray for my sick child or another's. I believe in natural law. I believe that there is an order and a system in the universe fixed according to which all things move. But such a system, if beyond the power of God to interrupt or change, would make Him the subject and not the sovereign of his own creation.

"I am willing to go on record in The Constitution that if the people of Missouri did heed the governor's proclamation and did cry aloud to God in penitence and submission, and willing to have God's will prevail, that the papers will relate in a week the coming of great rains to water the famished earth.

"As to the statement of the Cincinnati preacher, I do not know what God's purpose is in sending the drought. I seek never to be quick in revealing what has not been revealed to me. But that preacher is not without support in the Bible, in human history and human experience. God has punished states and nations for sin. The amazing thing to me is that he does not do so oftener. Those who reckon God out of it altogether are in a deeper and a darker mystery than that preacher. They are put to a task to explain an interruption of the orderly process of nature without anybody to interrupt it. The burning fact is that rains have ceased in Missouri. There is an interference somewhere, and our friend, the Cincinnati pastor, as is his faith and mine, believing that God is the interrupter, is convinced that the interruption is not an aimless and senseless thing, and therefore, it is to punish the glaring godlessness of the people. The more I think of it the more does his logic seem good to me.

"Now, when you have interviewed the preachers, go around and seek that skeptical and loud-mouthed vendor of infidelity and ask him to tell The Constitution what he would do if he was in Missouri. I will tell you. He would do just as he does when his baby is sick, and just as he will do when the doctor tells him he has Bright's disease or canre. He would say 'Let the people pray.'"

### A Case of Low Barometer.

When Mr. Marbury at the weather bureau was asked his opinion of the Missouri prayers, he simply smiled.

"I've been fooling with the weather long enough," said he, "to know that praying has nothing to do with it. It's just a case of low barometer out west and the sins of the people didn't keep the rain off any more than their prayers will bring it on.

"The weather bureau doesn't take into account the effect of prayers for weather, fair or foul, in making up the official forecasts. If we did we'd be even more mixed than we are now," said Mr. Marbury.

Mr. Marbury also has his own opinion of the Cincinnati preacher and his theory.

He believes that if the people keep on praying the Lord will certainly answer them sometime—as soon as the barimeter veers around!

In short, the weather man doesn't regard the weather as a proper subject for prayer. Uncle Sam's weather bureau jealously resents reports and predictions of its instruments being turned topsyturvy by divine interference.

Mr. Marbury suggests that if any weather praying is to be done, it better be prayers of thanksgiving when all is well—which is most of the time—instead of interference with the design of Providence on the rare occasions when he decrees that things go, in our opinion, amiss.

# A HUSTLER WILL WIN THE RACE

## Push and Perseverance the Price of Exposition Trip.

## A DARK HORSE MATERIALIZES

### One of the Tailenders Catches the Leaders at a Bound—A Fireman Says Coupon Hunting Showed Him What Work Means.

There never was a truer saying than that the unexpected happens. A good proof of the saying is a new feature of The Constitution coupon contest which suddenly developed yesterday in the nature of a spurt toward victory which one of the candidates made.

A certain one of the labor union members who is in the race has been making his deposits of coupons from day to day. The ballots he has been bringing in were not sufficient up to yesterday to place him in dangerous proximity to the leaders. He has gone along, however, from day to day with a contented smile and complacent demeanor, listening to what others might have to say about their prospects of winning the trip, what they had accomplished toward it, etc. Never a word, though, has he been heard to utter relative to his candidacy. His combined reticence and self-satisfied air gave to him a sort of conspicuousness from contrast with the eager, enthusiastic, effervescent throng of other contestants, and he has been the target for query and discussion in the belief of many that there was "something doing."

The denouement came yesterday. This silent and satisfied solon came into The Constitution office shortly after the noon hour yesterday and coolly deposited a bunch, or more correctly speaking, a bale, of coupons that made the receiving clerk think he had run two contests into one. There could not have been less than 10,000 coupons in the deposit. He had been keeping busy saying nothing, but the way he got coupons together in a short space of time was worthy of the best of them. His star deposit today puts him up with the leaders and makes a dangerous rival among the leaders of a heretofore weak candidate. How he did it is his secret, which he is not looking for a chance to tell. The receiving clerk asked him how he did it. He smiled and said: "That's nothing; wait until you see what I do later on."

Yesterday was a busy day among the contestants for the Buffalo exposition trip. Although the first flush of enthusiasm the contest aroused has subsided, there has been substituted a steady, constant, activity and perseverance among those in the race that means they are in it to the finish. Not a single candidate now in the race has become discouraged or shown the slightest inclination to withdraw. On the other hand, each one is just as certain of success in the fight for the exposition trip as on the day the contest opened. One of the firemen said yesterday: "None of my friends ever accused me of being lazy, but I feel like I never did a day's work in my life until I started into this coupon contest."

They are all hustling, and when the ballots are all in and counted and the result is made known it is going to be found that men of grit and energy, men with the right sort of stuff in them, won The Constitution exposition trip.

## WANTS FENCES REMOVED.

### Forrest Adair, as Executor, Files a Petition with Recorder Against Spellman University.

As executor of the estate of George W. Adair, deceased, Forrest Adair has filed, through his attorneys, King & Spalding, a petition with the recorder asking that the Spellman university, a negro school, be made to open up certain portions of a plat of land which had been or was originally laid off as public streets.

The ground was once a race track. Subsequently it was bought and laid off into lots and streets. When Spellman university was built the streets were blocked by fences. The petition before the recorder seeks to have these fences removed as nuisances.

The case has been set down for hearing August 1st at 10 o'clock.

## HELD ON SERIOUS CHARGES.

### H. A. Hiz, Insurance Agent, In for Forgery and Embezzlement.

H. A. Hirz, an insurance agent, was arrested last night by Officers W. R. Jones, Wells, Cook and Gresham on two warrants, one charging forgery and the other embezzlement.

Hirz says he is the collector for the National Benefit Society and that he was arrested because he was short a few dollars in his accounts. The warrants were sworn out by D. M. Cooper, as representative for the society.

Hirz stated last night that the whole affair was a small matter and would be arranged satisfactorily. He was drinking and said that his being under the influence of whisky was probably the cause of his acting as he had done.

On account of the lateness of the hour when Hirz was locked up it was not possible to obtain a statement from the prosecutor, but the police say that they have been informed that the charges against Hirz are much more serious than he would make them out to be.

## PATHETIC LETTER TO CHIEF.

### Destitute Woman Writes About Sick Husband and Starving Children in Great Distress.

Chief Ball received a letter yesterday from Mrs. T. B. Steerman, who lives on Oakland street. She writes that her husband is ill in bed; she is sick and her little children are crying for bread to eat. The house rent, she states, is due and she is about to be turned into the streets. She has made a garden and will have to lose that.

"My children," she writes, "are crying with the pangs of hunger. My husband, our only dependence, is ill in bed. For God's sake, dear chief, help us in some way. We are out of food; have no change of clothing and are barefooted."

Chief Ball asked The Constitution to mention the case. Mrs. Steerman's poverty-stricken home is reached by taking an East Point car and stopping at Fain & Tucker's store.

### Salvation Army Service.

There will be a children's service held in the Salvation Army tent on the corner of Marietta and Bartow streets this afternoon, July 24, commencing at 4 o'clock, called a "Band of Love" service, conducted by Mrs. Captain Westacott. All children, both rich and poor, are heartily invited.

Our Working Girls.

Life to the most favored is not always full of sunshine, but to the average American girl or woman who is obliged to work for her living, and, perhaps to help others at home, life is often a heavy drag in consequence of illness.

Women who work, especially those who are constantly on their feet, are peculiarly liable to the development of organic troubles, and should particularly heed the first manifestations, such as backache, pains in the lower limbs and lower part of the stomach, irregular and painful monthly periods,

MISS ELLA BRENNER, E. ROCHESTER, OHIO.

faintness, weakness, loss of appetite and sleep.

The young lady whose portrait we publish herewith had all these symptoms, and in addition leucorrhoea, and was cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. First, she wrote a letter to Mrs. Pinkham's laboratory at Lynn, Mass., describing her trouble, received in reply accurate instructions what to do to get well, and now wishes her name used to convince others that they may be cured as she was.

The same helping hand, free of charge or obligation, is extended, to every ailing woman in America. If you are sick you are foolish not to get this valuable advice, it costs you nothing, and she is sure to help you. Don't wait until it is too late — write to-day

## SAYS BURGLAR SHOT AT HIM.

### H. C. Roberts Reported to Police That Burglar Fired Upon Him in His Room.

Harry C. Roberts, the young man who was attacked by three negro footpads a few nights ago, reported to the police yesterday morning that negro burglars tried to break into his home and fired one shot at him. He chased the burglars and fired four shots himself.

He found an ax in his room and his window had been opened before he arrived.

The police are investigating the affair. It is possible that the burglars of Monday night were the same highwaymen who waylaid Roberts last week.

$2.50 to Birmingham, Ala., and return, via Southern Railway, Monday, July 5, 8:00 a. m. Tickets good to return Tuesday.

Plenty
Hot
Weather
Ahead.

Fresh Shipments
- Flannel Serge Suits.
- Alpacas. Sicilians.
- Negligee Shirts.
- Straw Hats.
- Belts.
- Cool Underwear.
- Fancy Hose.

HIRSCH BROS.,
44 WHITEHALL.
"Hot Weather Comforters."

## CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals addressed to the mayor and general council will be received until 3 p. m. Monday, August 5th, for repaving Whitehall street from the south end of the metal work of the viaduct to Windsor street with sheet asphalt, approximately 15,250 square yards. A certified check for $500 must accompany each bidder's proposals. Work to be guaranteed and maintained for a period of ten years from the date of the completion of the contract.

Bids to be made giving the property owners and the street railway companies the option of paying all cash, or one-fourth cash and the balance in three equal annual installments at 7 per cent interest per annum. The proportion to be paid from the city treasury will be paid upon the completion and acceptance of the work.

Specifications can be seen at the office of the city engineer.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

R. M. CLAYTON, City Engineer.

GOOD-LUCK COFFEE
Put up in 5c, 10c and 20c packages.
Get Our Premium List and Save the Trademarks. One Trademark for Every 5c Purchase.
Good Luck is magnificent coffee, so the Trademarks saved and sent to us get superb premiums. Get Good Luck from your Grocer.
Aragon Coffee Company,
Richmond, Va.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county, granted at the July term, 1901, will be sold at public outcry, on the first Tuesday in August, 1901, at the courthouse door in said county, between the usual hours of sale, the following real estate situate in Fulton county, Georgia, described as follows: A certain lot with the improvements thereon in the city of Atlanta on the west side of Bradley street between Irwin and Wheat streets, known as lot No. 30 of the Bradley property subdivision, fronting on the west side of Bradley street forty-nine feet, and extending back west, same width as front, one hundred and thirty-two feet, more or less, being same property conveyed to Henry Johnson by Bank of the State of Georgia by deed recorded in book FF 337 records Fulton county, Georgia.

Terms of sale cash.

HAMILTON DOUGLAS,
Administrator for Dora Broomfield.

This July 2, 1901.

BE SURE AND COME
to the auction sale at 10 a. m. today,
265 Washington street.
LEO FRESH, Auctioneer.

EISEMAN BROS. | EISEMAN BROS.
Washington, D. C. Atlanta, Ga. Baltimore, Md.

Clothing Reduced---

Some Standard, All-wool, Good Tailoring, Fresh Patterns.

You're in clover this year. A cool spring, an early jump into summer---and now your mid-summer suit at an off price. Light flannels, serges, sicilians and alapacas feel cooler at our prices. We know we're about as human as anybody---pocketbook the tender spot. But fit comes first---and we take that risk. No man can feel comfortable in an ill-fitting coat.

Some fancy cheviots and worsteds, lined and half-lined, at exactly **half** prices. You can likely get your fit---it's worth finding out.

Boys' Belongings.

Boys' crash pants, all sizes, from 3 to 14 years, **19c**
Children's sailor straw hats at **half** price.
"Mothers' Friend" shirt waists, good patterns, **29c.**
Boys' colored negligees, detatched cuffs, reduced from 50c, 75c and $1 to **39c. 59c and 79c.**

A **third** off on our entire stock of children's wash suits, sailor and Russian styles, in linen, pique, chambray, madras and lawn.

A **half** off on some boys' all-wool suits—almost every size in at least one style. You can get good choice today—school isn't very far off.

Eiseman Bros.
TEMPORARY QUARTERS
Pryor and Alabama Streets.
Store closes at 6 p. m. Saturdays 9 p. m.

THE CONSTITUTION has for more than a third of a century been recognized as the

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN THE SOUTH

Your Advertisement in the

"WANT"

—COLUMNS—

will place you in touch with every desirable interest in the city.

PRICE, TEN CENTS PER LINE : : : :

No "want ad" guaranteed classification after 8 p. m. All advertisements received after that hour will appear under "Unclassified."

## HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—For the season, good carriage painter. Apply to H. H. Berry, Orlando, Fla.

WANTED—Bright men as solicitors for an educational institution; good opening for teachers; salary and commission; 616 Austell building, 8 to 10 a. m. International Correspondence School.

WANTED—Stone cutters and stone setters; union men; 55 cts. per hour. Long job. Come at once. Hennessy Bros. & Evans Co., Memphis, Tenn., contractors.

WANTED—An experienced man for teacher of Leesburg high school. For particulars apply, giving references, to D. D. Hall, sec. board of trustees. 7-23-tues-wed-sun

WE ARE constantly placing people in good positions and are daily having calls for bookkeepers, stenographers and other help. Call and let us place you. The Empire Business Bureau, 115½ North Pryor street. 5-31-tf

CUSTOM CUTTERS—There is always room "at the top" and the great modern system will help you to get there, taught at the New York Cutting School, 1133-1137 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—Good, rapid machine operator; must be sober and steady; no other need apply; good salary to right man. Address B., care Constitution.

EVERY dry goods merchant in the southern states should advertise and illustrate his advertisement. The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., is prepared to make the best illustrations on the shortest notice at reasonable prices.

WANTED—First-class canvassers for Cram's Popular Atlas. New maps, new census and new statistics. Finest and most complete low priced Atlas ever published. Quickest seller issued in ten years; exclusive territory; liberal terms. Hudgins Publishing Co., Atlanta, Ga. 7-10-wed-fri-sun-6t

PERMANENT position for the right man to represent old established company having $200,000 capital; $900 per year and expenses, payable direct from our office; no deception; absolutely straight salary, not conditional on results. Chance for promotion and increase of salary. State age, reference and business experience. Address Union Mfg. Co., box 524, Philadelphia, Pa.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

AN experienced and intelligent housekeeper for small family. Apply 524 Spring street.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SITUATION WANTED—Civil engineer; 8 years, practical experience; fair draughtsman. Address Good Reference, Southern Business Bureau, Atlanta, Ga.

## WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS wanted for fast selling specialties. Atlanta Specialty Co., 25 East Hunter st., Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS wanted in every county in Georgia for "Manville" Dry Powder Compound Fire Extinguisher. Exclusive territory given. Address Atlanta Specialty Co., 25 East Hunter st., Atlanta, Ga.

## WANTED—Salesmen.

WANTED—A snuff salesman. Must be thoroughly acquainted with the snuff trade of the south. Terms, experience, references. Address 217, care Constitution. 7-19-8t

## BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

PUT YOUR SAVINGS in BANKERS' TRUST CO., corner Broad and Alabama sts. and get 4 per cent compounded.

FOR SALE—Lumber yard and planing mill buildings, offices, etc., now occupied by the Colcord-Williams Lumber Company, corner Humphreys and Glenn streets; possession this fall. Address M. F. Amorous, Bayboro, Ga. 7-7-tf

EVERY dry goods merchant in the southern states should advertise and illustrate his advertisements. The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., is prepared to make the best illustrations on the shortest notice at reasonable prices.

THE MERCHANT nowadays who advertises and does not illustrate his advertisement with cuts is not in it. His competitor will soon outstrip him in the race for trade. Write the Southern Engraving Company, Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., for rates and information.

EVERYTHING in the art of engraving made on the shortest possible notice. We pride ourselves upon the promptness with which we execute orders. When we promise you your work you get it at the promised time, and that means a lot. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building Atlanta, Ga.

## BUSINESS PERSONALS.

FOUR PER CENT INTEREST, compounded July and January, paid by BANKERS' TRUST CO., corner Broad and Alabama streets. 3-28-6mo

ARCHITECTS, contractors, supply dealers, insurance agents and other business men will find our "Daily Construction Bulletin" and "Weekly Construction Sheet" invaluable in securing news in advance of all other sources from the southern states. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga. tf

THE MERCHANT nowadays who advertises and does not illustrate his advertisement with cuts is not in it. His competitor will soon outstrip him in the race for trade. Write the Southern Engraving Company, Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., for rates and information.

THE BEST zinc etchings made in this country are furnished by the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga. Write for prices.

EVERYTHING in the art of engraving made on the shortest possible notice. We pride ourselves upon the promptness with which we execute orders. When we promise you your work you get it at the promised time, and that means a lot. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

## STORAGE.

SECURITY Warehouse Co.—Storage of all kinds; separate rooms for furniture. Foundry st., W.&A. R. R. Tel. 1956, 2 calls.

MORRIS Storage and Transfer Co., 50 N. Broad st. Household goods and pianos stored, packed and shipped. 'Phones 618.

EVERYTHING in the art of engraving made on the shortest possible notice. We pride ourselves upon the promptness with which we execute orders. When we promise you your work you get it at the promised time, and that means a lot. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

## REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—600 acres half mile of railroad, 200 acres rich bottom lands, suited to general farming and stock raising and is a rare bargain; $4 acre. P. B. Williford, Americus, Ga.

## FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Etc.

FINE gentle bay horse, harness and rubber-tire Stanhope for sale cheap for cash; handsomest Studebaker surrey in city cheap. 77 Fairlie st.

## FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

50 FEET ¾ garden hose with nozzle for $3. Atlanta Specialty Co., 25 East Hunter st., Atlanta, Ga.

ALL material in James' Bank block for sale, including bank fixtures, vault, plumbing, heater, etc. Apply within.

FOR SALE—Waterworks and electric light plant and telephone system, fully and newly equipped, in growing town of 5,000 population. New city twenty-year franchise for public lighting and water. For further information address Electric and Water Co., in care Daily Constitution.

EVERY dry goods merchant in the southern states should advertise and illustrate his advertisement. The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., is prepared to make the best illustrations on the shortest notice at reasonable prices.

LARGE LOT army tents. Twenty carloads empty wine, beer, whisky and water bottles. Buyers and sellers machinery, scrap iron, bones, grain, sacks and bottles. Atlanta Metal and Bottle Co. 'Phones 1109. Warehouse and yards, 1 to 29 Grant st., fronting Ga. R. R. 7-12-eod-1y

THE MERCHANT nowadays who advertises and does not illustrate his advertisement with cuts is not in it. His competitor will soon outstrip him in the race for trade. Write the Southern Engraving Company, Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., for rates and information.

IF IT'S GOOD we can reproduce it for you. If you want original illustrations we can make them for you. Anything known in the art of engraving promptly executed. Newspaper illustrations a specialty. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

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## WANTED—Miscellaneous.

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EVERYTHING in the art of engraving made on the shortest possible notice. We pride ourselves upon the promptness with which we execute orders. When we promise you your work you get it at the promised time, and that means a lot. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

## MONEY TO LOAN.

FARM loans negotiated throughout the state. Attorney wanted in every county. Barker & Holleman, Gould bldg., Atlanta.

STRAIGHT loans and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission. E. S. McCandless, Kiser building.

SALARIED PEOPLE and retail merchants furnished money without security; easy payments. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

$10,000 HERE to lend at 5 and 6 per cent on Atlanta real estate and farms. S. W. Carson, 6½ S. Broad street.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on improved Atlanta real estate at low rates. Second floor front, Gould building.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

MONEY TO LEND on real estate, stocks or bonds. Save money by seeing Equitable Loan and Security Company, first floor, Gould building, before borrowing.

YOU HAVE never advertised very much, you say. If you have not you will not; times and conditions are rapidly changing in the south, and it is "the early bird that catches the worm." The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., will furnish cuts at very low prices. Write them.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

START YOUR BOY TO SAVE HIS MONEY. FOUR PER CENT paid by BANKERS' TRUST CO., 16 South Broad.

THE BEST zinc etchings made in this country are furnished by the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga. Write for prices.

YOU HAVE never advertised very much, you say. If you have not you will not; times and conditions are rapidly changing in the south, and it is "the early bird that catches the worm." The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., will furnish cuts at very low prices. Write them.

EVERYTHING in the art of engraving made on the shortest possible notice. We pride ourselves upon the promptness with which we execute orders. When we promise you your work you get it at the promised time, and that means a lot. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of Lockwood Brothers, architects, Columbus, Ga., for the erection of a three-story business building at Jacksonville, Fla. Plans and specifications may be had on application. 7-21-11t

IF IT'S GOOD we can reproduce it for you. If you want original illustrations we can make them for you. Anything known in the art of engraving promptly executed. Newspaper illustrations a specialty. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

## SIGN PAINTING.

WELLS SIGN CO., sign painters; signs, banners, flags; shipped anywhere. 7½ S. Broad. Bell 'phone 509. 6-4-6m

W. W. REYNOLDS, the sign painter (lately of Whitehall), has moved his paintery to 49½ E. Alabama st.

THE BEST zinc etchings made in this country are furnished by the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga. Write for prices.

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## FOR RENT—Furnished Rooms

NEW YORK, 9 East 22d street (one block from Fifth ave. hotel), large, cool, beautifully furnished rooms, single or en suite; breakfast, if desired. 7-7-sun-wed-8t

## SUMMER RESORT.

PERSONS visiting New York will find pleasant and convenient quarters with Mrs. E. G. Coffman, 314 West 45th st., formerly of Atlanta.

## BOARDERS WANTED.

EXCELLENT board and comfortable rooms for a few men at $4 per week. 134 Ivy st. Bell 'phone 4592.

GENTLEMEN boarders, bed to yourself, good fare, close in; $3.50 per week. 63 East Ellis. Standard 'phone 2073.

BOARDERS WANTED—A few boarders can be accommodated at 183 Whitehall street.

## LOST.

LOST—Bunch of keys bearing Elseman Bros.' tag number 692; reward for return to O. L. Harrison, 613 Equitable.

## FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOUR rooms to rent cheap; good neighborhood. 71 W. Harris st.

# FAST TENNIS SETS PLAYED

### Good Matches Occur Yesterday at the Athletic Club.

### BIG TOURNEY IS SHAPING UP

### Many of Last Year's Entries Are Booked for Interstate Championship Series.

Several fast sets of tennis in the Atlanta Athletic Club tournament were played yesterday afternoon. Three single matches were played and one double. Following are the matches that were played.

Williams versus Woode, won by Williams, score 6-3, 6-0; Grant versus Broyles, won by Grant, score 6-0, 5-7, 6-3; Ashe versus Daniels, won by Ashe, score 9-7, 3-6, 6-2. The match scheduled between Sharp and H. Thornton went to the latter by default. In the doubles, Tichenor and Byrd won from Ashe and Woode by a score of 6-2, 3-6, 6-0.

The following games are scheduled for this afternoon: Scott versus Grant, at 3:30; Thornton brothers versus Lewis and Woode, at 4 o'clock; Ashe versus Williams, at 4:30, and Glenn and Colquitt versus Scott and Quinby, at 5 o'clock.

There remains now but one match in the second round to be played, that between Scott and Grant. The winner of this will enter the semi-finales, where there now remains H. Thornton, Ashe and Williams. Plans for the interstate tournament are progressing satisfactorily. Henry Thornton, who has the work in hand of preparing the tournament, has received a number of entries already and is receiving letters every day from players who will enter from many points in the south.

Among those who have entered for the tournament are Graves, Norton, Stratford, Tyson and Elmore, of Montgomery; Chamberlin and Harrison, of Chattanooga; the Rogers brothers, of Knoxville, and the Agleastro brothers, of Norfolk, Va. The last named played the winners of the southern championship in Washington, D. C., last year, taking one of the three sets from them. The cup presented last year through the Atlanta Athletic Club for the championship of Georgia was given by the father of the Messrs. Agleastro.

Others who will enter the tournament are Ward and Brown, of Birmingham, Ala.; Carroll, Logan, Elliott and Burthe, of New Orleans, and Farrell and Norfleet, of Nashville. Many others remain to be heard from, and it is expected the number of entries will exceed that of last year.

The following teams are entered from the Atlanta Athletic Club: Thornton brothers, Angier and Williams, Scott and Quinby, Ashe and Wood, Tichenor and Byrd, Grant and Broyles, Glenn and Colquitt.

ATTEND THE AUCTION

sale at 265 Washington street today

at 10 a. m.

LEO FRESH, Auctioneer.

The Best Railroad Watch in America is the

SR

SPECIAL.

Let Us Show It to You.

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO.,

Jewelers, 7 West Alabama Street.

FOR A RELIABLE MESSENGER

Phone 126

ATLANTA MESSENGER SERVICE.

## FINANCIAL.

BANKERS' TRUST CO. pays FOUR PER CENT, COMPOUNDED. Why not let your money earn something? Open account today. 3-28-6mo

## PRINTING.

J. W. BLOSSER & SON, general book and job printers, 52 N. Broad st. 'Phones 1616. We make a specialty of imitation copied typewriter letters. Let us furnish you samples and estimates.

## SAVINGS BANKS.

BANKERS' TRUST CO., corner Broad and Alabama sts. PAY FOUR PER CENT ON SAVINGS. START NOW.

## MATRIMONIAL.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills a safe and reliable treatment for painful and suppressed menstruation, irregularities and obstructions. Trial box by mail 50c. Frank Edmondson & Bro., Mfg. Chemist, 14 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. 5-12-tf

## PERSONAL.

LADIES! Try my monthly remedy. Box free. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED—Advertising physician for lucrative positions in Tennessee and Georgia. Address Dr. E. L. Wilkinson, Jackson, Mich. 7-24-28

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YOU HAVE never advertised very much, you say. If you have not you will not; times and conditions are rapidly changing in the south, and it is "the early bird that catches the worm." The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., will furnish cuts at very low prices. Write them.

IF IT'S GOOD we can reproduce it for you. If you want original illustrations we can make them for you. Anything known in the art of engraving promptly executed. Newspaper illustrations a specialty. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

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SEND for weekly rent bulletins, full description of everything to rent; we move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, renting agent, 50 N. Broad. 2-14-tf

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THREE connecting, unfurnished rooms with bath, on Washington, Crew or Capitol ave., near Georgia ave. Address "S. A.," care Constitution.

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I CAN SELL your country property for cash (residences, farms, general stores, hotels, etc.), no matter where located. Send description and selling price and get my wonderful successful plan. W. M. Ostrander, 1251 Filbert street, Philadelphia, Pa. wed-sat-sun-tf

## TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

FOR SALE—Hammond typewriter (almost new), $25; No. 7 Blick, $30; Remington, No. 5 wide carriage, $30, and many other machines from $15 up. Smith Premier Typewriter Co., Y. M. C. A. bldg. 7-14sun-wed-8t

FOR SALE—Smith-Premier machine and table, cheap; Williams machine and desk cheap; bookkeeper's standing desk and stool cheap; cabinet letter file, new but cheap; handsome brussels rug very cheap. 77 Fairlie st.

# In the World of Sports

# MUSQUETOON BRINGS $600; A. B. STEELE THE PURCHASER

Musquetoon, the fast bay gelding owned by George H. Dolvin, of Macon, was bought yesterday by A. B. Steele, of this city. The price paid by Mr. Steele for the gelding was $600.

The gelding was shipped last night to Danville, Ky., and will be entered at the races there next month. Mack Hughes, one of the best known horsemen in Kentucky, will take Musquetoon in training.

It is believed the gelding will be heard from on the blue grass tracks. Musquetoon possesses that rare quality of standing up to forced pressure at critical times in a race with no loss of speed from breaking his gait. The bay gelding never fails to respond to the whip when it is given, with the best there is in him. His track performance at all times is smooth and evenly balanced. The art of steady going seems to be an inborn quality of the horse, as it is said of Musquetoon that only three breaks of gait stand against his record covering something like eight years.

Musquetoon is a Kentucky racer, being a product of the celebrated Springhill stock farm. He has a mark of 2:14, but is entered in the 2:18 trotting class, his official time being 2:17¼.

# MORE RACES FOR ATLANTA; DATE SET FOR LABOR DAY

Atlanta is to have another afternoon of crack racing.

The next track events are planned for Labor Day, Monday, September 2d. At this time a number of the fastest horses in the trotting and pacing classes will appear on the Piedmont park track, and some of the best sport of the kind ever seen in the south is promised for this occasion.

This racing matinee will hold much interest for turfmen of this state and others, as it will determine to whom the racing championship of Georgia belongs. As told in The Constitution on Monday last, a racing meet is to be held in Macon early in August, the feature of which will be a fight for the state championship in the pacing class. The winner of this event will be challenged by other candidates to the title and the run will be made here in the Labor Day meet.

It is expected that purses will be offered for the winners of the races here. Events in the other classes will also be on the card.

## BRIGHTON BEACH

### LONG SHOTS CAME FIRST AT THE BRIGHTON TRACK

New York, July 23.—Long shots were in evidence at Brighton Beach today. Water Cure, at the prohibitive odds of 1 to 6, was the only favorite to score, and Margraviate, second choice, at 13 to 5, was another winner. Summary:

FIRST RACE—One and a sixteenth miles, selling: Inshot, 6 to 1, won; Eloim, 12 to 1, second; Armor, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:46 3-5.

Sombrero, at 10 to 1, won the Atlantic stakes. Alibert was the favorite, and Oom Paul a strong second choice. Alibert made the early running with Sombrero well up. The latter took command when the horses straightened out for the home run, and in spite of the fact that Oom Paul challenged gamely, he won by three-quarters of a length, in track record time of 59 2-5 seconds.

SECOND RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Lombre, 15 to 1, won; Faranlass, 6 to 5, second; Dewey, 11 to 5, third. Time, 1:07 2-5.

THIRD RACE—Mile and a quarter: Water Cure, 1 to 6, won; King Bramble, 7 to 1, second; Maid of Harlem, 12 to 1, third.

FOURTH RACE—The Atlantic stakes, five furlongs, selling: Sombrero, 10 to 1, won; Oom Paul, 3 to 1, second; Lady Holyrood, 5 to 1, third. Time, :59 2-5.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Margraviate, 13 to 5, won; Brandysmash, 10 to 1, second; Himself, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:14 1-5.

SIXTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles, selling: Barbetto, 15 to 1, won; Seminole, even, second; Balloon, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:54 4-5.

### Today's Entries at Brighton.

First Race—Hurdle, one and three-fourths miles: Monroe Doctrine, 168; Charagrace, 165; Sandy Hook, 161; Cephalagia, 151; Kufa, 149.

Second Race—Five furlongs: Lucille, 119; Cameron, Byrne of Roscrea, The Rival, Happy Cross, Grand Opera, Peninsula, Otis, Father Den, Fair Knight, 110; Gregory, Hot Bird, May Harrison, Lady Radnor, Nightingale, Montana, Pioneer, 105.

Third Race—Mile and a quarter: Carbuncle, Intrusive, 122; Kamara, 120; Cyrano, 112; Prince Richard, 110; Colonel Padden, 109; McGrathiana Prince, 92; Bedeck, 90.

Fourth Race—Mile: Smoke, 116; Bell, Royal Sterling, Island Prince, 103; Dolando, Bastile, Federalist, Staten Island, 100; Angelus, 99.

Fifth Race—Mile and seventy yards: Brahmin, 112; Captain January, 109; Arden, Phosphor, Timothy Foley, 107; John of Navarre, 102; Dactyl, Anna Darling, 100.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs: General Grey, 108; The Chamberlain, 107; Harry McCoun, Robert Metcalf, 103; Aralo, Kalif, Dr. Kerber, 100; Dora F., 98; Ventoro, 95.

## AT ST. LOUIS

### FIRST CHOICES WIN OUT AT THE ST. LOUIS TRACK

St. Louis, July 23.—At Delmar park today three first choices and two strongly played second choices won. Track fast. Summaries:

FIRST RACE—Four furlongs, purse—Crimean, 108 (O'Neil), 8 to 1, won; W. L. George, 108 (W. Mooney), 20 to 1, second; Harry Shaffer, 108 (Irwin), 12 to 1, third.

SECOND RACE—Mile and seventy yards, selling: Sadie Levy, 107 (Dale), 5 to 1, won; Land Ho, 109 (W. Mooney), 15 to 1, second; Burnetts Walkaway, 94 (O'Neil), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:37¾.

THIRD RACE—Five furlongs, selling: Miss Dora, 105 (Dale), 3 to 5, won; Lilian M, 105 (Finerty), 10 to 1, second; Tabytosa, 105 (Lindsay), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:03.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Bena, 108 (L. O'Brien), 8 to 5, won; Peter Duryea, 113 (Lindrey), 4 to 1, second; Miss Patron, 106 (Dale), even, third. Time, 1:49½.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and seventy yards, selling: Bulgarian, 113 (F. Jones), 4 to 1, won; Lomond, 110 (Dale), 13 to 5, second; LaShara, 105 (Lindsay), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:47¾.

SIXTH RACE—Seven furlongs, selling: Nearest, 109 (F. Jones), 8 to 1, won; Sue Johnson, 105 (T. O'Brien), 7 to 2, second; Ben Frost, 100 (Dale) 9 to 10, third. Time, 1:28.

### Today's Entries at St. Louis.

First Race—Six and a half furlongs, selling: Doctor McCally, 107; Synopsis Sandy, 111; Lon Ferrell, May Dovin, Maggie McHale, Vacate, Empyrean, Floy Leach, Lead Rain, 105.

Second Race—Mile and seventy yards, selling: Connie Lee, Birdie May, 107; Tom Gilmore, 110; Fiddler, 111; Charles D, 109.

Third Race—Mile and an eight, selling: Jim Scanlan, Miss Thomas, Stone Randrol, Maggie Clopton, 107; Mazzara, Irosa, Lady Clark, 100.

Fourth Race—Selling: Menace, 93; Ethel Wheat, Prima II, 95; Peter Duryea, Gen. McGruder, 111; Lee Bruno, 110.

### CROKER'S HORSE, VIPER, WINS ENGLISH STAKES

London, July 23.—Richard Croker's horse, Viper (L. Reiff) won the Regulation plate at the first day's racing today.

### GOOD TENNIS PLAYED IN LONGWOOD TOURNEY

Longwood, Mass., July 23.—In the last match of this morning's play in the Longwood tennis tournament, J. P. Paret beat I. C. Wright in the preliminary round. In the afternoon Paret and Hobart gave the best exhibition to date, Hobart winning four sets. In the last set Paret was evidently tired and could not make a stand.

SMOKE UP

And get on to John Henry. He is the only scute in town. A sample chapter don't cost a sou, if you ask or write us for it. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.

## BASEBALL GAMES

### NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

### Trolley Dodgers Smash "Matty."

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn .. .. | 0 3 2 0 2 0 0 0 1— | 8 | 13 | 2 |
| New York .. .. | 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1— | 3 | 10 | 1 |

Batteries, Denser, Matthewson and Warner; Hughes and Farrell.

### Cincinnatis Prove Easy Mark.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburg .. .. .. | 1 0 0 3 0 1 1 3 *— | 9 | 16 | 2 |
| Cincinnati .. .. .. | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2— | 2 | 11 | 2 |

Batteries, Chesbro and O'Connor; Hahn and Bergen. Time, 1 hour 50 minutes. Umpire, O'Day.

### St. Louis 5, Chicago 6.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis .. .. .. | 3 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0— | 5 | 9 | 2 |
| Chicago .. .. .. | 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 3 0— | 6 | 7 | 3 |

Batteries, Sudhoff, Harper and Ryan; Taylor and Kahoe. Time, 1:48. Umpire, Nash.

### Quakers Defeat Bean-Eaters.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston ..... ....... | 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— | 1 | 9 | 1 |
| Philadelphia .. .... | 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 *— | 2 | 7 | 0 |

Batteries—Dineen and Moran; Duggleby and McFarland. Time, 1:50. Umpire—Emslie.

### AMERICAN LEAGUE GAMES.

### Chicago 10, Philadelphia 6.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago .. .. .. | 1 6 2 0 0 1 0 0 *— | 10 | 9 | 5 |
| Philadelphia .. .. | 0 3 0 0 3 0 0 0 0— | 6 | 10 | 4 |

Batteries, Griffith, Katoll and Sugden; Wiltz, Powers and Smith.

### Senators Forfeit to Cleveland.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cleveland.. .. .. .. | 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 1— | 4 | 10 | 1 |
| Washington.. .. .. | 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1— | 4 | 8 | 6 |

Batteries—Scott and Yeager; Carrick and Clarke. Umpire—Connelly.

### Milwaukee 7, Boston 9.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Milwaukee.. .. .. .. | 0 1 2 0 0 1 0 3 0— | 7 | 11 | 5 |
| Boston .. .. .. .. .. | 0 0 0 3 4 0 0 2 0— | 9 | 9 | 2 |

Batteries—Garvin, Husting and Maloney; Mitchell, Cuppy and Schreck. Time 2 hours. Umpire—Sheridan.

### SOUTHERN LEAGUE GAMES.

### Pelicans Lost to Shreveport.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Shreveport.. .. .. .. | 1 2 0 0 0 1 1 1 0— | 6 | 8 | 3 |
| New Orleans. . . | 2 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0— | 5 | 6 | 5 |

Batteries—Fisher, Mulkey and McGuire; Freeland and Abbott.

### Nashville 6, Chattanooga 2.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chattanooga .. .. | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2— | 2 | 6 | 3 |
| Nashville.... .. | 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 3 *— | 6 | 9 | 2 |

Batteries—Dolan and Roth; Hill and Ballantine.

### Memphis 2, Little Rock 1.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Memphis.... .. .. | 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0— | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| Little Rock.. .... | 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0— | 1 | 2 | 2 |

Batteries—Robb and Armstrong; McCloskey and Lynch.

### Selma 9, Birmingham 6.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Selma.. ...... .... | 4 1 0 0 0 2 2 0 *— | 9 | 9 | 1 |
| Birmingham .. .. | 3 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0— | 6 | 13 | 1 |

Batteries—Cribbins and Moore; Brandt and Kadorf. Umpire, Kincey.

### EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

At Worcester—Worcester 8; Hartford 7.
At Syracuse—Syracuse 6; Providence 4.
At Montreal—Montreal 22; Toronto 7.
At Buffalo—Buffalo 5; Rochester 13.

### Virginia-Carolina League.

Wilmington, N. C., July 23.—Score:

| | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Tarboro .. .. .. | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Wilmington .. .. | 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 3 *— | 5 | 12 | 1 |

Batteries, Bush and Foster; Stewart and Thackaray.

### CHICAGO VS. CHICAGO.

### Teams of American and National League To Play.

Chicago, July 23.—Nettled by recent uncomplimentary comparisons of the relative strength of the national league and American league teams of Chicago, President James Hart issued a challenge in behalf of the national league club for a series of seven or more games between the two local teams to be played between September 30th and October 1st.

### DURFEE FINED AN DREMOVED FROM TRACK AT CLEVELAND

Cleveland, O., July 23.—Today's strong card at the Grand Circuit races brought out an immense crowd. Weather conditions were perfect and the track in fine shape.

In the 2:14 trot, Dr. Book, thefavorite, won the first two heats. As the favorite he also won the first two heats in the 2:04 class. The judges did not like the way Durfee handled Dr. Book in the third heat and he was called up in the stand, fined $100 and forced to give up the pole. In the fourth heat he was taken down and Kenney substituted. Palm Leaf won out in straight heats.

Riley B won the second race in two heats. The third went to Dan Patch in straight heats. The King walked away from the field in the fourth and won the 2:2 class trot in one, two order.

Croesus will go on the track Friday afternoon to beat his own record.

FIRST RACE—2:14 class, purse $1,500, trotting: Palm Leaf, b. m. (McCarthy), won. Best time 2:10.

SECOND RACE—2:0 class, pace, $1,500: Riley B, blk. s., by Happy Riley, Erwin and Nichols, won. Best time 2:06 3-4.

THIRD RACE—2:15 class, purse, $2,500, pacing: Dan Patch, br. s., by Joe Patchen (Henry), won. Best time 2:10 1-2.

FOURTH RACE—2:2 class, trot, $1,200: The King, b. g., by Clay King (Marsh), won. Best time 2:13 1-4.

### A Wealthy Mississippian Dead.

George R. Forbes, formerly of Georgia, died in Mississippi on July 20. He was widely known in several northern states. He was prominent in both the business and social world, and was a son of Judge George N. Forbes.

A GENUINE SURPRISE

awaits all who visit the greatest discount sale ever inaugurated in Atlanta. Over 300 suits of nice striped Flannels, fancy Worsteds, blue Serges, and handsome Cheviots lie upon our bargain tables for careful buyers, examination. Nothing is reserved in this sale. In the way of spring and summer clothing we can save you from 25 to 50 per cent, which means a saving of $2.50 to $5.00 on every suit. We are determined this "Surprise Sale" "shall cap the climax" of all mid-summer sales, and be a record breaker for business. All we ask now is a careful inspection of our goods as our prices will do the rest.

PRICE

39 Men's Suits, Fancy Worsteds.......................$2.98
Former price $3.98, price of others $5.00.

41 Men's Suits, Fancy Worsteds.......................$6.38
Former price $8.50, price of others $10.00.

22 Men's Suits, Clay Worsteds.......................$4.98
Former price $6.50, price of others $7.50.

19 Men's Suits, Fancy Worsteds.......................$9.38
Former price $12.50, price of others $15.00.

36 Men's Suits, Cheviots.......................$5.50
Former price $7.50, price of others $10.00.

91 Serge Suits at $5.00, $6.00 and $8.00, worth $8.00, $10.00 and $12.50.
1,152 Odd pairs Pants, 85c, 98c, $1.48, $2.00, $2.50 and up.
69 Odd Coats at 50c, 75c, 98c, $1.50, $2.00 and up, to close.
104 doz. Negligee Shirts, 38c, 48c, 68c, 98c; bargains, everyone.
Straw Hats, 38c, 48c, 68c, one to a customer.
Boys' Crash Suits, all sizes, 38c, 48c, 68c, and 98c; limited.
Elastic Seam Drawers only 40c.
Shoes from $1.20 to $3.50, and the best makes.

J. SAUL & CO.,

18 Decatur St., Opp. Kimball House.

CHILDREN HALF PRICE. $3.50 CHILDREN HALF PRICE.

ROUND TRIP TO

Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

(8 MILES FROM WILMINGTON, N. C.).

VIA

Seaboard Air Line Railway,

FRIDAY, AUGUST 2.

Special Train Leaves Atlanta 6.30 p. m., Arrive Wrightsville 8 O'Clock Saturday Morning.

Train runs solid without change from Union Station, Atlanta, to the Hotel on the Beach.

THREE DAYS OF DELIGHTFUL

Boating, Surf Bathing, Fishing and Cool Sea Breeze.

Hotel Accommodations Ample and Up-to-Date, Both at Wrightsville Beach and at other Sea-Coast Places Within Easy Reach of Wilmington.

Side Trips to Various Other Nearby Fishing and Bathing Grounds Will Be Arranged.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS AND MAGNIFICENT DAY COACHES.

Excursion Run Under Auspices

CARPENTERS AND JOINERS' ASSOCIATION.

Please Apply for Pullman Berths. Information Cheerfully Furnished at

CITY TICKET OFFICE, 12 Kimball House.

WM. B. CLEMENTS, T. P. A. HARRY E. KROUSE, C. T. A.

W. E. CHRISTIAN, A. G. P. A.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Mrs. Van Alice Cotton vs. Frank W. Cotton. Fulton Superior Court, Fall Term, 1901. No. 9000. To Frank W. Cotton, Greeting: By order of court, you are hereby notified that on the 28th day of June, 1901, Mrs. Van Alice Cotton filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the fall term, 1901, of said court. You are hereby required to be and appear at the fall term, 1901, of said court, to be held in and for said county on the first Monday in September, 1901, then and there to answer petitioner's complaint, as in default thereof the court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness, the Honorable J. H. Lumpkin, judge of said court, this the 28th day of June, 1901.

ARNOLD BROYLES,
Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga.
7-24-31-8-17-31

YOU AU-TO COME

to the auction sale today at 10 a. m.,

265 Washington street.

LEO FRESH, Auctioneer.

JOHN HENRY

Is the most humorous and original character on deck. Just to let the unitiated know what fun is, we will give away a thousand sample chapters. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.

A Short Ocean Trip

The Most Delightful Route to NEW YORK and

NORTHERN AND EASTERN SUMMER RESORTS

IS VIA THE

OLD DOMINION LINE

AND RAIL CONNECTIONS.

Desirable route to Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, N. Y., as the monotony of long rail journey is broken.

Express steamships leave Norfolk, Va., daily, except Sunday, at 7:00 p. m., and Old Point Comfort at 8:00 p. m., for New York direct, affording opportunity for through passengers from the South, Southwest and West to visit Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Virginia Beach en route.

For tickets and general information apply to railroad ticket agents, or to M. B. Crowell, General Agent, Norfolk, Va.; J. F. Mayer, Agent, 1212 Main St., Richmond, Va.

H. B. WALKER, Traffic Manager,
New York, N. Y.
J. J. BROWN, General Passenger Agent,
New York, N. Y.

# BURGLARS CAUSE TWO SENSATIONS

## White Burglar Enters Peachtree Residence.

## BRAVE WOMAN USES PISTOL

### Mrs. McGee, of No. 9 Lattimer Street, Shoots Twice at Negro Burglar — Police Think They Have Caught the Right Man.

The police had two thrilling burglar cases to handle last night, one in which a white burglar was detected as he boldly walked into a Peachtree residence, and another in which a negro was met with two pistol shots from a brave and determined woman.

The white burglar got away, but it is believed the negro burglar has been caught, although the suspect under arrest protests his innocence.

An angry but cool-headed cook drove the Peachtree white burglar away before he had time to secure any booty.

Recently the police have had a large number of burglary cases reported, and in nearly all of them the thieves had entered or tried to enter residences. The matter was mentioned in The Constitution several days ago, and the people were put on notice to be careful about fastening up their windows and doors and were asked to notify the police whenever any suspicious looking persons were seen loafing about the streets.

The two cases reported last night show that the burglars are still at work and that there are white burglars as well as black trying to rifle residences.

### An Impudent Burglar.

Between 7 and 8 o'clock last night Call Officers Spradlin and Dorsey made a hurried run to No. 380 Peachtree street, the residence of C. S. Kingsbery. They were informed that a white burglar had been seen in the back hall and that he had been frightened off by the cook. The cook, the officers were informed, came suddenly upon a white man dressed in a blue suit of clothes and wearing a slouch hat.

"What in the h—l do you want?" was the impolite and unceremonious greeting of the burglar.

But the cook was not dismayed or frightened and she asked back:

"What are you doing in here I would like to know?"

Then the cook gave the alarm and the foiled and disappointed burglar made a hasty exit.

He was chased, but got away before the officers arrived.

### Brave Woman Uses Pistol.

Nine o'clock last night Call Officers Tibbs and Spradlin were called to No. 9 Lattimer street, the home of Mrs. Nolan, and her daughter, Mrs. McGee. The latter first saw the negro burglar trying to break open a window shutter. She coolly got her pistol and when the negro ran she fired at him twice. The shots alarmed the neighbors and they were in time to surround a vacant lot in which the negro had gone.

The policemen made a search, and while Spradlin was "beating the brush" a negro ran into the arms of Tibbs.

The negro gave his name as Prince Paddock. He said he had not been in the vacant lot and was just off from work. The reason he gave for running was that he was trying to catch a street car.

Paddock was out of breath and very much excited. The officers say he came from the vacant lot and they are certain they caught the burglar.

## To the People of Atlanta.

We have presented, through the press of Atlanta, the plans of the Atlanta Rug Mills to be enlarged at once, and have made it possible for every citizen desiring to become interested in home manufacture and the upbuilding of our city to do so by becoming the purchaser of one or more shares of the 8 per cent preferred stock of the new mill, and on such easy payments that all can avail themselves of this splendid investment. We did not invite the public to do this until we had first invested our own money to a large extent, and demonstrated its success and its great possibilities. It is not an experiment, but an assured success, with a greater future in the business than of any manufacturing plant now in the south. We want the stock to be owned and held in Atlanta and Georgia—the pride of our people—and the large interest assured (8 per cent) should make it unnecessary for us to seek northern capital for this Georgia enterprise.

The $100 of the young man or woman earns as large a rate of interest as the thousands invested by the capitalist. We find that most of our factories are owned by a very few persons, and the people at large have but little chance of securing a holding with them. This shall not be the case with the Atlanta Rug Mills. We prefer that 10 men should take $100 each, than for one man to take $1,000 of the stock. The stock can be paid up at once, or by installments, to suit the convenience of the people. It is with perfect confidence we invite the public and our friends to invest in this enterprise, as we believe it a safe and most desirable investment.

I would be pleased to call on those interested, if not convenient for them to call at the office, 16 South Broad street. (Entrance through Bankers Trust Co.'s office.) Very respectfully,

ROBERT H. JONES,
President Atlanta Rug Mills.

## MODERATE TEMPERATURE.

### Atlanta Continues Cooler Than Northern and Western Sections of Country.

Weather reports continue about the same as generally prevalent during the past weeks.

Yesterday was in every respect very nearly a typical normal July day. The mean temperature was but 8 degrees above the average, humidity medium, fair breezes, and plenty of sunny southern sunshine.

The highest point reached by the official thermometer yesterday was 87.1, about 3 p. m. At 4 o'clock it was down to 86. The lowest was 71.5. Normal is 79, which is 3 degrees less than the average yesterday. Humidity at 4 p. m. was 59 per cent.

Good winds kept up a comfortable circulation of air most of the day, but in the sun it was very hot. As a whole, the day was one of the few in July that has fallen down to the normal temperature.

Forecasts predict for today the same general conditions, with a possibility of local showers. The July rain record is again up to the normal and .02 inches above it. Rainfall for the year is still 4.68 inches in excess.

# *FIVE CHILDREN TAKEN IN CHARGE BY POLICE*

## Some Sensational Stories with Boys and Girls as Heroes and Heroines.

## POLICE MATRON HAS ANOTHER "BABY DAY"

### A Father of One Child Charged with Forgery—A Mother Made To Give Up Three Children. An Old Man's Adopted Daughter.

Police Matron Bohnefield carried five little children to the Home for the Friendless yesterday. It was another "Baby Day" with the police, and the stories, with the little tots as heroes and heroines, had some remarkable and interesting features.

Three children were taken away from their mother because it was charged that she deserted them and did not take proper care of them.

A little seven-year-old adopted daughter was taken from an old man because, the neighbors stated, he treated her cruelly.

A small infant that had been at the Grady hospital was turned over to the police and consigned to the Home for the Friendless, because its father was about to be taken to Florida on the charge of forgery.

Recorder Broyles had four or five sent to the home, and the fifth had to go there because the babe had no other place where its little head could find a place to rest.

"I don't know what's getting into the people," remarked the chief of police yesterday. "Within a week we have had eight little children to look after, and in nearly every case the children had been mistreated or neglected by those whose duty it was to raise them and treat them kindly. If it was not for the charitable institutions in the city, which have open doors for the unfortunate, the homeless and the destitute, I don't know what the police authorities would do."

### His Baby Needs a Home.

As was stated in yesterday's Constitution, Fred Keeler, a white man, and a paper hanger by trade, was arrested on a warrant charging him with forgery in Gainesville, Fla. He had an adopted child in the Grady hospital, about which there had already been a sensation, the mother having reported that the little girl, who is three years of age, had been criminally assaulted. The police thought the affair smacked of a blackmail, and dropped the matter. The child was sent to the hospital, and remained there until yesterday morning, when the physicians reported to the chief of police that she was ready to be dismissed, and she had now here to go. The chief had the matron to take the child to the Home for the Friendless.

The father is still held at the police barracks awaiting an officer from Florida.

Keeler, it is said, has confessed to the detectives that he committed a forgery, because he was out of work and needed money to provide for his child and wife.

### Children Taken from Mother.

Yesterday morning Chief Ball detailed Detective Fogg to find two little boys and a little girl, the children of Mrs. Emma Mayberry. It had been reported that Mrs. Mayberry had deserted the children. She had been twice married, and her last husband had left her and gone to Birmingham.

The detective caught Mrs. Mayberry with the children on a trolley car. She had heard that an effort would be made by the police to get the children, and she started off to hide them.

Yesterday afternoon Recorder Broyles investigated the matter, and decided that Mrs. Mayberry was not a proper custodian for the children, and he ordered them taken to the Home for the Friendless, and the matron carried them there.

### An Old Man's Adopted Child.

Yesterday morning A. W. Kiser, an old man, who runs a fruit stand at the corner of Piedmont and Auburn avenues, was arrested by Officers Cowan and Hollingsworth on the charge of treating his adopted child cruelly. W. H. McClain, who runs a store near by Kiser's shop, and other neighbors testified that Kiser had beaten the child with a heavy pine plank.

Kiser stated that he took the child from an orphan's home at Asheville, N. C., about three years ago. He had no family of his own.

Nettie Lee, the little girl in question, was in court, and she said she loved her old father, and wanted to live with him.

Recorder Broyles stated that it was a bad case, and the old man should not have the custody of the child. She was accordingly sent to the Home for the Friendless.

Kiser was fined $5.75 for mistreating the little girl. He paid the fine, but was rearrested on a peace warrant, as he had made threats against the lives of those who had been instrumental in having the child taken from him.

### Says He Will Get Her Back.

Last night the old man was still in an ugly temper. He said no power on earth could keep the little girl from him.

"She will run away as soon as they leave a door open," he said, "and she will come right back to me. I love the child, and she is devoted to me. I have never treated her cruelly. I have whipped her some, but not any more than any other father would whip a child of her age. They can keep me in jail if they wish to, but I will get out some day, and then get my child back again."

"I have had my hands full with children today," said the police matron to a reporter of The Constitution. "I have one more on hand, the child of Mrs. Hurstin. We will get both mother and babe into the almshouse, and that will clear the detention ward of babies."

If you have no appetite for your meals something is wrong with your digestion, liver or bowels. Prickly Ash Bitters cleanses and strengthens the stomach, purifies the bowels and creates appetite, vigor and cheerfulness.

### Freight Car Jumps the Track.

As a freight train of the Southern railway was entering the shed yesterday morning about 7:30 one of the flat cars loaded with lumber jumped the track. The train was moving very slowly, consequently a quick stop was made. In a very short time, the car was placed on the track, and the train proceeded on its way without any damage.

## CROPS IMPROVED BY RAIN

### Copious Showers Fell Last Week All Over the State.

### COTTON IS DOING MUCH BETTER

### The Crop, However, Is Small and Late and Many Fields Are a Total Loss.

The following is the crop report for Georgia issued by the weather bureau for the week ending July 22:

Copious showers fell in practically all sections of the state during the week and materially benefited growing crops. That portion of the cotton crop which has been given careful cultivation shows a decided improvement and is now growing vigorously, fruiting and bolling well. The crop, as a whole, however, is small and late; many fields are almost a total loss. Chopping is not completed in some of the northern counties. Early corn was considerably damaged by drought and in many sections cannot recover. Rice, sugar cane, peas and potatoes are in a very promising condition. The output of peaches is below the average, much loss having been occasioned by rotting of the fruit; the quality of the crop now being shipped is generally excellent.

The following are extracts from reports by counties:

### Northern Section.

Banks—Fine rains have fallen during the week; crops are growing nicely, and the general outlook is much improved.

Bartow—Recent rains have improved crops; cotton is growing and fruiting nicely; corn revived; potatoes good.

Catoosa—Crops revived by good rains; wheat being threshed; cotton and corn doing well; fruit poor.

Chattooga—No rain of consequence during past seven days; crops suffering for moisture; wheat all threshed, good yield.

Cherokee—Showers during the week improved crops wonderfully; cultivation generally completed; corn and cotton small.

Cobb—Crops revived by rains; corn and cotton doing well; forage coming out; gardens and potatoes good.

Dade—Showery week, with heavy downpours in some sectons; crops generally look well, but are small and late.

Dawson—Cotton small and late, but taking on forms; prospects for both corn and cotton improved; sorghum doing well.

Floyd—Crops revived by showers and are growing well.

Gilmer—Hot and dry up to 17th, followed by good rains; corn looks well; peaches falling; apples faulty.

Gordon—Corn and cotton growing favorably, but both need more moisture; field work nearly completed.

Gwinnett—Crops somewhat damaged by local hail storms; cotton taking on forms; peaches poor; apples short.

Hall—Warm and showery week; crops growing rapidly; cotton fruiting heavily; corn tasselling; cane and potatoes good.

Hart—Week closed with excellent rains; well cultivated cotton progressing favorably; pastures and stock good.

Lincoln—Latter part of week showery; cotton doing fairly well; corn severely injured by drought.

Madison—Local wind and hail storm on 16th damaged crops; cotton late and small, a few fields unchopped; peaches poor.

Oglethorpe—Light rains have revived crops; cotton where well cleaned shows great improvement; corn badly injured.

Rabun—Rainfall abundant during week; crops generally doing well; gardens extra fine.

Walker—Fine growing weather, rainfall abundant; crops considerably damaged by previous drought but recovering.

Walton—Heavy rains in some parts of the country; lands washed, and crops, especially cotton, damaged.

Wilkes—Showers have greatly improved crop prospects; all crops nearly "laid by;" truck patches doing well.

### Middle Section.

Baldwin—Fine rains latter part of week; cotton holding its own; corn and peas considerably improved.

Bulloch—Copious and general showers occurred during the week; corn and cotton doing nicely.

Burke—Drought broken by heavy rains; well cultivated cotton has improved; corn is very poor; fruit poor.

Campbell—Local rains have caused cotton and corn to do better, but all crops are late and small.

Carroll—Crops much improved by local showers; field work nearly completed; peaches rotting.

Columbia—Cotton about cleared of grass, but very small and not growing well; corn poor; low lands flooded by rains.

Crawford—Cotton about "laid by," and although small is looking well; corn damaged by drought; potatoes doing well.

Emanuel—Cotton fruiting and has improved very much where well cultivated; corn helped by showers.

Greene—Sultry week, but frequent showers occurred; corn and cotton, where well worked, are progressing favorably.

Haralson—Crops improved by rain, and are generally well cultivated; peaches and apples ripening.

Harris—Corn needs moisture; cotton small but doing well.

Heard—Cotton doing fairly well; corn suffered from drought; bottom crop small and late.

Houston—Much rain in this section during past week; crops greatly improved; many potato slips set.

Jefferson—Rain has fallen in scattered localities; cotton has grown considerably and is fruiting; cane doing well.

McDuffie—Under the influence of refreshing showers corn and cotton are doing well; Elberta peaches nearly ripe.

Marion—Hot and dry, except scattering showers; a general rain is needed; cotton small; melons poor.

Monroe—Cotton late and small; wheat and oat crops poor; sweet potatoes and field peas doing well; corn poor.

Putnam—Cotton mostly cleared of grass, the crop is several weeks late; well cultivated corn growing favorably.

Richmond—Crops badly injured by recent drought, which was partially broken during the week; farm work well up.

Rockdale—Condition of cotton variable, some fields doing well, others yellow; corn generally doing well.

Screven—Well cleaned cotton is growing nicely, but many fields will be almost a total loss; corn poor; cane fine.

Spalding—Showers have been frequent; outlook for corn and cotton very promising; peas and potatoes fine.

Stewart—Good rains have fallen throughout the county; cotton doing well; peaches being shipped.

Troup—Crops greatly improved and about laid by; cotton is making rapidly; peaches dropped prematurely.

Upson—Heavy rains in some sections; hay and pastures excellent; vegetation in general doing well.

Warren—Light showers have improved crops, but moisture is needed; much cotton has turned yellow and some is shedding; potatoes and cane fine.

Washington—Heavy rain on 19th; cotton holding up very well, and with good seasons a fair crop is promised; fruit and melons almost a failure.

Wilkinson—Light rains have revived crops; cotton bolling and doing well; corn filling out; peaches poor.

### Southern Section.

Appling—Very heavy rains have fallen; corn badly fired; other crops doing fairly well; peas are all planted.

Berrien—A rainy week; cotton well fruited; melons being shipped; prospects good for potatoes, cane and fodder.

Brooks—Drought relieved by good rains; cotton much improved; corn about made; peanuts small; cane good.

Bryan—Weather warm, with frequent rains; corn and cotton improved, although many cotton fields are a total loss.

Calhoun—Crops are making progress toward full development, but the final outcome of cotton is in doubt.

Camden—Rain has fallen nearly every day during the week; fodder ready to pull; cane and potatoes fine.

Clay—Showers have fallen in most sections of the county; much of the corn crop is beyond recovery, but cotton, peas and potatoes have been materially benefited.

Colquitt—Corn and short cotton are doing well; long cotton is poor; general prospects favorable.

Decatur—Corn exceptionally fine and cotton is splendid all over the county; tobacco being cut for curing.

Dooly—Abundant rains during the week give promise of a good corn crop; cotton growing nicely; fruit rotting.

Lowndes—Recent rains beneficial to all crops; sweet potatoes doing well; a fair cotton crop is promised.

McIntosh—Light rains fell nearly every day during the week; crops grassy, but otherwise good.

Quitman—Cotton continues to improve, but is not up to the average; corn doing well over large part of the county.

Randolph—Crops greatly improved by abundant rainfall.

Stewart—Local showers benefited all crops; cotton fruiting well, with some grown bolls; early corn nearly ripe; average crop promised; melons poor; minor crops doing well.

Sumter—Showers in portions of county; corn seriously damaged by drought; cotton taking on blooms, but plants are very small; peas and potatoes are good crops.

Ware—Very warm weather with frequent showers; corn crop mostly laid by; cotton looks healthy; potatoes fine.

Wayne—All growing crops benefited by abundant rainfall; cotton has taken a start and is forging ahead rapidly.

Worth—Rainfall plentiful; some appearance of black root in cotton; corn laid by; melons poor; peaches dropping.

# DEL BARRIO IS BEHIND BARS

## Worthless Checks Believed To Be Cause of His Downfall.

## STORY OF FINANCIAL RUIN

### There Was a Woman in the Case. Son of a Noted Havana Barrister—Came to Atlanta with Plenty of Ready Money.

There was arrested yesterday a young Cuban on the charge of cheating and swindling, and the downfall of the young man is the culmination of a history that carries with it a moral lesson as well as a very interesting chapter from police annals.

The young man is Frank del Barrio, the son of a distinguished barrister or procurator of Havana. He came to Atlanta about five years ago with fifteen or twenty thousand dollars and established a cigar and tobacco factory. Young del Barrio made friends rapidly. He was pleasant in his manners and very affable. He was as handsome as a young Apollo and always dressed in the height of fashion.

His business prospered until his bank account began to swell, and he was regarded as one of the coming business men of the city.

In the midst of this career of prosperity and success there came a woman. Frank del Barrio was away from home, without the influences that are so often necessary to shield young men when they are met by the temptations of the world. It took money to live the new life he fell into, and he began to spend it fast—much faster than he made it. Little by little his savings disappeared, until the crisis came and he was a financial wreck.

The last chapter in this story is the arrest, and he now looks through the prison bars.

### Two Warrants for Him.

Just exactly what the charges against del Barrio is the police do not know. The warrants were taken out at Cordele, in Dooley county, but from some statements the prisoner has let out it is believed that worthless bank checks are the cause of his trouble.

There are two of the warrants, one sworn out by R. E. Harris and the other by D. Ed Kennedy, both citizens of Cordele.

The young Cuban tells a story about once having written a lot of checks just "for the fun of the thing," not dreaming that they would ever be used. These checks, according to his own statement, went up somewhere into the thousands of dollars. It is possible that the worthless checks were cashed in Cordele, and the victims are the prosecutors.

Some time in May del Barrio left Atlanta and he only returned to Atlanta a few days ago. The warrants have been in the possession of the police for three weeks, and the arrest of del Barrio was made yesterday by City Detective Walton.

### His Downfall a Surprise.

Those who have known the handsome young Cuban in his days of business prosperity will be surprised to learn that he is in a prison cell. But the police, who knew of the "woman in the case," have been expecting nothing else. The woman ofttimes appeared in one way and another in the recorder's court, and del Barrio was always by her side to pay whatever sum of money was required to help her out.

Judge Andy Calhoun, when he was recorder, many times admonished del Barrio about the road to ruin that he was traveling and the present recorder made the prophecy that the young Cuban would sooner or later come to grief.

When talking to a reporter of The Constitution last night del Barrio admitted that the woman had been his ruin.

### Young Cuban Makes Statement.

"I came here," he said, "a young man of good character and with plenty of money. If I had traveled the right road I would have now had an independent fortune. But I have done nothing dishonest that I know of. I remember one night, some time last March, I signed a lot of checks which were lying on a table. There were four or five young men present and I filled out the checks just as any person would scribble on a piece of blank paper. One of the checks, I remember, was for $1,000. I do not remember how many I filled out or what all the amounts were. Somebody must have picked up the checks and had them cashed. They all bore my signature. But I had no money in the bank, and I cannot understand how anybody could get a bank or merchant to take them. I used to have money in the banks once."

The young Cuban paused as his voice began to tremble.

"But it is all gone now," he continued. "I was on the road to fortune until I met that woman."

He said that he had been to Savannah and had never visited Cordele.

The chief of police was notified last night by a telegram that an officer from Cordele would arrive in the city today and carry del Barrio to Dooley county.

**Lost Vitality so** is loss of the principle of life, and is early indicated by failing appetite and diminishing strength and endurance. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the greatest vitalizer—it acts on all the organs and functions, and builds up the whole system.

**A Mother's Milk**

May not fit the requirements of her own offspring. A failing milk is usually a poor milk. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk has been the standard for more than forty years. Send 10c for "Baby's Diary." 71 Hudson St., N. Y.

### Technological Summer School.

There is a summer course at the Georgia School of Technology for the purpose of preparing boys for the regular session that opens in October. Boys who enter the summer school invariably gain admittance to the regular school. The cost is small. For information, address Professor S. S. Wallace, care School of Technology, Atlanta, Ga.

IT PAYS TO LOOK OVER

We can sell you an ELEGANT COOKING STOVE for $6.00.
We can sell you the best TWO-DOLLAR RAZOR on earth for $1.00.
We can sell you an AUTOMATIC FLY FAN for $2.00.
We can Sell you a beautiful WATER COOLER for $1.25.
We can sell you a nice Enameled PRESERVING KETTLE for 50c and up.

Our CLAY CHARCOAL BURNERS for cooking the most DELICIOUS BEEFSTEAK, for PRESERVING and for HEATING IRONS. We sell them at 60c, 85c, $1.00 and $1.25.

Our BISCUIT MACHINE. It saves time and labor and makes a most DELICIOUS BISCUIT. We sell them at $2.

Our stock of FREEZERS. It is the LARGEST in ATLANTA and we sell at the LOWEST PRICES.

OUR BLUE FLAME WICKLESS STOVE. IT is the best HOT-WEATHER Stove ON EARTH. We sell it at $6.00 and up.

Our New BISSELL'S CARPET SWEEPER. We sell them at $2.50 and up.

Our beautiful Wilke WHITE ENAMELED REFRIGERATORS. We sell them at $50.00 and up.

Our GURNEY REFRIGERATORS which we sell at $11.50 and up.

KING HARDWARE CO.

## STOLE HIS UNCLE'S BICYCLE

### Remarkable Story Told by Virgil Gloer, of Nickajack.

### HE ADMITS HIS GUILT

### Says He Took Wheel To Sell for Money To Buy Clothes—Talks About Uncle.

When City Detectives Walton, Campbell and Simpson arrested Virgil Gloer yesterday morning on the charge of stealing a bicycle they locked up a young man who told a most remarkable story.

Gloer admitted that he stole a bicycle at Nickajack, and said that the wheel belonged to his uncle.

"I took that bicycle," stated the prisoner, "because I had to have money with which to buy some clothes and shoes. My uncle, H. H. Moss, is my guardian, and they tell me that he ought to have $6,000 for me. He says that the courts won't let him give me any money now. He runs a big store and I owe him some money. I saw the bicycle and I just got on it and came to Atlanta. I meant to sell the wheel as soon as I got here, but the first fellow I offered it to told the police and they had me back in this prison in no time. I want to get out of this."

He asked an officer if his uncle wouldn't prosecute him if the case would be dropped. He was told that his uncle could stop the case if he wanted to.

"Then I am going to get out of here," exclaimed Gloer. "I didn't sell the wheel and when my uncle gets the bicycle back I know he won't keep me in jail."

Gloer does not appear to be very bright and the officers do not believe the story he tells about his uncle, who is a well known and respected merchant at Nickajack.

### SOME PATENT REASONS

### Why Your Daughter Will Find It to Her Advantage To Attend the Southern Female College.

Extensive curriculum, high standard, full faculty of able and experienced teachers. Library of 5,000 choice volumes, museum of 7,500 valuable specimens, well-appointed physical and chemical laboratories, large telescope and other astronomical equipments, all constituting the best teaching outfit of any female college in the south.

Methods of instruction in music, after the order of those observed in the Berlin and Leipsic conservatories, from which institutions the principal teachers have been graduated.

Art and elocution taught in the most approved style by instructors of high rank.

Religious and moral influences equal to those enjoyed by any college.

For catalogue and beautiful souvenirs, apply to President C. C. Cox, College Park, Ga.

## CHRISTIAN ALLIANCE MEETS.

### Services Will Be Held in Tent Near Ponce de Leon Next Month.

The Christian Missionaries' Alliance will meet here August 15th to 25th. Missionaries from all parts of the country will attend, and the convention will be unusually large.

Meetings will be held day and evenings in a big tent out at Ponce de Leon springs. The tent for the purpose has been provided by the railroad company. A. B. Simpson, of New York, will preside over the meetings.

## GEORGIA TECH CATALOGUE.

### Annual Announcement of the Georgia School of Technology Is Issued.

The annual announcement in catalogue form of the Georgia School of Technology is one that reflects great credit on the growth and development of that institution. The photographs of Mr. James Swann, Mr. S. M. Inman, Mr. Aaron French and Captain James W. English adorn the first pages of the catalogue, as being among those to whom is due the credit of material assistance to the advancement of technical education in the southern states.

The faculty of the school, as announced for the ensuing year, includes: Lyman Hall, William H. Emerson, J. S. Coon, K. G. Matheson, William N. Randle, Ezra F. Scattergood, T. P. Branch, F. C. Furlow, J. B. Edwards, William Jennings, S. S. Wallace, W. H. Ferguson, C. K. Francis, C. E. Coolidge, A. B. Morton, John Kniveton, J. W. Bailey, P. B. Winn, H. V. Black, D. W. A. Jackson, William G. Perry, R. J. McCuen, H. L. Freeman, C. W. Moorman, W. Turner, E. D. Fales, Miss Madge Flynn, J. A. Bailey, Horace A. Thompson, T. O. Jones, William Van Houten, H. H. Norman, W. F. Griffin and Henry Printup.

The catalogue gives in detail the various branches making up the curriculum of the school, which includes: Mechanical engineering, electrical engineering, civil engineering, textile engineering and engineering chemistry.

**Your Liver and Kidneys**

can be kept in perfect condition by Tyner's Little Watermelon Seeds. Price 10 cents at all druggists.

**"A Pleasant Trip in Cool Breezes"**

To Northern Summer Resorts is via Merch. and Miners' Trans. Co.'s elegant steamers, Norfolk to Boston and Providence, Savannah to Baltimore and Philadelphia. Send for tour book. J. W. Smith, Agent, 10 Kimball house, Atlanta, Ga.

The Power Question Solved!

Adopted by the United States Government.

Come to our shop and see the most remarkable engine ever built in operation.

The Mietz & Weiss Kerosene Engine

is the cheapest and simplest power on record. No engineer or fireman required. Always ready for use. Safe and reliable.

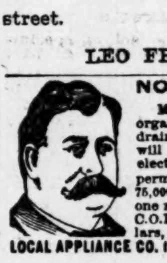
FOR SALE BY
Dodson Printers' Supply Co.
55 S. FORSYTH STREET.

$2.50 to Birmingham, Ala., and return, via Southern Railway, Monday, July 5, 8:00 a. m. Tickets good to return Tuesday.

### Ordinaries Meet at Indian Spring.

Ordinary John R. Wilkinson left yesterday afternoon for Indian Spring to attend the annual convention of the ordinaries of the various counties throughout the state. This convention, it is expected, will continue for several days.

CONTENTS OF RESIDENCE
AT AUCTION
today at 10 a. m., 265 Washington street.
LEO FRESH, Auctioneer.



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MEN.—If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; Stricture and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; effect immediate; no C.O.D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.
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# THE CONSTITUTION'S LABOR DAY EXPOSITION CONTEST.

### FIRST PRIZE WINNER:

The member of the police or fire departments or of any Atlanta labor organization receiving the highest number of coupon votes—the winner to be entitled to take his wife, or a friend at The Constitution's expense, for a week's trip to the Buffalo Exposition.

### SECOND PRIZE WINNER:

The policeman who, if not winning the first prize, receives the highest vote given to any policeman.

### THIRD PRIZE WINNER:

The fire department member, who, if not winning the first prize, receives the highest vote of any fireman.

### FOURTH PRIZE WINNER:

The Atlanta member of any local union organization, who, if not winning the first prize, receives the highest vote of any union labor member.

THE CONSTITUTION LABOR DAY EXPOSITION CONTEST.

MY VOTE IS FOR — JULY 24.

________________ Fireman.
________________ Policeman.
________________ Union Labor Member.

Voters may vote for one, or all three, as above.

Clip above, fill out name of contestants for whom you vote, and mail or send this to the "Labor Day Contest Department," The Constitution.

This coupon will be dated each day with the date of the paper in which it appears and no coupon will be received which does not reach us within five days after such date.

# A FEVERISH MARKET

## Sensational Break in July Cotton Was the Feature.

## OTHER MONTHS RESPONDED

### Liquidation by Pyramid Builders Broke Grain Market—Stock Market Scores Sharp Recovery.

New York, July 23.—A sensational break in July was the feature of the local cotton market today and dragged the later months downward. August was next weakest. The net decline in July was 37 points to 7.85. The opening was barely steady with prices 3 points lower to 1 point higher and was feverish all day with rallies few and far between. Smaller operators withdrew from the market wherever possible and refused to take a fresh hold until the July deal was settled for once and all, and until reports from the crop center became more harmonious. The early cables were favorable, and reports from spot markets were steady. Later cables reflected an easier feeling abroad and orders from the south went almost exclusively to bear side. By midday the decline was a matter of 5 to 6 points on the speculative months. Then came a bullish government report, stating that the plant was small all over the entire belt and fruiting at the top over the central and western section. This caused a rally of several points. All of it was lost later under room liquidation and bear selling with the last hours recording the lowest figures of the day. The forecast gave no promise of a break in the southern drought, although thunder showers were looked for in the western portion. Clearances for export from New York were again large, being 8,000 bales, making 18,000 bales within the past two days. Freight engagements for the next five weeks were said to be very heavy, and something like 75,000 bales were said to be in preparation for shipment to Europe. A decline of 3-16c in spot cotton here was quite in accordance with general ideas considering the severe drop in the July position. Port receipts continued sufficiently small to give color to exhaustion predictions. Crop accounts were very much mixed from all parts of the belt and gave neither side special advantage. The market was finally easy with prices net 12 to 34 points lower.

### Review of New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, July 23.—The market for spot cotton today was somewhat more active than for several days past, and the trading was understood to be upon the basis of slight concessions in favor of the purchasing element. The general breaking up of the drought—the much exaggerated drought—in Texas is gradually inducing a change of sentiment in the market, and buyers are greatly encouraged to pursue a waiting policy. Sales today 3,600 bales, including 950 to arrive. Quotations unchanged.

Trading was light today in the market for contracts, but there appeared to be a more scattered interest at the opening than has been common of late. However, there was not enough doing in any month to stir up more than passing interest, and the field was left pretty well in the hands of the light weights. Liverpool came in unchanged but a shade firmer for spots and with a gain of a partial 1-64d on deliveries, but soon lost what little strength she had. This market on the first call showed a loss of 1 to 3 points for the new crop and 5 points on August. The market gradually declined until the close, when July had lost 4 points, August 10 and the other months 12 to 13 compared with yesterday's closing.

### Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Steady; middling 8c.
Liverpool—Firm; middling 4 19-32d.
New York—Quiet; middling 8¼c.
New Orleans—Steady; middling 8⅝c.
Savannah—Quiet; middling 8⅛c.
Galveston—Easy; middling 8 7-16c.
Norfolk—Steady; middling 8¼c.
Mobile—Quiet; middling 8⅛c.
Memphis—Dull; middling 8¼c.
Augusta—Dull; middling 8⅝c.
Charleston—Steady; middling 8¼c.
Houston—Quiet; middling 8 5-16c.
St. Louis—Quiet; middling 8 3-16c.

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

| | RECEIPTS | | EXPORTS | | STOCKS. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1901 | 1900 | 1901 | 1900 | 1901 | 1900 |
| Saturday | 2745 | 6177 | 11938 | ...... | 404943 | 149507 |
| Monday | 6198 | 3271 | 23485 | 3638 | 382535 | 149344 |
| Tuesday | 5521 | 4204 | 15231 | 6172 | 374162 | 144201 |
| Wednesd'y | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| Thursday | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| Friday | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| Totals | 14464 | 13652 | 50654 | 9810 | ...... | ...... |

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

| MONTHS | Opening. | Highest. | Lowest. | Last Sale. | Closing bid and asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| July | 8 23 | 8 23 | 7 85 | 7 88 | 7 88 |
| August | 7 62 | 7 63 | 7 47 | 7 47 | 7 47-48 |
| September | 7 58 | 7 58 | 7 49 | 7 51 | 7 45-47 |
| October | 7 60 | 7 62 | 7 48 | 7 48 | 7 48-49 |
| November | 7 60 | 7 60 | 7 51 | 7 54 | 7 48-50 |
| December | 7 61 | 7 61 | 7 50 | 7 50 | 7 51-52 |
| January | 7 64 | 7 65 | 7 55 | 7 55 | 7 55-56 |
| February | 7 64 | 7 64 | 7 64 | 7 64 | 7 55-56 |
| March | 7 67 | 7 67 | 7 57 | 7 57 | 7 57-58 |
| April | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | 7 59-60 |
| May | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| June | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... |

Futures closed easy.

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| July | 8 13 | January | 7 35 |
| August | 7 80 | February | 7 37 |
| September | 7 45 | March | 7 39 |
| October | 7 34 | April | ..... |
| November | 7 34 | May | ..... |
| December | 7 33 | June | ..... |

Futures closed steady.

### The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, July 23—4 p. m.—Cotton, spot, business moderate with prices firm; middling uplands 4 19-32; sales 7,000 bales; American 5,900; speculation and export 500; receipts 6,300; American 500.

Futures opened quiet.

| | Open'g. | Closing. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| July | ........ | 4 28½ | Sellers |
| July-August | 4 30-64 | 4 28 | Buyers |
| August-September | 4 27-64 | 4 25¼ | Sellers |
| September | 4 28-64 | 4 25¼ | Sellers |
| October | ........ | 4 17 | Buyers |
| October-November | ........ | 4 15 | Buyers |
| November-December | ........ | 4 14 | Buyers |
| December-January | 4 16-64 | 4 14 | Buyers |
| January-February | 4 16-64 | 4 14¼ | Buyers |

Futures closed easy.

### Movement at the Ports.

New York, July 23.—Cotton quiet; sales 1,635 bales; middling uplands 8¼; gulf 8½; net receipts 595; gross 4,861; stock 181,756.

New Orleans, July 23.—Cotton steady; sales 3,600; middling 8⅝; receipts 2,569; stock 80,751.

Galveston, July 23.—Cotton easy; middling 8 7-16; receipts 746; stock 47,190.

Mobile, July 23.—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅛; sales 150; receipts 16; stock 5,796.

Savannah, July 23.—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅛; receipts 501; stock 29,304.

Charleston, July 23.—Cotton steady; middling 8¼; receipts 13; stock 3,040.

Wilmington, July 23.—Cotton firm; middling 8¼ bid; receipts 14; stock 2,960.

Norfolk, July 23.—Cotton steady; middling 8¼; sales 81; receipts 905; stock 15,054.

Baltimore, July 23.—Cotton quiet; middling 8½; stock 3,071.

Boston, July 23.—Cotton quiet; middling 8 7-16; receipts net 14; gross 439.

Philadelphia, July 23.—Cotton quiet; middling 8½; receipts 148; stock 3,248.

St. Louis, July 23.—Cotton quiet; middling 8 3-16; sales 30; receipts 1,505; stock 54,850.

Memphis, July 23.—Cotton dull; middling 8¼; receipts 31; shipments 307; sales 150; stock 29,175.

Augusta, July 23.—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅝; sales 20; receipts 33; stock 13,628.

Houston, July 23.—Cotton quiet; middling 8 5-16; sales 91; receipts 850; stock 8,806.

### H. & B. Beer's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, July 23.—Liverpool was better than looked for this morning, but our market opened 2 to 3 points off on further rains reported in Texas, principally in the southern part, declined 2 additional until the weekly weather bureau was read, which being less unfavorable than expected, caused selling of long cotton and a subsequent decline of 6 to 7 points, reacting, however, 2 to 3 points on shorts covering, closing 8 to 10 points lower than last night. The weakness in the last half of the session was augmented by additional rains in south Texas, with the expectation of their spreading to central and northern, where moisture is more needed. The collapse of the so-called July corner in New York and decline there in the near positions in consequence, added to the uneasiness of holders in our market. The bureau's weekly summary reads as follows: "In portions of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and Florida condition of cotton has improved, but in the last two named states and in the Carolinas it has suffered from lack of cultivation. Rain is generally needed in Tennessee and over the western portion of the cotton belt, where, however, the crop is generally withstanding the drought. Fruiting at the top continues to be reported from the central and western districts and throughout the belt the plant is small." Should Liverpool respond to our decline tomorrow and rains extend, as anticipated, to the rest of the state of Texas, a further decline is to be expected, otherwise a quick reaction is not unlikely, although speculation remains latent and the trade outlook shows no signs of an early revival.

### Cotton Region Bulletin.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, July 23, 1901.

| Stations of Atlanta District and State of Weather. | Maximum Temperature. | Minimum Temperature. | Rainfall, inches and hundredths. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Atlanta, cloudy | 90 | 72 | .00 |
| Chattanooga, clear | 97 | 74 | .00 |
| Columbus, part cloudy | 95 | 77 | .00 |
| Gainesville, cloudy | 86 | 72 | .00 |
| Greenville, clear | 87 | 69 | .00 |
| Griffin, cloudy | 91 | 74 | .00 |
| Macon, cloudy | 87 | 73 | T |
| Newnan, cloudy | 91 | 72 | .00 |
| Rome, clear | 95 | 70 | .00 |
| Spartanburg, part cloudy | 91 | 72 | .00 |
| Toccoa, clear | 89 | 70 | .00 |
| West Point, clear | 93 | 73 | .00 |

HEAVY RAINFALL.

Galveston, Tex. ........ 3.08

| Central Station. | No. of Stations Reporting. | Maximum Temperature. | Minimum Temperature. | Rainfall, inches and hundredths. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Atlanta | 12 | 90 | 72 | T |
| Augusta | 11 | 86 | 72 | .01 |
| Charleston | 4 | 86 | 74 | .04 |
| Galveston | 28 | 96 | 72 | .20 |
| Little Rock | 11 | 102 | 74 | .02 |
| Memphis | 16 | 102 | 76 | .06 |
| Mobile | 4 | 96 | 72 | .34 |
| Montgomery | 8 | 94 | 72 | .06 |
| New Orleans | 15 | 92 | 72 | .06 |
| Savannah | 12 | 88 | 72 | .50 |
| Vicksburg | 10 | 94 | 72 | T |
| Wilmington | 10 | 90 | 74 | T |

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

Remarks—Showers have occurred in all districts, heaviest in Savannah section. A heavy local rainfall of 3.08 inches is reported from Galveston, Tex. In other portions of Texas the rainfall was light and scattering. No important temperature changes are noted; very warm weather continues in the western belt.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

### The Dry Goods Market.

New York, July 23.—The market for all descriptions of cotton goods has been quiet today. There has been a slow spot business doing and barely an average mail order demand. In no direction do prices show any changes in either staple lines or fancies. Print cloths are inactive and unchanged. Silks are firm with moderate demand.

### Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 23.—It appears that the rainfall at Corsicana yesterday, which was given out at 4.5 inches, was really but .05 inches, an error having been claimed in the transmission of the figures. This caused a steadier feeling in the early Liverpool market, where an improvement took place. Besides this the government forecast over night indicated nothing more than local thunder storms for Texas. That state is beyond doubt in very poor shape, and while reports are coming of rains in the drought region, people from that state cannot be convinced that the crop will prove anything like a full one. The early reports indicated clear weather at the leading Texas stations with temperature early in the morning up to 90 at Paris. Other high temperatures were 88 at Gainesville, Tex., and Corsicana, and 86 at Holly Springs, Miss. Elsewhere they were moderate. Around the opening, which was 1 to 3 points lower, came reports of over 3 inches of rain at Galveston and light rains at Palestine and Corpus Christi, which had a depressing effect. There was an absence of orders on either side, and sentiment was rather mixed pending the appearance of the bureau for the week later in the day. There was more or less liquidation, especially of August, and the general list was 2 to 7 lower for the first hour. The morning forecast again was for thunder storms in Texas and the territories. The weekly government report indicated improvement in Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia and Florida and needing cultivation in the two latter, as well as the Carolinas. Rains generally needed in the western portion of the cotton belt, but is standing the drought well. It is fruiting at the top in some districts. In the Liverpool market today prices declined about 1½ points. Port receipts 5,521, against 4,500.

### Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 23.—Better advices from Texas has given the market greater weakness than for some time, and at last the temper appears to favor lower prices. The feature of the morning has been the depression of July, which has been offered down freely and has found no support. General business has been very light.

### W. E. Small & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 23.—The market declined further today with lower cables, rains in Texas and liquidation in July and August to help the movement. July sold down below 8c for the first time in some weeks, and weakness in August was also noticeable. The weakness in July came as a surprise to many, but that option has attracted practically no attention for some time past, and very little effect was noticeable in the distant futures, but the situation was particularly unsettled and mixed and the narrow trading, lack of outside business and non-committal character of the week, the weather reports all served to render the market unsettled. But as far as the general situation was concerned there seemed to be no change. Inducements to buy cotton are few, but the reasons for selling appear to be fewer still. Until the cotton crop is progressing more favorably, we cannot advise the sale of cotton. There seems to be a general feeling in the market that cotton is likely to sell lower, owing to the narrow market and to the large surplus stock that will be carried over into another year. Whether the adverse factors will prove sufficient to bring about a bear market remains to be seen. For the time being profit taking seems to be the reasonable stand to take on the market for those who are long. Otherwise we cannot see anything in the immediate outlook to incite buying or selling. The weekly report is far from favorable, and until the promise for a big crop is better than it is today, it is not altogether safe to sell cotton below 7½c. Rains were reported in many sections, but the rainfall has been insufficient so far. Showers are predicted for tomorrow in some sections.

### THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, July 23.—The subservance of the stock speculation to the varying crop conditions and to the daily weather map was again strikingly demonstrated today. But the activity of speculation in stocks was somewhat curtailed as an outgrowth of the confused sentiment engendered in the grain market by the conflicting price movements growing out of the technical conditions in the grain speculation. The uneasiness of the short interests in stocks was easily perceived by the force of the opening bulge in prices. There were indications that a tactical move against the shorts was being made and the London market was used before the opening here to influence New York by a much higher range of prices there. London not only had reports of copious rains in the corn belt, but of an imminent settlement of the steel strike. There was a consequent rush to buy on the part of the shorts at the opening here, but the high prices melted away within a few minutes under the eager offerings to realize on the part of the interests remaining long of the market. Apparently there was much scepticism regarding the reports of rain, but when the grain market opened with a drop in corn almost equal to yesterday's bulge the belief in relief for the crops was strengthened. The reassuring expressions by the secretary of agriculture of the present status of the corn was also an influence. The course of affairs subsequent to the heavy damage to last year's spring wheat crop in the northwest was cited as a precedent which gave hope of maintenance of earnings by railroads in the southwest. The publication of the plan for an additional issue of American Sugar Refining stock lifted that specialty and helped the market. The second rise carried some stocks higher than the opening. But the subsequent uncertainty of the price movement reflected the hesitation of the stock traders about repeating last week's attempt to revive a bull movement with the crop situation still a factor. The market was allowed to lie fallow during the midday period with the exception of a momentary upward rush in the United States Steel stocks of nearly 2 points each on an unconfirmed rumor that the strike was about to be settled. The late advance in prices to the top level of the day seemed to be based on the general consideration that the damage to the crops had been discounted and important liquidation had been effected, leaving the way open for an advance. The character of some of the buying encouraged a following from the professional contingent. The money market was easier in spite of gains by the sub-treasury from the market and the growing demand from the interior for funds. At the best prices, which were made in the last hour, St. Paul was 5¼ above last night, Union Pacific 4½, Atchison 4, Southern Pacific and St. Louis Southwestern preferred 3½ and Missouri Pacific 3⅛. The last prices showed only fractional concessions, and the closing was fairly steady.

Money on call steady at 2@3 per cent; last loan 2½; prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent.

Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½ for demand and at $4.84¾@4.85 for 60 days; posted rates $4.86 @4.88½; commercial bills $4.84@4.84½.

Bar silver 58½c.
Mexican dollars 46¼c.
Government bonds steady.
Railroad bonds irregular.
State bonds inactive.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Atchison | 73¾ | Manhattan L. | 118¾ |
| do preferred | 94⅞ | Metro. Street Ry | 167⅛ |
| Baltimore & Ohio | 95 | Mexican Central | 23⅛ |
| do. preferred | 91 | Mexican Nat'nal | 9 |
| Canada Pacific | 102¾ | Minn. & St. Louis | 107⅛ |
| Canada Southern | 66¼ | Missouri Pacific | 99⅝ |
| Chesapeake & Ohio | 44¼ | Mo. Kansas & Tex. | 26¼ |
| Chic. & Alton | 36¼ | Mo. K. & Tex. pref. | 54¾ |
| do. preferred | 75 | New Jersey Cent. | 157 |
| C., B. & Q. | — | New York Central | 150 |
| Chic. Ind. & L. | 32 | Norfolk & Western | 46⅛ |
| do preferred | 68 | do preferred | 87½ |
| Chicago & East Ill. | 123 | Northern Pacific | — |
| Chic. Great West. | 23⅛ | do. preferred | — |
| do. pref. A | 80½ | Ontario & Western | 32¼ |
| do. pref. B | 47¾ | Pennsylvania | 143⅛ |
| Chicago & N.-W. | 192 | Reading | 39⅛ |
| Rock Island | 140⅞ | do. 1st preferred | 75⅛ |
| Chic. Term. tr. | 20¼ | do. 2d preferred | 50¼ |
| do. preferred | 38⅛ | St. Louis & S. F. | 41⅞ |
| C. C. C. & St. L. | 88½ | do. 1st preferred | 76½ |
| Colo. Sou. | 13 | do 2d preferred | 68⅛ |
| do 1st preferred | 48 | St. L. & S. W. | 23 |
| do. 2d preferred | 21¼ | do. preferred | 60 |
| Del. & Hudson | 157⅛ | St. Paul | 159⅞ |
| Del. L. & W. | 223 | do. preferred | 184 |
| Den & Rio Grande | 40 | Southern Pacific | 56⅞ |
| do. preferred | 91¼ | Southern Railway | 29⅛ |
| Erie (new) | 36⅝ | do. preferred | 83¼ |
| do. 1st pref. | 65⅛ | Texas & Pacific | 40⅜ |
| do. 2d pref. | 49 | Tol., St. L. & West. | 20⅛ |
| Great Nor. pref | 173¼ | do 1st preferred | 33⅛ |
| Hocking Valley | 48⅛ | Union Pacific | 100¼ |
| do. preferred | 73⅛ | do. preferred | 88⅛ |
| Illinois Central | 147⅛ | Wabash | 20⅜ |
| Iowa Central | 37 | do. preferred | 39 |
| do. preferred | 72 | Wheel & L. E. | 18 |
| Lake Erie & W. | 54 | do. 2d preferred | 28 |
| do. preferred | 117 | Wisconsin Cent. | 21⅛ |
| Louisville & Nash. | 102⅛ | do. preferred | 40¼ |

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adams | 170 | United States | 84 |
| American | 190 | Wells Fargo | 140 |

MISCELLANEOUS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Amal. Copper | 112¾ | National Salt | 43 |
| Am. Car F'dy | 29¾ | do. preferred | 76 |
| do. preferred | 83 | North American Co | 99 |
| Am. Linseed Oil | 28¼ | Pacific Coast | 63 |
| do. preferred | 60½ | Pacific Mail | 37¾ |
| Am. Smelt. & Ref. | 54⅛ | People's Gas | 113½ |
| do. preferred | 100⅜ | Pressed Steel Car. | 42¼ |
| American Tobacco | 129 | do. preferred | 84 |
| Anaconda Mining | 44⅛ | Pullman Palace | 202 |
| Brook. Rap. Tran. | 77⅜ | Rep. Iron & Steel | 19¼ |
| Col. F. & Iron | 97¼ | do. preferred | 73⅜ |
| Consol. Gas | 214⅛ | Sugar | 143¾ |
| Cent. Tobacco | 64⅛ | T. C. & Iron | 61 |
| do. preferred | 115 | Union Bag & Paper | 15 |
| General Electric | 250 | do. preferred | 70 |
| Glucose Sugar | 54 | U.S. Leather | 12½ |
| Hocking Coal | 20¼ | do. preferred | 77⅜ |
| International Paper | 20¼ | U.S. Rubber | 18¼ |
| do. preferred | 75 | do. preferred | 59½ |
| Intern'l Power | 95 | U. S. Steel | 40⅜ |
| La Clede Gas | 90 | do. preferred | 89 |
| National Biscuit | 41¼ | Western Union | 92 |
| National Lead | 19½ | | |

BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| U.S. 2s ref. when is | 107¼ | L. & N. unified 4s | 101¼ |
| do. coupon | 107¼ | M. K. & T. 2ds | 83 |
| U.S. 3s reg. | 108¼ | M., K. & T. 4s | 97⅛ |
| do. 3s coupon | 109 | N.Y. Central 1sts | 104⅝ |
| U.S. new 4s reg | 137¼ | N.J. Cent. gen. 5s | 129½ |
| do. coupon | 138¼ | Northern Pac. 3s | 72⅜ |
| U.S. old 4s reg | 113 | do. 4s | 103⅛ |
| do. coupon | 113 | N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s | 107¼ |
| U.S. 5s reg | 107⅜ | Nor. & West con. 4s | 102⅝ |
| do coupon | 109⅜ | Oregon Nav. 1sts | 107¼ |
| District Col. 3 65s | 124 | do. 4s | 102¾ |
| Atchison gen. 4s | 103 | O.S. Line 6s | 127½ |
| do. adj. 4s | 96⅛ | do. con. 5s | 116½ |
| Canada So. 2nds | 109½ | Reading 4s | 95 |
| Cent. of Ga. con. 5s | 108¼ | Rio G. W. 1sts | 101⅜ |
| do 1st incomes | 78 | St. L. & I. M. con. 5s | 116⅛ |
| do 2d incomes | 30 | St. L. & S. F. Gen 6s | 132 |
| C. & O. 4½s | 106¼ | St. Paul consols | 173 |
| do. 5s | 120 | St. P. C. & P. 1sts | 120 |
| Chic. & N.W. con 7s | 137¼ | do. 5s | 117 |
| do. S. F. deb. 5s | 122⅜ | Sou. Pacific 4s | 91⅞ |
| Chicago Term. 4s | 93 | Southern Ry. 5s | 116 |
| Col. Sou. 4s | 88⅜ | Stand. Rope & T. 6s | 60 |
| D. & R. G. 1sts | — | Tex. & Pacific 1sts | 119 |
| D. & R. G. 4s | 101⅛ | do 2d | 99 |
| East Tenn. 1st | — | Union Pacific 4s | 103⅜ |
| Erie general 4s | 86¼ | Wabash 1sts | 118 |
| F. W. & D. 1sts | 104 | do. 2ds | 112 |
| Gen. Electric 5s | 200 | West Shore 4s | 112⅛ |
| Iowa Cent. 1sts | 115⅛ | Wiscon. Cent. 4s | 87½ |
| K. C., P. & G. 1sts | — | Virginia centuries | 94 |

### Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York, July 23.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: The markets here were weak at the opening.

Americans opened hesitatingly, dealers being alarmed by the crop reports, but spurted on news that rain had fallen in the crop belt. Later they became stagnant, awaiting developments from New York. The opening there caused a reaction of 2 points, which was followed by feverish fluctuations and inactivity, but the close was very near the top.

The bank bought gold to the amount of £16,000 and sent £50,000 to Scandinavia.

Berlin exchange 40.42½.

| STOCKS. | Opening. | High. | Low. | Last Sale. | Closing Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| American Tobacco | 128 | 128½ | 127¾ | 128½ | 129 |
| Am'n Sugar Ref. | 144 | 144⅛ | 143 | 143 | 143¾ |
| Atchison | 71 | 73¼ | 69⅞ | 73⅜ | 73⅛ |
| do., preferred | 94 | 95 | 93 | 94⅛ | 94⅛ |
| Balt. and Ohio | 94⅝ | 95 | 94⅛ | 95 | 95 |
| Brook. Rap. Tran. | 76¼ | 77½ | 76¼ | 77⅜ | 77⅜ |
| Col. Fuel & Iron | 95 | 98 | 95 | 97⅞ | 97¼ |
| Bur. & Quincy | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| C., C., C. & St. L | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 88¼ |
| Ches. & Ohio | ..... | ..... | ..... | 44 | 44⅛ |
| Canada Southern | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 66½ |
| Del. & Hudson | 156 | 157 | 156 | 157 | 157⅛ |
| Cent. Tobacco | 64 | 64⅛ | 63¾ | 64⅛ | 64⅛ |
| do. preferred | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 115 |
| Con. Gas | 214½ | 215 | 214⅛ | 214⅞ | 214¼ |
| Gen. Electric | ..... | ..... | ..... | 255 | 250 |
| Chic. Great West. | 22⅛ | 23¼ | 22 | 23¼ | 23⅛ |
| Jersey Central | ..... | ..... | ..... | 155 | 157 |
| Mo., Kan. & Tex. | 53 | 53¼ | 52½ | 53¼ | 54¼ |
| So. Pacific | 54½ | 57 | 53⅝ | 56⅛ | 56⅛ |
| Louisv. & Nash | 101⅛ | 102½ | 100 | 102⅝ | 102⅛ |
| Amal. Copper | 112 | 113 | 111⅛ | 113 | 112¾ |
| Manhattan L. | 117¼ | 119 | 117¼ | 119 | 118⅜ |
| Mo. Pacific | 99 | 100¼ | 96½ | 99⅝ | 99⅝ |
| Met. Street Ry | 167 | 168 | 166¼ | 168 | 167⅛ |
| National Lead | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 19¼ |
| Northern Pacific | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| do., preferred | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| N. Y. Central | 150 | 150¼ | 149 | 150¼ | 150 |
| Northwestern | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 192 |
| Pennsylvania | 142¼ | 143⅞ | 142¼ | 143⅞ | 143⅛ |
| Pacific Mail | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 37⅜ |
| People's Gas | 113¼ | 113¾ | 112⅞ | 113½ | 113⅛ |
| Reading | 39 | 39¼ | 38⅜ | 39⅜ | 39¼ |
| Rock Island | 139 | 141½ | 138 | 140½ | 140⅞ |
| Southern Ry | 29 | 29⅜ | 28⅝ | 29⅝ | 29⅛ |
| do., preferred | 83 | 83⅛ | 82¾ | 83⅛ | 83¼ |
| St. Paul | 159 | 160½ | 158¼ | 159⅞ | 159⅞ |
| Tenn. Coal & Iron | 58 | 62 | 58 | 61¼ | 61 |
| U.S. Leather com. | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12¼ | 12¼ | 12¼ |
| Union Pacific | 99 | 101 | 96⅝ | 100¼ | 100¼ |
| do., preferred | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 88¼ |
| Western Union | 91¼ | 92⅛ | 91 | 92⅛ | 92 |
| Wabash pref. | 37⅛ | 39½ | 37¼ | 39¼ | 39 |
| Am'n. Cotton Oil | 27⅛ | 28 | 27¼ | 28 | 28 |
| Nor. & Western | 46½ | 46⅝ | 46½ | 46⅝ | 46⅛ |
| do. preferred | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 87¼ |
| U.S. Rubber | 19 | 19¼ | 19 | 19¼ | 18¼ |
| do. preferred | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 59½ |
| Reading 1st prfd. | 75½ | 75¾ | 75 | 75⅝ | 75¼ |
| do. 2d preferred | 49⅜ | 50¼ | 49 | 50½ | 50¼ |
| Illinois Central | 146⅝ | 147¼ | 145⅞ | 147¼ | 147⅛ |
| U.S. Steel | 39¼ | 40¼ | 38⅞ | 40¼ | 40⅜ |
| do. preferred | 88¼ | 89⅜ | 87⅛ | 89 | 89 |

*Ex-div. 2½ per cent. †Ex-div. 1¼. ‡Ex-div. 1.

### Local Stocks.

Prices corrected daily by CITY SAVINGS BANK, Atlanta.

| | Last Sale. | Bid |
|---|---|---|
| Atlanta Brewing Co. | 115 | .... |
| Atlanta Home Ins. Co.* | 65 | 55 |
| Atlanta National bank | 450 | .... |
| Atlanta Savings bank | 103 | .... |
| Capital City Natl. bank | 130 | .... |
| Constitution Publishing Co. pref. | 100 | .... |
| Exposition Cotton mills | 125 | 100 |
| Farmers and Traders' bank | 115 | .... |
| Ga. Savings Bank and Trust Co. | 100 | .... |
| Germania Savings bank | 102 | .... |
| Lowry National bank* | 150 | .... |
| Merchants and Mechanics' bank.* | 80 | .... |
| Third National bank | 150 | 150 |
| Trust Company of Georgia* | 105 | .... |
| Atlanta Banking and Sav. Co. | 100 | .... |
| East Atlanta Land Co.* | 100 | .... |
| Fourth National bank | 101 | 100 |

*Asked.

### Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, July 23.—The stock market opened at advances which, in a number of instances, extended to 2 points and over, but almost immediately a sharp reaction set in. Initial advances were based upon reports published this morning that there has been a breakage in the drought through a heavy downfall of rain in the Missouri valley. These reports were not altogether confirmed by the government's weather map of this morning, and the street was again deluged with dispatches from Chicago reporting the statement recently forthcoming from that quarter as to the extent of the damage already wrought to the crops through the drought and setting forth unchanged weather conditions in the suffering sections. The London market appeared to accept the reports of abundant rains in the Missouri valley and furnished a materially higher range of prices for American stocks, St. Paul in particular showing an advance of about 4 points. Foreign houses again had buying orders in this market upon the opening of business. Particularly active features of the early trading were St. Paul, Union Pacific, the Atchisons and Missouri Pacific. These stocks all followed practically the same course—namely, after opening at extensive gains they all sold down practically to yesterday's final prices. Reports from the strike of the steel workers were not as a rule encouraging inasmuch as the dissatisfaction among the non-union men appeared to be on the increase. In the industrial quarter of the market Sugar was strong on the announcement in The Sun this morning of the issue of $15,000,000 new stock, to which the present shareholders will be allowed to subscribe at par. The stock issue is for the purpose, it is understood, of extending the operations of the company in Cuba and Porto Rico. Sugar, however, also participated in the reaction after the opening.

### W. E. Small & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, July 23.—Stiff advances in London on St. Paul, Atchison and Union Pacific denoted a rigging of that market. The stocks mentioned were bid up sharply at the start only to meet with heavy selling but more steadiness prevailed owing to the sharp declines in the Chicago grain market on reports of a few scattered showers through the corn belt. Strong features aside from the manipulated stocks were Sugar, which was bought by lower Wall street on an expected issue of $15,000,000 new stocks with valuable rights. People's Gas, Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Western Union, on heavy earnings, and United States Steel were strongly supported to create uneasiness on the part of shorts, who were eager buyers. There were no reports of trouble at any of the mills. Rumors were rife of an early settlement of the strike, but unconfirmed. The coalers were fairly strong. Morgan's brokers supported Eries. There were said to be a scarcity of St. Paul and Rock Island in the loan crowd. During the noon hour good buying appeared in Louisville and Nashville and Southern Railway on improved cotton reports from the south, while the market at large gathered strength on shorts covering. It was the talk in the board that Union Pacific and Southern Pacific were bought by Standard Oil interests as a demonstration against the short interest. Vigorous efforts were made to close the market strong, especially in the active rails.

### The Treasury Statement.

Washington, July 23.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the gold reserve, shows: Available cash balance $169,054,536; gold $97,401,013.

### Foreign Finances.

London, July 23.—Consols for money and the account 92 9-16. Atchison 73¾; Illinois Central 150½; Louisville and Nashville 103½.

Bar silver 27d per ounce.

Money 1½@1¾.

Short bills 2 5-16@2%; three months' bills 2⅜@2 7-16.

Gold at Buenos Ayres 136.60.

Paris, July 23.—Three per cent rentes 100 francs 52 centimes for the account. Spanish 71.10.

Berlin, July 23.—Exchange on London 20 marks 42½ pfennigs for checks. Discount rates for short bills 2 per cent; three months' bills 2⅝.

### Price of Sheet Steel Advanced.

New York, July 23.—The brokers and jobbers in the sheet steel and galvanized iron trade in this city today advanced the price of sheet steel 1 cent per pound.

### Two Per Cent Dividend Declared.

New York, July 23.—The Baltimore and Ohio railroad directors declared the usual semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent on the common and the preferred shares today.

### Weil Bro.'s Crop Letter.

Opelika, July 15.—The weather during the first half of July has been quite hot, the thermometer at times registering 100 Fahrenheit. Local showers and thunder storms have been quite frequent, and while the weather has been quite favorable for the crop, and farmers have made great strides in the cultivation of the same, yet the fact remains that we are still three weeks late, and although the plant looks green and healthy, still it does not respond readily to the favorable weather influences. The lack of cultivation in proper time (during May) seems to have stunned the plant.

In our district the crop is clean, the size from five to thirty inches high; the most forward is blooming, the belated has very few squares. The forward cotton has but a small tap root, while the small or belated plant has a good tap root. Consequently we find the crop a spotted one, and while we may have favorable weather for the forward part of the crop, it may prove the reverse for the late crop, and vice versa. The same conditions prevail in the entire state of Alabama, western Mississippi and north Georgia.

A member of our firm has taken an extensive trip through parts of Georgia, South and North Carolina and found the plant in the latter states and southern Georgia very small and insignificant looking, and prospects generally regarded as poor; at any rate, very backward, though the plant is looking green and healthy. Evidently a very favorable season and a late frost is the only thing that will bring the crop in these states to make an average yield.

July, usually the critical period of a cotton crop, is not so this season. August and partly September will this year play that role. Conflicting crop reports, owing to the peculiar state of the plant, will be had in abundance during this period.

Corn crops seem to be in much better condition and vastly more promising throughout the Carolinas, Georgia and Alabama than the reports we hear from the western corn fields. A good rain in this section will secure a bountiful crop. Our farmers have made a fine oat crop, and in consequence the demand for corn is very light.

The movement of spot cotton has been on a grand scale for this season of the year. Stocks are now thoroughly exhausted, yet the demand for medium and better grades from the Carolinas, home mills, Europe and New England is constant and nearly in excess of supplies. Southern mills are not selling their products ahead, but have a ready sale for their outputs.

### Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, July 23.—Cotton futures opened 1 point higher to 3 points lower, with some change in sentiment on reports of beneficial showers in Texas. Cables were unchanged to 1-64d higher on contracts, with no change in spots; sales 7,000. The weather map revealed the fact that showers had occurred throughout Texas, with a heavy local rainfall of 3.08 inches at Galveston. Showers also were reported from many other portions of the belt. The temperature continues high in the western half of the belt. The weekly bureau report did not prove to be a bull card and prices slowly sagged downward during the entire session, with little recuperative power. The market closed easy, 34 points net lower for July and 12 to 17 points net lower on the balance of the list.

### CHICAGO MARKET REVIEWED.

Chicago, July 23.—Liquidation by "pyramid builders" was the feature of the grain trade today, September wheat, corn and oats closing at declines of 2@2¼, 4⅛ and 2⅜c respectively. The tone was very nervous. Provisions closed a shade higher.

In corn speculative interest centered as usual. Before the opening Kansas City reported scarcely more than a trace of rain. The feeling, however, was at such a nervous tension that it threw that portion of the longs into the dealings on small margins into semi-panic and at the tap of the opening gong September was for sale from 59 to 55c, the latter figure being 4½c under yesterday's close. This slump uncovered stop loss orders which "pyramid builders" had put back of their purchases, and the decline did not stop till September was quoted at 54½. It had taken but a few minutes in the runaway movement to send the market down and a recovery to 57⅝c followed almost as quickly on the weather map, which came out as dry as there were not wanting reports claiming that when the excitement was over it would be found that from one-third to one-half of the crop said to have been wiped out had been saved. Even these optimists, however, were compelled to admit their hopes were based on immediate rains. September during the afternoon declined to 55¼c and closed weak, 4½c lower at 55⅛ @55¼c. Receipts were 288 cars.

For the wheat decline there was more reason in a statistical way than in corn. Cables were disappointing, receipts heavy and a vastly more favorable prospect reported from the spring wheat country. For the Dakotas and Minnesota there were indications of rain. Reports claimed damages in some instances running from 5 to 15 per cent, while one wire was to the effect that the spring wheat crop might turn out to be a "bumper." Added to the influence of this kind of advices was the corn decline. September opened ⅝@1⅜c lower at 72@71c, longs excitedly selling. The decline continued to 70⅝c, where local support caused a sharp rally to 72c. Later this support ceased, and under continued liquidation September worked down to 70⅛c and closed weak 2@2¼c under yesterday at 38c. Local receipts were 539 cars, against 234 a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 225 cars, against 290 last week and 226 a year ago. Primary receipts were 919,000 bushels, compared with 784,000 bushels last year. Seaboard clearances in wheat and flour were equal to 553,000 bushels. Exporters reported eight loads taken.

Oats were active and declined in sympathy with corn. Country selling was the feature. There was, however, considerable local support early, and after the opening decline prices reacted ⅝c to 35c, and closed 2⅜c lower at 35⅜@35½c. Receipts were 145 cars.

Provisions were dull but fairly steady, considering the decline in the grain markets. September pork closed 10c lower at $14.47½; September lard a shade higher at $8.70@8.72½ and September ribs 2½c down at $7.97½.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow—Wheat, 275 cars; corn, 170 cars; oats, 70 cars; hogs, 26,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

| Articles. | Open. | Highest. | Lowest. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| WHEAT— | | | | |
| July | 69⅝ | 70⅛ | 69 | 69⅛ |
| December | 74 | 74⅛ | 72⅛ | 72⅛ |
| September | 72 | 72⅛ | 70⅛ | 70⅛ |
| CORN— | | | | |
| July | 55⅝ | 57⅝ | 52⅝ | 53⅞ |
| September | 59 | 59 | 54 | 55⅛ |
| December | 55½ | 58½ | 55 | 55⅝ |
| OATS— | | | | |
| July | 36½ | 37 | 35½ | 35⅞ |
| September | 38 | 38 | 35 | 35⅜ |
| May | 39½ | 39½ | 38⅜ | 38⅜ |
| MESS PORK— | | | | |
| September | 14.40 | 14.60 | 14.40 | 14.47½ |
| January | 14.95 | 15.07½ | 14.90 | 14.90 |
| LARD— | | | | |
| September | 8.65 | 8.75 | 8.65 | 8.72½ |
| October | 8.72½ | 8.77½ | 8.72½ | 8.72½ |
| January | 8.62½ | 8.70 | 8.60 | 8.62½ |
| SHORT RIBS— | | | | |
| September | 7.95 | 8.02½ | 7.95 | 7.97½ |
| October | 7.97½ | 8.07½ | 7.97½ | 8.00 |
| January | 7.85 | 7.90 | 7.77½ | 7.77½ |

| Articles. | Receipts. | Shipments. |
|---|---|---|
| Flour, barrels | 19,000 | 10,000 |
| Wheat, bushels | 341,000 | 295,000 |
| Corn, bushels | 224,000 | 97,000 |
| Oats, bushels | 171,000 | 164,000 |
| Rye, bushels | 8,000 | ...... |
| Barley, bushels | 18,000 | 8,000 |

### Weekly Weather and Crop Bulletin.

Washington, July 23.—Following is the weather bureau's weekly summary of the crop conditions:

"Intense heat has prevailed another week throughout the states of the central valleys and middle Rocky mountain region, with only local showers over limited scattered areas. Portions of the middle and south Atlantic states continue to suffer from excessive moisture, but very favorable temperatures have been experienced in these districts.

"The outlook for corn is less favorable than at the close of the previous week. In Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma and Missouri early corn is practically ruined. With early and abundant rains in these states late corn would probably make half a crop or less. The condition of the crop in Iowa is more favorable than in the before-mentioned states, and copious rains, with moderate temperatures within a week would greatly improve prospects for a large part of the crop. In Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, more particularly the western portions of the two last named states, corn is now seriously in need of rain.

"Moisture has caused considerable injury to winter wheat in shock in the middle Atlantic states. Harvesting continues where unfinished, in the more northerly sections east of the Rocky mountains and in general progress on the north Pacific coast.

"Spring wheat harvest has begun over the southern portion of the spring wheat region, where, as a result of premature ripening, the yield and quality is much impaired. Over the northern portion, where the crop is now ripening, its condition continues promising.

"In portions of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and Florida, the condition of cotton has improved, but in the two last named states and in the Carolinas it has suffered from lack of cultivation. Rain is greatly needed in Tennessee and over the western portion of the cotton belt, where, however, the crop is generally withstanding the drought well. Fruiting at the top continues to be reported from the central and western districts, and throughout the belt the plant is small.

"In the Ohio valley, Tennessee and Wisconsin, tobacco is suffering much from drought, especially in western Kentucky, and has been injured in Maryland, elsewhere the crop has made favorable progress."

### W. E. Small & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, July 23.—Wheat—The weather map showed a few slight showers in the corn belt and North Dakota with higher temperatures. Good rains reported in Missouri. Forecast fair, continued warm, with local thunder storms in Nebraska and Iowa. Our man wired from Austin, Minn.: "Crop conditions unchanged; through harvesting and work in this section; corn damaged 25 per cent from heat; no immediate prospect for cooler weather." There was a rush to sell at the start due to disappearing cables and showers in the northwest, while the break in coarse grains also had its effect. Long wheat came out freely, while outside buying orders were rather scarce. There was a good sized rally on local buying, but a Minneapolis estimate of 235,000,000 bushels for three states started a selling movement which was continued to the close. The market closed weak. The advances in the continental markets today created considerable comment, and it was thought that France was a large buyer on this side today. On further declines we favor purchases.

Corn—Primary receipts 397,000; shipments 391,000. The market was in shape to respond to any passing shower, and that was the cause of the fierce selling at the start. Heavy buying orders came in on the declines, but early purchases were realizing before the day was over. There was a feeling that the damage had been pretty well discounted, and it is well enough to say that there are two sides to the market. Of course, a continuation of hot weather will add to the bullishness of the situation.

Oats followed corn and were governed a good deal by the same motives. Realizing sales were a feature.

Provisions—Hogs closed 5c higher and estimated tomorrow 26,000. Shipments of lard and meats liberal. The market held up fairly well.

### Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, July 23.—Wheat—There was an eager rush to sell at the opening, induced largely by a big break in corn, prices declining at the opening 1⅝@1¾c, then rallied to about the final of last night and were nervous and unsettled during the morning. The cables were decidedly higher except at Buda Pesth, advancing 5c. There was good foreign selling of wheat during the morning. Reports of quite serious damage in the lower north checked the selling pressure. Extreme sensitiveness in the afternoon in all grains with much smaller trading.

Corn—There was a very excited opening, prices declining 3¼c at New York, 4⅝c at Chicago and 3⅞c at St. Louis. As the corn dial moved rapidly downward there was tremendous cheering from the stock exchange end of the room. The big loss was momentary, prices advancing from 2@3½c from the lowest, and were also very irregular and unsettled. Press reports of good rainfall, official reports of light rainfall and cloudy weather west of the Mississippi were the principal factors in the early trading, the market being extremely difficult to trade in. Corn was nervous and less active after midday. The Nebraska state report was unfavorable for early corn and reported late corn in critical shape. The general crop bulletin was more favorable than expected, and prices broke rapidly.

Provisions—Trade was quiet during the morning, prices showing small changes. Live hogs were in smaller supply and a little firmer. Provisions closed quiet.

### Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, July 23.—Flour, all wheat, first patent, $4.75; second patent, $4.30; straight $3.75; extra fancy, $3.65; fancy, $3.35; extra family, $3.20. Corn, choice white, 78c. No. 2, do 77; No. 2 mixed 76. Oats, white, 52; mixed 48. Texas rustproof, 50. Rye, Georgia, $1; western rye, 90c. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, $1.10; No. 1, small bales, $1. No. 2 90c. Meal plain, 70c; bolted, 71. Bran, small sacks, $1.00. Shorts, $1.10. Stock meal, $1.15 per 100 pounds. Cotton seed meal, $1.15 per 100 pounds; hulls $8. Grits, barrel, $3.50, bags $1.85.

New York, July 23.—Flour firmly held in spite of the break in wheat. Wheat, spot easier; No. 2 red 78⅝; options opened with great activity and a sharp decline on better crop news and with the sensational break in corn. Later they rallied on cables and covering, but again yielded to heavy unloading and closed weak at 1¼@1⅝c net lower; July 76⅝; September 75⅝; October 76⅛. Corn, spot easy; No. 2 58½; option shade an opening collapse under reports of rain in the corn belt and wild unloading. A subsequent rally on covering was replaced by late heavy selling again on further rain news and the market closed weak, 3¼@3½c net lower; July 58¼; September 58⅝; October 59. Oats, spot easier; No. 2 40½@41; options weak and lower through more bearish crop news.

Chicago, July 23.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady. No. 2 spring wheat —; No. 3 spring 66@69½; No. 2 red 71@71½. No. 2 corn 54½; No. 2 yellow 55½. No. 2 oats 38¾@39; No. 2 white, 39½ @40½; No. 3 white 39¼@40. No. 2 rye 56¼.

St. Louis, July 23.—Flour higher. Wheat, No. 2 red 68¼; July 67½; September 68½; December 71½. Corn, No. 2 cash 51¼; July 56; September 55⅝. December 57⅝. Oats, No. 2 cash 41; July 40½; September 38½.

Cincinnati, July 23.—Flour dull. Wheat quiet; No. 2 red 68½. Corn easy; No. 2 mixed 58. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 41@42.

### Country Produce.

Atlanta, July 23.—Eggs 9@10c doz. Butter, fancy Jersey, 14c; creamery butter, 15c; Georgia butter, 10@11; Tennessee butter, slow sale, 11 to 12c. Live poultry, hens, 30 to 32c; turkeys, no sale. Ducks puddle, 18@20; Pekin 25@27. Honey, strained, 6@7; comb 8@9. Onions, 75@85 bu. Tomatoes, fancy stock, 50@75. Okra, $1.25@1.50. New potatoes, No. 1, $3.00@3.50 per bbl.; No. 2, $2.25@2.50 per bbl.

### Coffee and Sugar.

New York, July 23.—On fair trading coffee values worked within a limit of 5 points all day. The opening was steady with prices unchanged, and at the close the feeling was steady with last night's prices in store. The foreign market news averaged up a standoff, European weakness being counterbalanced by sharp improvement in Rio and Santos. Tremendous receipts at Brazilian ports discouraged public buying. There was a rather heavy feeling in the market for spot coffee, but prices were unchanged at 4.75 for July; September 4.80; October 4.90; December 5@5.05; January 5.10; February 5.20; March 5.25; April 5.30; May 5.30@5.35. Coffee, spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 5 11-16; mild quiet; Cordova 8¼@12½.

Sugar, raw firm; fair refining 3 9-16; centrifugal 96-test 4 3-16; molasses sugar 3 5-16; refined steady.

New Orleans, July 23.—Sugar quiet; open kettle 3 3-16@4; open kettle centrifugal 3 15-16@4¼; centrifugal yellow 4¼@4 9-16; seconds 2¼@3⅝. Molasses dull; centrifugal 5@14.

### Provisions.

Atlanta, July 23.—Clear rib sides, boxed 9; ribs 8⅞; rib bellies 9⅝@10; ice cured bellies, 10¼. Sugar cured hams, 10½@13⅛. Lard, 9½; best 10.

St. Louis, July 23.—Pork firm; jobbing $15.75. Lard steady at 8.52½. Dry salt meats, boxed quiet; extra shorts 8.12½; clear ribs 8.37½; clear sides 8.62½. Bacon, boxed quiet; extra shorts 9; clear ribs 9.37½; clear sides 9.50.

Chicago, July 23.—Mess pork $14.35@14.40. Lard 8.67½@8.70. Short ribs sides (loose) 7.85@8.00; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 7½@7⅝; short clear sides (boxed) 8.35@8.45.

Cincinnati, July 23.—Lard firm at 8.45. Bulk meats quiet at 8.17½. Bacon firm at 9.25.

New York, July 23.—Lard steady; refined steady. Pork firm.

### Groceries.

Atlanta, July 23.—Roasted coffee, per 100 pounds, Arbuckle, $11.30, Lion, $10.80. Green coffee, choice, 11, fair 10, prime 9. Sugar, standard granulated, 6. Sirup, New Orleans, open kettle, 25@40c; mixed, choice, 20@28c. South Georgia cane, 36@38. Salt, dairy, sacks, $1.30@1.40; barrel, bulk, $2.50; 100 3c; ice cream, $1.25. Common 60@70c. Cheese, full cream 12 1-2@13. Matches, 05, 45 3-4@55; 200 $1.50@1.75; 300s, $2.10. Soda, boxes, 6c. Crackers, soda, 6¼c; cream 7¼c; ginger snaps, 6¼c. Candy, common stick 7c; fancy 10@14c. Oysters, F. W., $2.10@2; L. W., $1.20.

### Fruit and Confections.

Atlanta, July 23.—Lemons, choice $5.50, fancy $5.75@$6. Nuts: Almonds 14@15. Peaches, 75c to $1. crate. Peanuts, Virginiam, 4@5c, Georgia, 2@3c. Watermelons 60c to $1 per car. Cantaloupes 50@75c per crate. Pine apples $2.00@2.50 per crate.

### Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., July 23.—Spirits turpentine firm at 33; receipts 2,188; sales 2,019; exports 2,520. Rosin firm; receipts 5,297; sales 1,076; exports 5,150. Quote: A, B, C, $1.15; D $1.20; E $1.25; F $1.30; G $1.35; H $1.45; I $1.60; K $1.95; M $2.40; N $2.75; window glass $3.05; waterwhite $3.55.

Charleston, July 23.—Turpentine firm at 32½; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; G $1.00; D $1.05; E $1.10; F $1.25; M $2.30; N $2.50; window glass $2.80; waterwhite $3.15.

Wilmington, July 23.—Spirits turpentine steady at 32@32½; receipts 77 casks. Rosin firm at 95c@$1.00; receipts 275. Crude turpentine quiet at $1.00@2.00; receipts 90. Tar firm at $1.0; receipts 104.

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THESE are prosperous days, and NOW is the time for the wage earner to lay aside a fund against a time of need. We suggest that you come to this bank and open an account in our
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A dollar is sufficient to start. Interest at the rate of 3 per cent allowed. State Depository and Clearing House for State Treasurer.
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Export Oil & Pipe Line Co.
OF BEAUMONT.
Incorporated Under the Laws of Texas.
President, Hon. CHARLES A. TOWNE, Of New York City and Beaumont, Texas.
Hon. S. B. COOPER, now serving his 5th term in the House of Congress as Representative of the 2d Congressional district of Texas, and a member of the Committee of Ways and Means, writes as follows:
Fifty-Sixth Congress.
Sereno E. Payne, Chairman.
John Dalzell. Joseph W. Babcock.
Albert J. Hopkins. James D. Richardson.
Charles H Grosvenor. Samuel M. Robertson.
Charles A. Russell. Claude A. Swanson.
George W. Steele. Geo. B. McClellan.
James A. Tawney. Francis G. Newlands.
Samuel W. McCall. Sam Bronson Cooper.
Chester I. Long. Oscar W. Underwood.
Hull Greenfield, Clerk.
COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Washington, D. C.
Beaumont, Texas, June 26, 1901.
Hon. CHAS. A. TOWNE, 342 Stock Exchange Building, Boston, Mass.
Dear Senator:—I have examined the list of lands belonging to the Export Oil and Pipe Line Co., and, in my opinion, their locality promises as good returns as any property in the oilfields upon which oil has not already been developed in paying quantities. The officers of the Company are men of known integrity and business qualifications, hence I believe an investment in this Company as safe, if not safer, than in any Company upon the properties of which there are not already flowing wells.
Your friend,
(Signed) S. B. COOPER.
Since this company's first offering of its stock five new gushers have come in near its Spindle-Top Heights land, where it is now drilling. Of these, the Manhattan, which came in July 12, lies 150 ft. south, and the Beatty No. 2, 145 ft. southwest of the Export property.
These instances simply confirm the already established fact that every well brought in on Spindle-Top Heights is sure to prove a gusher, and that, therefore, the Export Co. well now drilling WILL PROVE THE SAME.
For the purpose of developing the properties of the company a limited amount of capital stock is offered at
60c PER SHARE,
par value $1.00, full paid and non-assessable.
REMEMBER, that when the well "comes in" the stock goes out—that is, off the market. The only time to secure it at any price is before oil is struck; and the only time to secure this stock at 60 cents is IMMEDIATELY.
Subscriptions should be forwarded either to the company at Beaumont, Texas, or to its Fiscal Agents as below, with checks or drafts payable to the order of WALTER G. HUDSON & CO.
Send for illustrated prospectus mailed promptly on request.
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342 Stock Exchange Building, Boston, Mass.
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ATLANTA, GA.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY:
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Surplus and Undivided Profits, 570,000.00
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James Swann. P. Romare. A. E. Thornton. F. E. Block. S. M. Inman. C. E. Currier. H. T. Inman.
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(Compounded July and January) by
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CORNER BROAD AND ALABAMA STREETS.
Capital Paid Up........$150,000 | Special Guarantee Fund........$50,000
Call and see the Family Savings Bank, which we lend to depositors. You cannot open it. Start your boys to saving their 5 and 10-cent pieces. ROBT. H. JONES, President; THOS. G. LAWSON, Vice President. Both Phones, No. 1252.

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15,000 Alabama 4s, 1920.
20,000 Georgia 4½s, 1915.
16,000 Georgia 3½s, 1926.
5,000 State Ga. 4½s, 1908.
25,000 Augusta 3½s, 1929.
10,000 Augusta 4½s, 1923.
7,000 Augusta 5s, 1921.
10,000 Savannah 5s, 1909.
2,000 Ga. R. R. and Bkg. Co., reg'd. 6s, 1910.
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# ROYAL EDWARD AUTHORIZES ANOTHER POPULAR FASHION

### Significance in Order of the Garter Conferred on Queen.

### ATLANTA WOMAN TALKS OF PROBABLE FASHION

**Miss Caroline Gordon Entertains at Tea at Southerland — Members of the Younger Social Set Picnic Tonight at Grant Park.**

APROPOS of the fact that King Edward VII has conferred upon his royal consort, Queen Alexandra IX, the most noble order of the garter, and according to William E. Curtis's last London letter, "she will on her first formal appearance be expected to wear it upon her arm." The Chicago Record-Herald publishes a fashion plate cartoon, under the caption: "Hereafter no young woman will be quite up to date without a garter on the arm."

"It is no joke," said a young society woman when questioned on the subject yesterday, "for less attractive fashions have had their origin in less royal prerogatives, and the garter worn on the arm would be so adapted to the situation as to appear like nothing more nor less than a bracelet worn above the elbow or one of those black velvet bands that our grandmothers wore to accentuate the snowy whiteness of their arms.

"To wear such an ornament above the elbow would be far more attractive than to wear it upon the wrist, and I should not be at all surprised to see the fall and winter belles all wearing upon their right or left arm the badge signifying their membership in the 'Royal Order of the Garter.'

"If short sleeves are to be the fashion this season," said a hopelessly lean young woman, "and I hear they will be, I hope the wearing of the badge to Alexandra's new honor will not be confined to one arm, for I don't see how I can be expected to keep my mits above the elbow unless they are confined in some way. I am much in favor of the fashion threatened and think a band of satin or velvet ribbon confined by a tiny jeweled buckle (one like a pair of which many girls possess) would be a very pretty and desirable one, but I contend the badge should be appropriately worn on both arms."

And then the discussion hinged upon buckles and the size of buckles and the kind that would be prettiest to confine the new ornament that will probably adorn plump arms and lean ones if short sleeves are worn this winter.

## Tea Given by Miss Caroline Gordon

MISS CAROLINE GORDON entertained a few friends informally at tea last evening at her country home, "Southerland," which is one of the most beautiful and ideal in the south.

There is a nameless charm about the entertainments given here which makes them eagerly looked forward to by the fortunate guests. The table last evening was decorated with bright colored flowers, and Miss Gordon, the lovely young hostess, wore a soft white dress which was most becoming to her patrician style of beauty.

The guests present were: Miss Camille Coffee, Miss Roberta Sewell, Mrs. Ousley, Mr. William Chapin, Mr. Thomas Egleston, Dr. Michael Hoke and Mr. Orton Brown.

## Dance at Georgia Club.

The members of the Georgia Club entertained their friends at a delightful dance last evening in the pretty new ballroom of the club. There were present about fifty guests, and the occasion was thoroughly enjoyable.

This club is one of the most popular in the city, and among the members are some of the most prominent men in Atlanta.

## Young Society Set Etertain This Evening

About twenty-five of the members of the younger set will give a delightful moonlight picnic at Grant park this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Callaway and Mr. and Mrs. William S. Witham will chaperone the merry party, composed of the following young people: Miss Laura Witham, Miss Sarah Peel, Miss Katherine Gholstin, Miss Mary Deas Tupper, Miss Julian Perdue, Miss Mary Truitt, Miss Agnes Ladson, Miss Nellie Russell Law, Miss Foster, of Charleston, S. C., Miss Lula Callaway, Miss Grace Callaway, Miss Alice Cary and Miss Jennie Thomas; Messrs. Edward Cary, Tom Hall, Dick Thornton, Garland Prior, George Muse, J. G. Scrutchins, Jr., Joe Colquitt, Sam Tupper, Strother Fleming, Percy Taylor, Brook Arnall, Clinton Brockett and George Lownes.

## Miss Laura Witham Entertains at Tea Tomorrow Evening

Miss Laura Witham will compliment her guest, Miss Mary Truitt, of LaGrange, with an informal tea tomorrow evening at her home on Peachtree. Those invited to meet the guest of honor are: Misses Lula Callaway, of LaGrange; Grace Callaway, Agnes Ladson and Alice Cary; Messrs. Joe Colquitt, Henry Leonard, Will Tanner, George Lownes and George Muse.

## Social Items.

Mrs. Jack Cutler has returned from Asbury Park and is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Emma Bell.

***

Mr. Percy Adams has returned from Washington, Ga.

***

Mr. Hugh Adams, Mr. Bob Wood, Mr. John Walden and Mr. R. E. Bell leave the latter part of the week for New York and Buffalo.

***

Mr. Will Glenn and Mr. Harvey Phillips returned yesterday morning from a two weeks' trip north.

***

Miss Eva Hudson has returned to Gainesville.

***

Miss Katherine Durand is the guest of Mrs. J. B. Williams in Greenesboro.

***

Miss Alice Cary, of Gainesville, is the guest of Miss Lula Callaway.

***

Mrs. N. Olmstead is expected home soon from Indiana.

***

Miss Clara Lee is at Waynesville, N. C.

***

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Ruden are at Sewanee, Tenn.

***

Miss Mary Barnes, of Social Circle, is in the city.

***

Mrs. Haynes and Miss Mary Haynes are spending some time at Mt. Airy.

***

Miss Frances Carter will not return from Sapphire, N. C., until the middle of August.

***

Mr. and Mrs. George Holmes are at Asheville, N. C.

***

Miss Ada Alexander returns home this morning from a delightful visit to Wrightsville, N. C., where she was a guest at Miss Mabel Powers's house party. Later Miss Alexander will visit the Misses Black at the Peters farm, near Calhoun, Ga.

**MISS EMMA DAVIS,**
One of Atlanta's Bright and Pretty Young Women.

***

Mrs. J. K. Ohl will remain at the Majestic till Monday, after which she will be the guest of Mrs. George Naylor for several days.

***

Miss Isabel Black will visit Miss Dallas, of Nashville, Tenn., during the month of August.

***

The friends of Mrs. George Adair will be glad to learn she is a little better.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Black are now in Quebec, and will not return home till September.

***

The friends of Mrs. Meta Jones Tutt, of Augusta, who is at present the guest of Miss Ella Pope, will regret to learn that she is ill.

***

Miss Ola Spence has returned to her home in southwest Georgia.

***

Mr. Charles Conklin, Jr., left last week for New York, where he will join M and Mrs. Charles A. Conklin, who are contemplating residing in New York permanently.

***

Mr. Arthur Wilson is at Atlantic Beach, Fla.

***

Miss Kate O'Brien will remain at Tybee a week longer.

***

Mrs. William Howard, of Lexington, Ga., arrived in the city yesterday and is the guest of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. William King.

***

Miss Anne Wallace returns home tonight from a visit north and east.

***

Mr. James D. Robinson has returned from New York.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Houser are at the Aragon.

***

Mrs. Joseph Raine, Miss Annie Raine Mynatt and Mrs. Cleveland Willcoxon will spend the next few weeks at Oliver Springs, Tenn.

***

Mrs. T. D. Meador will spend the month of August at Tate, joining Mrs. Walter Taylor and Miss Virginia Arnold.

***

Mr. Marcellus O. Markham is the guest of his father at the residence of Mrs. Goldsboro Owens, on Peachtree.

***

There will be a number of informal supper parties at the Piedmont Driving Club this evening.

***

Miss Claire Moran is spending the summer with relatives near Jonesboro.

***

Miss Ada Evelyn Lewis and Mr. Harry Lewis have returned from a trip to the Buffalo exposition.

***

Miss Claire Moran is visiting relatives near Jonesboro, Ga. She will return to Atlanta by the first of September.

***

Mr. A. J. Shropshire, Jr., and his sister, Miss Nellie Bell Shropshire, leave today for New York, Buffalo and other points in the east.

***

Judge Spencer R. Atkinson, of the state railroad commission, is confined to his home with illness.

***

Miss Estelle Moody returns this week from Hogansville.

***

The Misses Wells, who have been visiting Miss Austin, have returned to their home in Carrollton.

***

Mrs. Marion Hull has returned from Athens.

***

Mrs. W. A. Hartman is the guest of friends in the city.

***

Miss Mamie Harrison has returned to her home in Newnan.

***

Mrs. Wynne is the guest of her sister, Mrs. F. D. Lowe, in Opelika, Ala.

***

Mrs. John Wilcox, who has been visiting relatives in the city, has returned to Knoxville.

***

Miss Edith Angier is the guest of Mrs. Jackson in Savannah.

***

Misses Julia and Annie Rawson have returned to Athens.

***

Mrs. Matt Turner, of Washington, Ga., is the guest of relatives in the city.

***

The friends of Miss Eva Barrett will regret to hear of her illness. She returned from her country home yesterday and is at her home on Mangum street.

***

Miss Nellie Loyd will spend the summer in the highlands of North Carolina.

***

Miss Bessie White is in Tennessee, where she will remain during the summer.

***

Miss Ada Alexander is expected home today from Wrightsville Beach.

***

Miss Helen Angier left yesterday for Oliver Springs, Tenn.

***

Mr. John Barry has returned from a house party in Washington, Ga.

***

Miss Mary Richards will spend the summer in the northern part of Tennessee.

***

Miss Lena Swift leaves soon for Mrs. Swift's house party in Elberton.

***

Miss Sadie Morris is spending several days with Miss Henrietta Collier.

***

Mr. Boyd Swift, of Macon, is in the city for a few days.

***

Mrs. Walter Bernswell has returned from a visit to her mother in Cartersville.

***

Mrs. Walter Kimball will spend some time longer at Lithia.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Calloway entertained informally at dinner Monday evening.

***

Mr. Morgan Gress leaves today for New York.

Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Indigestion and Dyspepsia mean that your stomach is weak. It needs the Bitters to strengthen and cleanse it. Don't experiment with so called remedies, insist upon having the genuine.

# THE WORKING WOMAN AND HER GENEROUS PATRON

All the talk that is heard these days about labor and capital brings about discussions pertaining to every phase of it, and on the one hand is heard sympathy for the laboring class; on the other the rights of the "money makers" are upheld.

That the rich or more properly speaking, the more prosperous are frequently careless of their obligations to the poor no one can doubt, nor can it be denied that the poor will sometimes deliberately take advantage of their benefactors or fail to appreciate them.

"Did you get the 75 cents, sonny?" asked the delicate looking woman sewing, of her little boy as he sought her where she was earning a dollar a day doing plain sewing in the home of a woman—a veritable benefactor."

"No, maw," was the reply, "and she said she'd send it when she got ready and that she didn't want to be bothered about it any more."

Then the working woman complained to her benefactor: "I have been trying to get that money for six weeks, but not a cent can I collect. I take in light work at night, and as I kept the garment made three days, I only charged for the work on it 75 cents, thinking I could collect it at once, as the lady for whom I made it is able to pay almost any price. She seems to think, however, that because it is such a little sum that it does not amount to much and that she ought not to be annoyed by being dunned for it. It amounts to a great deal to me, for I am depending on the money I earn on my night job to pay for the children's books when school begins in the fall.

"I know she will pay it some day, but I need it now," she continued, "and I do not think I should be neglected."

The lady failing in her obligations is one that is in the habit of paying her bills promptly. No doubt she settles up regularly with her grocer and probably paid him as much as $65.75 last week, but why on earth doesn't she let the grocer, the rich dry goods merchants and the swell modiste wait for the small amount of 75 cents on their bills of hundreds of dollars and remember to pay the miserable pittance of 75 cents to the poor woman who lives in the alley. Yes, she will be there at any time and it can be sent to her at any time, but it should have been paid that very evening, the little barefooted boy brought the garment to his mother's patron and said: "Here it is. Maw hopes you like it. It is 75 cents." He was as disappointed as the mother when it was not paid, because he has been told: "Never mind, you can go to school in the fall because I'll save the money I earn on night work."

Many a trip has the little boy made to the back door of the big house, and been told that he could not get what he wanted. In later years he will be urged upon to learn his part of the labor problem; he will be impressed with the idea that it is the only way to protect his interest; "the poor are appressed by the rich," he will hear. He will recall the incident of how day after day he went to collect the 75 cents for his mother, and how after all the lady moved away and it was never paid, and he will be convinced that the rich do oppress the poor, and he will act accordingly.

But as the woman who sews told to her benefactor the story leading up to the reflections herein expressed she neglected to acknowledge that whereas she was charging her present patron $1.00 a day, she had been previously working for 75 cents a day at a neighboring house. More than that, she had been making shirt waists for 35 cents each, but continued to charge 50 cents apiece when she made out the bill for the patron to whom she complained. "I will charge 'her' that much," this working woman argues, "because she won't mind it, and she is able to pay it," and so the prosperous woman who is generous and fulfills her obligations to the poor is frequently imposed upon, because she can be, while her penurious neighbor, because she is penurious, gets the same work as well done for less money.

When one thinks of the little boy and his pale-faced mother, troubling over the 75 cents, sympathy goes out for him, and the reflection is, "well, the working women must unite and do something to protect themselves but, again, if they do, won't their patrons have to unite to protect themselves. True, the patrons must have their sewing done, but just as sure the working woman must have sewing to do. The obligations are balanced, and whereas the careless woman who neglects to pay her poor seamstress what she owes her is unworthy the title "woman," the woman who sews must not forget her obligations to the patron whom she can rely upon and who has proved herself a friend in need—a friend indeed.

ISMA DOOLY.

## Hansberger-Reynolds.

Augusta, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Hon. Joseph H. Reynolds, solicitor general of the Augusta circuit, and Miss Fannie Hansberger were married this afternoon at the parsonage of St. Patrick's church by Father McMahon. While their marriage has been anticipated by their friends the time for the ceremony was unannounced and the marriage today was known only to a few relatives and intimate friends. Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds left immediately after the ceremony on the Georgia railroad for Tate Spring, Tenn., and the farther west. The bride is one of the prettiest women in Augusta and one of the most popular sopranos among Augusta's amateur musicians.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chat H. Fletcher.

THINK
AND GET A GAS STOVE

# FIVE COUNTIES GAIN A MILLION

### Tax Digests of Lowndes, Macon, Fannin, Mitchell and Dougherty.

### DADE COUNTY FALLS SHORT

**Increase in Lowndes Due Largely to Cotton Factories.**

### MITCHELL COUNTY STRIDES FORWARD

**Tax Returns Indicate That the Industrial Development Is Confined to South and Middle Georgia.**

The tax digests of five counties of the state received yesterday at the office of Comptroller General Wright show an aggregate increase over last year of more than a million dollars. No one of the larger counties of Georgia or those with the greater population are among the five, and, should the gain in the smaller counties come up to the average already set for the year, the aggregate increase in the property of the whole will be larger than ever before in a single year.

The county of Lowndes shows the remarkable increase of $421,113, and it is interesting to note that fully one-half of this gain is due to the establishment of cotton manufactories. An increase of $50,000 was realized in lands, $70,000 in bonds and notes, $88,000 in city property, $24,000 in building and loan property and $15,000 in bank shares.

Macon county shows an increase of $191,862, which is the largest gain the county has made in a single year for a long period of time. Mitchell county's digest indicates an increase of $225,119, while Fannin goes up $76,000 and Dougherty $64,000.

Dade county shows a decrease in values of $39,557. Judging from the digests of tax receivers, the material development which Georgia has experienced in the last three or four years was felt, and is still being felt, almost entirely in the southern part of the state. Only in rare instances have the tax returns from north Georgia shown any decided gain from the establishment of factories.

THE AUCTION SALE

of entire household at 265 Washington street, today at 10 a. m.

LEO FRESH, Auctioneer.

Our inventory just completed shows
218 Pair Odd Suit Pants
worth from $5 to $7.50 a pair. Most of these are solid colors, but there are a few ducks and stripes among them.
To run them off quickly we offer those worth $3, $3.50, $4 and $4.50
At $2.90 a Pair.
The finest ones worth from $5 to $7.50
At $3.90 a Pair.
These bargains are worth running for.
Eiseman & Weil,
26 Whitehall St.
Sole agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes, High Art Clothing, Carhartt Overalls.

THE NEW LYCEUM
EDGEWOOD AVE
Anderson's Polite Vaudeville.
JULIA KINGLEY CO. in Her Uncle's Niece
DRAWEE, The Juggler. | KATE DAHL, Prima Donna.
AL FIELDS and HARRY WARD,
The Whirlwind LAVELLES. | CONJURE BROS., Marvelous Acrobats.
THE VITAGRAPH—New Views.
Daily matinee except Monday. All Matinees 25 cts. Night prices, 10, 25, 35, 50 cts.

IMPERIAL THEATER
Week of July 21st—Imperial Burlesquers.
First Part, the Beautiful Burlesque, "Cristobella," by Harry Sefton, and all star Olio; Leneal Carlson, singing soubrette; Gussie Addison, one of the girls; Lafield Sisters, singers and dancers; Bryce and Ballard; Harry Sefton and John Lemuels, the popular comedians; afterpiece, "Eh, What Is It?" by John Lemuels, and a chorus of sixteen. Bring your smokers. Go where the crowd goes. Popular Prices—10, 15 and 25 cents. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

DON'T FORGET
THE AUCTION SALE
at 265 Washington street at 10 a. m. today.
LEO FRESH, Auctioneer.

# The Theatres

An audience as large as on opening night was present to witness the second performance at the Lyceum last night, and that they were thoroughly entertained can best be judged from the rounds of applause given each act. Fields and Ward, the comedians, were a hit, and it was only after they had exhausted every parody in their repertoire that they were allowed to leave the stage. The Coujure Brothers give the best acrobatic act that has been put on at the Lyceum this season. Kate Dahl introduced several new songs different from those she sang Monday night and was enthusiastically received. Julia Kingsley wore some handsome gowns last night and her clever sketch, "Her Uncle's Niece," was considered by all present to be one of the cleverest playettes ever presented here in vaudeville. Drawee made a pronounced impression with his clever juggling. The vitagraph is showing this week an unusually well selected list of interesting pictures, which are heartily encored. Especially is this true of the cotton picking scene on a Georgia plantation.

The many friends of Miss Anna Hollinger, the charming young actress, who was a member of the stock company which played an engagement at the Grand early in the summer, will be pleased to learn that she has been engaged to create the leading role of Rose in Eugene Presby's comedy drama, "New England Folks." The play will be given its first presentation at the Fourteenth Street theater in New York city early in October. Miss Hollinger is now at her home in Marion, Ind., but will return to the east in September for rehearsals, making her home in New York city for the winter.

STUART'S GIN AND BUCHU
For Women's Kidneys—Cures Back Pains, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sallow Skin.
Medical Advice Free.
If women would only treat their kidneys with Stuart's Gin and Buchu in place of treating their troubles as "female weakness," there would be less sickness. If you have awful pains in the back, urine looks badly, with strong odor, frequent desire to pass it night or day, neuralgia, headache, puffy or dark circles under the eyes, dizziness, dragging pains, feet and ankles swell, sallow complexion—these symptoms are signs of weak kidneys and approaching Bright's disease. Take Stuart's Gin and Buchu and all these symptoms will disappear. Stuart's Gin and Buchu gives power, strength and vigor to the kidneys; makes the blood pure, red and nourishing. Headaches, dizziness, backaches, all disappear and the urine looks healthy and acts naturally. Stuart's Gin and Buchu, an old reliable remedy that cures when all else fails. Druggists, $1. Medical advice about kidneys free by writing Stuart Mfg. Co., Atlanta, Ga.

$2.50 to Birmingham, Ala., and return, via Southern Railway, Monday, July 5, 8:00 a. m. Tickets good to return Tuesday.

Keely's Rummage Sale
Goes Merrily On.
This evening up of stocks, the adjustment of the season's business, is not altogether a selfish aim. It gives the manufacturers an outlet for over-production.
There's one sure thing, you're always certain to find the mosted wanted things at Keely's.
Come for the goods most in demand this season.
Come expecting to buy them from a fourth to a half under regular prices.
Epitome of the Sale
Remnants Wash Goods, Part Pieces Silks, Crepes, etc., Embroideries, Laces, Underwear Clearances, Shirt Waists, Carpet Remnants.
Shrewd shoppers are buying ahead for the best part of a year. This clearance is a little earlier than usual this year—but that gives you added wearing time.
Wash Goods. SECTION 1.
Remnants and part pieces of Embroidered Swiss, Tissues, Batistes, Openwork Lawns, Zephyrs, and scores of other foreign and domestic wash fabrics. These are priced a third less than regular value.
White Goods and Linens. SECTION 2.
When in doubt buy white. Here are the finest Nainsooks, Mulls, Persian Lawns, Chiffons, Claires, Waist Linens, Table Damask, Toweling, Crashes, Hucks and Bed Linens. All are marked a quarter under prices.
15c Genuine Irish Dimities about six thousand yards 15c
Just from the importer—and just in time to go on the bargain table at 15c a yard. This is one of the "outlets." The best patterns are here to choose from—think of it! Why, the imitation costs just as much as the real. Next year you'll be paying twenty-five cents for them. There's a hint for you—buy now for next year.
Muslin Underwear Clearance
Gowns and Petticoats which have been slightly mussed in the great sale of last week. Also a large lot which has been used in window display, will close out at one price. Gowns and Petticoats which would be good value at twice the price, will be thrown upon the Remnant Tables……… 39c
Special Lot of Embroideries
Of Swiss, Nainsook and Cambric, with margin edges, bands and rufflings, parts of broken sets of our high novelty exclusive styles. Some of them have been in the sets, as high as 75c, none were less than 40c. All go in the Remnant Sale……….. 29c
Remnants of Fine Laces
Great piles of broken assortments of every description and all qualities.
Vandyke Laces, French Laces, Chantilly Insertions, Black and White Clunys, Zig-Zag Galoons, Waved Band Laces.
All clearing at Remnant Prices. About half value.
Shirt Waist Clearance
White and colored Waists in broken assortments of many styles. Your size in some style. Some of these Waists were $2.00, some $2.50, none were less than one-fifty, all go on Remnant Counter Sale.. 98c
KEELY'S. KEELY'S. KEELY'S.

HOTELS AND SUMMER RESORTS

—THE—
PRINCESS ANNE HOTEL,
VIRGINIA BEACH, VA.
Recently remodeled and refitted, now conducted under the lease of Mr. T. D. Green, for two years identified with the management of the Jefferson at Richmond, Va.

Saratoga,
The Grand Union
For terms and circular address
WOOLEY & GERRANS, Proprietors,
Saratoga Springs, New York

THE BEAUTIFUL SAPPHIRE COUNTRY
THE SWITZERLAND OF AMERICA.
First-class hotels. Good boating, riding and driving, golf, etc. The most popular resort in the south. For booklets, rates, etc., address
MANAGER OF HOTELS,
SAPPHIRE, N. C.
Booklets of "The Beautiful Sapphire Country" can be had at ticket office Southern Railway, Kimball house.

SIX MONTHS' TREATMENT FOR ONE DOLLAR
Dr. Burkhart's
VEGETABLE
COMPOUND.
POSITIVELY CURES pain in side, back, under shoulder blade, smothering sensations, tired feeling, poor appetite, coated tongue, pimples on face, bad taste, sick or bloated stomach, dizziness, headache, restlessness at night, night sweats, and all blood disorders. All druggists.
Dr. W. S. Burkhart, Cincinnati, O.

TO EUROPE
with Safety and Speed. Average voyage less than 7 days. Boston to Queenstown and Liverpool. Take one of the Palatial New Twin Screw Steamers of the
DOMINION LINE
New England, 11,600 tons, Aug. 14—Sept. 11 | Commonwealth, 13,000 tons, July 31 and Aug. 28.
Saloon passage, $60 and up; 2d cabin, $40.00; 3d class at lowest rates. For passage, plans and illustrated folder apply to the company's office.
77 State St., Boston, Mass.

BIG FOUR
The Quickest Way to
BUFFALO!
Only 11 Hours From
CINCINNATI.
Stop-over of ten days allowed in Buffalo on all New York and Boston tickets.
Through tickets from Cincinnati are good via steamer line between Cleveland and Buffalo in either direction without extra charge.
C. C. Clark, T. P. A., Chattanooga.
W. J. Lynch, G. P. & T. A., Cincinnati, O.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

HOTEL EMPIRE
BROADWAY AND 63d ST., N. Y. CITY.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
MODERATE RATES
From Grand Central Station take Broadway and 7th Ave. cars, seven minutes to EMPIRE.
From the Fall River Boats take the 9th Ave. Elevated to 59th Street, from which Hotel is one minute's walk.
Within ten minutes of amusement and shopping centers. All cars pass the Empire.
Send postal for descriptive booklet.

Allenhurst Inn
AND COTTAGES
"From Lake to Ocean."
ALLENHURST, N. J.
A DELIGHTFUL COMBINATION OF OCEAN, LAKE AND WOODLAND
Finest Golf Course in America--Vardon
Both Hotels under the management of W. JOHNSON QUINN.

Eseeola Inn, inville, N. C.
Elevation 3,800 Feet.
Golf. Golf. Golf.
Coolest and Best Place in the South for Summer.
Write for full information.
GOOD TROUT FISHING.

THE CLIFF HOUSE,
Tallulah Falls, Ga.
Hotel greatly improved; a new story added; toilets and bathrooms put in; fine orchestra; new tennis court, and good drives. Hotel will be better run this year than ever before. Write for folder.
J. C. WYATT, Manager.

HOTEL ALBERT,
EUROPEAN PLAN,
11th Street and University Place,
1 Block West of Broadway, New York.
Location central, yet quiet. Moderate prices. Best of rooms and service.
Restaurant Offers Best Value in City.
L. & E. FRENKEL, PROPS.

THE COOLEDGE
Is pleasant summer and winter. Coolest dining room in the city. Building recently renovated. Excellent service at moderate rates. Only a few minutes' walk from business center to electric fanned dining room of the Cooledge.
49-51 HOUSTON STREET.

**Henry Clay Flour.**

LEXINGTON ROLLER MILLS CO. INCORPORATED HENRY CLAY ROLLER EXTRACT FLOUR LEXINGTON, KY.

A Strong Flour....

Needs a very small amount of soda to make it rise. We guarantee "Henry Clay" to be the strongest winter wheat flour sold in the south.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

**PANNILL'S ROOF PAINT**

Will stop your roof from leaking. We guarantee it for 5 years. We do Roofing, Guttering and all kinds Metal Work.

ROBINSON & RUSSELL.
Phone 4221. 41 South Broad St.

**OPIUM COCAINE AND WHISKY** Habits Cured at my Sanatorium, in 30 days. Hundreds of references. 25 years a specialty. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

**PETER LYNCH**

—AT—

**95 Whitehall Street,**

Dealer in foreign and domestic wines, liquors, tobaccos, cigars and all such goods as belong with a first-class liquor store. Pure wines and liquors for medicinal purposes.

Peter Lynch is also running at No. 7 West Mitchell street his great Variety Store, and is daily getting more and more established as such. He has now on hand Spring Turnip Seeds, Bush Beans, Cornfield Beans, Butter Beans, Onion Sets, Seed, Corn in the Ear, and nearly all other seeds for garden and field planting; Kentucky Blue Grass Seed, also Fruit Jars, Mason's Improved, Mason's Metal Top, Millville and Woodbury, pints, quarts and half gallons; also gardening and other tools; 100 empty wine and spirit barrels, half barrels and kegs. Terms cash.

IDEAL Graphophone.

Plays both large and small records. Costs only $25.00. All the latest Records.

DISCOUNT TO TRADE.

ATLANTA PHONO CO.

**A. F. LIEBMAN,**

Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree Street.

**PEACHTREE LOT**

One of the prettiest and by far the cheapest lot on this street. 100x190 to alley, just north of Twelfth street.

If you are interested in Peachtree street property it will pay you to investigate the above.

A. F. LIEBMAN,
28 Peachtree St.

**OPIUM** Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Sanitarium, Box 8, Austell, Ga.

**COTTON SEED OIL**

AND GIN MACHINERY.

Not in Any Combination or Trust.

Complete plants from 15 to 200 tons capacity. Special small plants for ginneries. Cotton gins and complete ginning systems.

E. Van Winkle Gin & Machine Works Atlanta Ga.

A thrilling serial which will be printed daily and Sunday until its completion

# Retribution

Just the sort of story for summer reading—far more interesting than the average story

### By LOLLIE C. BELL.

## PART II.

### CHAPTER II.

### Mrs. Bassinger's Companion.

"Well, Ray," said her cousin, as he came into the drawing-room bringing a rush of cold air with him, "how are you this morning, and where are the other members of your household?"

"Why, Don, have you lost your lazy habits? I had no idea I should see you before twelve. Auntie has not come down yet and Miss Penzil is ill, so I'm all alone."

"My coming is opportune, then, if I succeed in chasing away that very serious expression which shadowed your face just then. Of what were you thinking so intently?"

"I was thinking of Miss Penzil and wondering what caused her to faint this morning. I was terribly frightened and thought for a moment she was dead."

"Who is this Miss Penzil, and how does she happen to be here?" asked Trafford, a vision of the fragile, dark-haired girl that he had seen the night before coming to him.

"Miss Penzil is Auntie's companion. I am going abroad with Mrs. Dormer in the early spring, you know, and as we did not like the idea of leaving Auntie alone. Aunt Clara suggested that we get her a companion. So Miss Penzil came about two months ago. She is a little bit queer sometimes; but she is a charming girl, I think, and so intelligent. I feel quite ashamed of myself beside her. We are studying French together. Aunt Clara suggested that also, as we will spend a month or more in Paris, and Miss Penzil speaks French like a native. Her history is a sad one and I feel very sorry for her."

"Tell me about it," said Trafford with interest, drawing a chair and seating himself beside her.

"Well, I'll begin at the beginning, as the children say, and tell you just as Aunt Clara gave it to us. Miss Penzil's parents were French. They left their native country when she was very small to come to the United States. Her mother sickened and died during the voyage to this country, and the young father was left with a two-year-old baby on his hands. He was almost broken hearted over the death of his wife, and seemed to be in an apathy of despair, giving no thought or care to the future. There were some kind-hearted people on board the steamer who took a deep interest in the sad case, and when they landed, one of the ladies, a professor's wife, took charge of the little girl for him until he could find work. After many failures, he at last secured a position as French instructor at Bowdoin college. This he held for five years. At the end of that time he died suddenly of heart failure, and little Norinne was orphaned indeed. The good lady who had been her benefactor the first time, came forward again and took her to her home. She remained there only a short time, when she was sent to school. And this college was her home until she was seventeen. In the meantime both the old professor and his wife passed away, and when the little foreigner graduated, she went out entirely alone in the world, except the friends she had made at college. For once, however, fortune favored her, and in stead of the drudgery of teaching, she secured a place as companion to Mrs. Darien of L——. You have heard Aunt Clara speak of Mrs. Darien, I know, for they were schoolmates, and are quite devoted to each other. It is owing to this intimacy that we were able to secure Miss Penzil. Although Aunt Clara and Mrs. Darien have not seen each other for years, they have always kept up the correspondence begun in their girlhood. So, when Aunt Clara wrote her friend that I was going abroad, and spoke of getting a companion for Auntie, Mrs. Darien wrote back immediately and asked for the place for Miss Penzil, saying what a treasure she was and how she hated to give her up. But Mr. Darien's health was so wretched, they intended to take a tour through the west and see if it would benefit him, and that it would be impossible to take Miss Penzil with them. Well, the consequence was that Auntie decided to take her and she came, and has been here ever since. Everyone likes her, she is so quiet and attentive to the comfort and pleasure of all around her. I hope Mrs. Darien will not want her when she returns. I should be so sorry for her to leave us. She does not look strong, but she has never been ill since she came and I was never more startled in my life, than when she lost consciousness this morning. By the way, Don, she told me she saw you last night."

"Yes; I gave her quite a fright, I'm afraid. I grew restless waiting for your return, and wandering into the music room, I found her lying there asleep. You can imagine my surprise, as I did not know anyone was in the house except the servants and myself, and while I was staring at her and wondering who she could be, she woke up and, of course, was startled to see a strange man bending over her."

"Do you think her pretty, Don?"

"I think she has a very attractive face, and would be beautiful if she was not so pale. There is something childishly pathetic about her!"

"Yet she is always very reserved and self-posessed. It is plain to see that her parents must have been gentlefolks, for she is a perfect lady.

"In spite of her loneliness, she is a lucky little woman, anyway, for it is evident she has found a place in your heart, sweet cousin. Be as good to her as you like, for I fancy what you say is true, and that her short life has known more shadow than sun. I hope she will not be ill."

"I hope not, indeed. It is so near the holidays."

"Who are your visitors for this year? Will you have many?"

"Oh, yes; quite a crowd. All the boys are coming and Aunt Clara and Chris Malvern and several of our set are going out with us. This shall be the merriest Christmas any of us have ever known, to show how glad we are to have you with us, if for nothing else, Don."

"I hope it will bring you all the happiness you deserve. You are too good to me, Ray," he said, looking with cousinly tenderness into the radiantly happy face. "I wonder how I could stay away so long. By the way, when did Aunt Clara and Chris return? I understood they were to remain abroad for a year at least."

"They came back in November. Aunt Clara intended to remain until spring, but at the last moment Gerald hunted up some excuse to keep from going with them, and went off out west somewhere. I think Aunt Clara was too much worried over that to stay away. You know how determined she is that he shall marry Chris."

"Poor Chris!" said Trafford, lightly, "it is a trifle bad on her to be married out of hand that way. If I was her I should object."

"Oh, but she quite likes the idea. She has no notion of objecting. And if one looks at it from a worldly point of view, it is a very suitable match all around. Chris has money. She is of good family, distantly related to Gerald's father, you know, and besides I do not think she is bad looking."

"I grant that, but think of spending a lifetime with Chris! Poor fellow, I do not blame him, I would rebel, too. That is, if she is anything like she used to be."

Ray nodded. "She hasn't changed a particle. I know you will say so when you see her. But no matter what she is, I think it is wrong in her uncle and Aunt Clara to try to force Gerald to marry her."

"Where is Gerald?"

"I don't know. He has been here in the city; came last week. I have only seen him once, and, Don, mark my words, there is something wrong with Gerald. He looks dreadfully, and he is so restless and strange. I cannot help feeling worried about him; but his mother does not see it at all. She is so delighted at the idea that he and Chris are really engaged at last that I think her eyes are blinded to everything else!"

"I hope there's nothing the matter," said Trafford, reflectively. "Gerald may be in debt, but I'm sure it's nothing worse than that. He's been going at a rather swift pace, I hear; and though his father left him a tidy little fortune, it won't last long the way he lives. The other boys are getting on all right, I suppose?"

"Yes, I guess they are. I know Will is. He is rising rapidly in his profession. Phil has changed more than any of us, I suppose, since you went away. He looks quite a man, and so handsome in his uniform. He will be up from West Point Saturday. And we will all go down to Hazel Hurst some time next week. But tell me of yourself, Don. What have you been doing to keep you away from us so long?"

"Wandering around, leading a happy, aimless life—that is all. I feel quite ashamed of myself. All the boys are at work in their chosen profession except myself, and I have nothing to show for the last five years."

"Yet I suppose you have enjoyed it all."

"Yes, very much, indeed. I fancy I must have gypsy blood in my veins, as the life of a rover appears to suit me better than any other. But I am glad to be at home again—very glad, indeed."

Ray's heart beat faster at the low, earnest words, but she only said quietly:

"We are all glad, Don, auntie and I most of all."

Miss Penzil came down that evening looking like a shadowy little spirit, but she was quite calm and composed, an entirely different being from the agitated, passionate creature Trafford had seen the night before. She brought out the chessmen, and with steady fingers played with Mrs. Bassinger for fully an hour, leaving the cousins tete-a-tete. Although they were seated on the opposite side of the room from the others, Donald had a good view of her face, and it seemed to possess a curious fascination for him as he watched her closely while he talked lightly to Ray of the various plans of amusement for the following week. If the girl felt his scrutiny she appeared utterly unconscious of it. Only once she raised her head a little haughtily and defiantly, as if she dared him to find out anything from his self-imposed task. At last the game was finished and Trafford asked for some music.

"Do you feel well enough to try our 'Serenade' we learned last week, Miss Penzil? I would like to sing that for Don if it will not worry you to play the accompaniment. I sing so much better if I have someone to play for me."

"Pray, if you are not feeling quite well do not play, Miss Penzil," said Trafford kindly, as he noticed a faint hesitation in her manner. "Dearly as I love to hear Miss Carstairs sing, I can wait."

"Thank you," was the quiet answer, "but I am quite well again and not at all tired."

"Don is right," said Ray; "perhaps I had best excuse you. For the moment I had forgotten your indisposition of the morning."

"It was nothing," was the hasty answer, and as if she wished to avoid the subject Miss Penzil went quickly to the piano and, selecting the music, placed it in position and began the slow, dreamy prelude. Ray's voice was sweet and clear as a bird's, and the nearness of the man she loved put all the tenderness and passion of her heart into the song. She sang it to the finish with a pathos and expression she had perhaps never given before.

"It is perfect," said her cousin. "Your voice was very sweet when I last heard you sing, but it has improved wonderfully. I think the gods have been unfair in their distribution of the gifts and you have more than your share."

Ray blushed at his ardent praise, and then one by one she sang their old favorites, as he called for them, until her store was finished.

"It is a night stolen from the past, cousin," he said, as they strolled away into the other room where Mrs. Bassanger was nodding over her book.

When she was left alone the little companion sat silent, her brown eyes filled with gloom, staring straight before her as if she had forgotten the events of the night and all that happened around her. At last she threw out her hand with a gesture of defiance.

"I will not go—never. I shall fight it out to the end. Come what will, I shall stay. What has come over me, I wonder? Have I lost my courage?"

For a moment a warm color shone in her face, then faded, and, rising from the piano, she closed it and slipped quietly away.

(To Be Continued.)

## CENTRAL RECORDS BONDS.

### Big Issues of Road Recorded in Secretary of State's Office.

The Central of Georgia Railway Company filed for record in the office of Secretary Philip Cook three bond issues made by the road on July 1, 1900, and June 1 1901. The aggregate of the three issues amounts to $2,500,000, and in placing the bonds on record at this time the indications are that the Central contemplates improvement on its system or some venture, the facts of which have not yet been given out.

A record was made yesterday of consolidated bonds amounting to $200,000 issued on July 1, 1900; of Chattanooga Division bonds to the amount of $1,840,000 on June 1, 1901, and of Oconee Division bonds of $462,000 on June 1, 1901.

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## THE SUPREME COURT.

Decisions rendered Tuesday, July 23, 1901:

725. Ivey v. State. Before Judge Fite. Whitfield superior court. Judgment reversed. All the justices concur. Jesse A. Glenn and George G. Glenn, for plaintiff in error. Sam P. Maddox, solicitor general, contra.

726. Coney v. State. Before Judge Adams. City court of Dublin. Judgment reversed. All concur. Griner & Williams, for plaintiff in error. F. G. Corker, solicitor general, contra.

727. Beysiegel et al. v. Rome Mutual Loan Association. Before Judge Henry. Floyd superior court. Judgment reversed. All concur. G. A. A. Harris & Son, for plaintiffs in error. Halsted Smith, contra.

728. McFarland v. Park Woolen Mills. Before Judge Henry. Walker superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. Tomlinson Fort and Payne & Payne, for plaintiff. Pritchard & Sizer, for defendant.

729. Sims v. Sims. Before Judge Littlejohn. Sumter superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. Allen Fort, F. A. Hooper and E. A. Hawkins, for plaintiff in error. J. T. Hill and Guerry & Hall, contra.

730. Hollingsworth v. Howard. Before Judge Candler. DeKalb superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. R. W. Milner and Hugh M. Dorsey, for plaintiff in error. James K. Hines, contra.

731. Terrell v. Fraser. Before Judge Calhoun. City court of Atlanta. Judgment affirmed. All concur. W. H. Terrell and S. C. Tapp, for plaintiff in error. E. M. & G. F. Mitchell, contra.

732. Southern Live Stock Insurance Company v. Benjamin et al. Arbitration. Before Judge Reid. City court of Atlanta. Judgment reversed. All concur. H. E. W. Palmer and T. L. Bishop, for plaintiff in error. John L. Hopkins & Sons, contra.

733. Griffin v. Central of Georgia Railway Company. Case. Before Judge Estes. Newton superior court. Judgment reversed. All concur. E. F. Edwards and Guerry & Hall, for plaintiff. Lawton & Cunningham, for defendant.

734. Lynch v. Florida Central and Peninsular Railroad Company. Case. Before Judge Seabrook. Effingham superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. D. H. Clark, for plaintiff. Denmark, Adams & Freeman, for defendant.

735. Hazlehurst Company v. Napier Bros. Appeal. Before Judge Felton. Bibb superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. M. W. Harris, for plaintiff in error. Hardeman, Davis, Turner & Jones, contra.

736. Gaines v. Bankers' Alliance. Action on insurance policy. Before Judge Reese. Hart superior court. Judgment reversed. All concur. I. C. VanDuzer and C. P. Harris, for plaintiff. J. H. Skelton, for defendant.

737. Thornton v. Mutual Building and Loan Association. Illegality. Before Judge Reese. Hart superior court. Judgment reversed. All concur. A. G. McCurry and O. C. Brown, for plaintiff in error. W. L. Hodges and J. H. Skelton, contra.

738. Culver v. Silver. Complaint for land. Before Judge Reese. Hancock superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. T. L. Reese, for plaintiff in error. R. H. Lewis and C. A. Picquet, contra.

739. Burt v. Kuhnen. Claim. Before Judge Estes. Habersham superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. J. C. Edwards and M. T. Perkins, for plaintiff in error. Hubert Estes and Robert McMillan, contra.

740. Burt v. Rubley. Claim. Before Judge Estes. Habersham superior court. Judgment reversed. All concur. J. C. Edwards and M. T. Perkins, for plaintiff in error. Hubert Estes and Robert McMillan, contra.

741. Johnson et al. v. Gilmer, sheriff. Injunction. Before Judge Estes. Hall superior court. Judgment reversed. All concur. Hubert Estes and H. H. Perry, for plaintiffs in error. W. A. Charters and H. H. Dean, contra.

742. Walker v. State. Before Judge Crisp. City court of Americus. Judgment affirmed. All concur. W. W. Dykes and Blalock & Cobb, for plaintiff in error. J. A. Ansley, Jr., solicitor, contra.

743. Clarke et al. v. Wheatley, receiver. Equitable petition. Before Judge Reagan. Sumter superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. W. F. Clarke, W. M. Hawkes and Bacon, Miller & Brunson, for plaintiff in error. Allen Fort and W. P. Wallis, contra.

744. Kline v. Russell. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. G. W. Brooks, for plaintiff in error. R. J. Hancock, contra.

745. Armsby Company v. Shewmake & Murphy. Attachment. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. C. D. Maddox, for plaintiff. Rosser & Carter, for defendant.

746. Ray v. State. Before Judge Parker. City court of Baxley. Judgment reversed. All concur. E. P. Padgett & Son, for plaintiff in error. J. H. Thomas, solicitor, contra.

747. Holmes v. State. Before Judge Felton. Bibb superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. John R. Cooper, for plaintiff in error. William Brunson, solicitor general, contra.

748. Vince v. State. Before Judge Adams. City court of Dublin. Judgment reversed. All concur. Akerman & Akerman, for plaintiff in error. F. G. Corker, solicitor, contra.

749. Sparks, receiver, v. Georgia Southern and Florida Railway Company. Before Judge Felton. Bibb superior court. Judgment affirmed. All concur. Guerry & Hall, for plaintiff in error. Hall & Wimberly, contra.

750. Bruhl v. Coleman et al. Case. Before Judge Evans. Emanuel superior court. Judgment reversed. All concur, except Little, J., who dissents as to the liability of the person who gave the order to the express company. R. C. Jordan, Roland Ellis and J. Alex. Smith, for plaintiff. Saffold & Mitchell, contra.

751. Mayor and Council of Macon v. Dannenberg. Action for damages. Judgment reversed. All concur. Minter Wimberly, for plaintiff in error. Hardeman, Davis, Turner & Jones, contra.

752. Tindall v. Nisbet, clerk. Rule for contempt. Before Judge Candler. Tindall v. Westcott, sheriff. Habeas corpus. Before Judge Lumpkin. Bibb superior court. Judgment in each case affirmed. All concur. John P. Ross, for plaintiff in error. N. E. Harris, C. P. Steed, Anderson & Grace, O. J. Wimberly and John I. Hall, contra.

753. Conwell & Neal v. Andrew. Complaint. Before Judge Proffitt. City court of Elberton. Judgment affirmed. All concur. Z. B. Rogers and Rogers & Rogers, for plaintiffs in error. Joseph N. Worley, contra.

754. Bass Dry Goods Company v. Granite City Manufacturing Company. Complaint. Before Judge Proffitt. City court of Elberton. Judgment reversed. All concur. J. E. McClelland and Rogers & Rogers, for plaintiff in error. Joseph N. Worley, contra.

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## THE WEATHER.

Washington July 23.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Virginia—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature; variable winds.

North and South Carolina—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; light to fresh southerly winds.

Eastern Florida—Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday, with occasional showers; light easterly winds.

Western Florida—Local thunder storms Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy; light southeasterly winds.

Alabama—Fair in northern, local thundershowers in southern portion Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy; light southeasterly winds.

Mississippi—Local thunder storms Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy; various winds.

Louisiana—Fair in western, local thunder storms in eastern portion Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy; variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Local showers Wednesday and probably Thursday; light east to south winds.

Western Texas—Local rains Wednesday; Thursday fair; variable winds.

| STATION. | Temperature at 7 p. m. | Highest Temperature. | Rainfall in past 12 hours. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mobile, rain | 76 | 82 | 1.48 |
| Montgomery, part cloudy | 82 | 90 | T |
| New Orleans, cloudy | 82 | 88 | .00 |
| Corpus Christi, cloudy | 82 | 82 | .24 |
| Galveston, clear | 84 | 86 | T |
| Palestine, clear | 82 | 90 | .00 |
| Tampa, cloudy | 80 | 80 | .01 |
| Knoxville, clear | 92 | 98 | .00 |
| New York, part cloudy | 84 | [illegible] | .00 |
| Buffalo, cloudy | 78 | 84 | .00 |
| Detroit, cloudy | 78 | 88 | .00 |
| Augusta, clear | 86 | 88 | .00 |
| Charleston, clear | 82 | 86 | .00 |
| Charlotte, clear | 84 | 88 | .00 |
| Jacksonville, clear | 80 | 90 | T |
| Norfolk, cloudy | 82 | 94 | .18 |
| Raleigh, cloudy | 84 | 92 | .00 |
| Savannah, clear | 80 | 86 | .00 |
| Wilmington, clear | 80 | 88 | .00 |
| Abilene, part cloudy | 88 | 90 | .00 |
| St. Louis, part cloudy | 102 | 106 | .00 |
| Chicago, clear | 78 | 82 | .00 |
| Cincinnati, clear | 90 | 94 | .00 |
| Kansas City, clear | 98 | 102 | .00 |
| Chattanooga, clear | 88 | 94 | .00 |
| St. Paul, part cloudy | 96 | 100 | .00 |
| Memphis, part cloudy | 98 | 104 | .00 |
| Vicksburg, cloudy | 74 | 88 | .68 |
| Omaha, clear | 98 | .. | .00 |
| Dodge City, part cloudy | 90 | 94 | .00 |
| North Platte, part cloudy | 86 | 92 | .08 |
| Rapid City, clear | 92 | 96 | .00 |
| Huron, clear | 98 | 102 | .00 |

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

## Arrival and Departure of Trains.

### CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

| No. | Arrive From. | No. | Depart To. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 101 | Jonesboro.. 6 45 am | *102 | Jonesboro .. 5 50 am |
| * 3 | Savannah.. 7 25 am | * 2 | Savannah.. 8 00 am |
| *103 | Jonesboro.. 8 05 am | 104 | Hapeville.. 8 30 am |
| 109 | Hapeville.. 9 40 am | 108 | Jonesboro..12 10 pm |
| * 11 | Macon.. ..11 20 am | 110 | Hapeville.. 3 40 pm |
| 111 | Jonesboro.. 2 05 pm | * 12 | Macon .... 4 05 pm |
| 113 | Hapeville.. 4 50 pm | 112 | Hapeville.. 5 00 pm |
| 115 | Hapeville.. 6 15 pm | 114 | Jonesboro.. 6 10 pm |
| 1 | Savannah.. 7 45 pm | * 4 | Savannah.. 9 00 pm |
| 117 | Jonesboro.. 8 10 pm | 118 | Jonesboro..11.10 pm |
| | Following Trains Sunday Only: | | Following Trains Sunday Only: |
| 119 | Hapeville..10 45 am | 120 | Hapeville.. 9 10 am |
| 121 | Hapeville.. 2 05 pm | 122 | Hapeville..12 50 pm |

*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

### WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

| No. | Arrive From | No. | Depart To. |
|---|---|---|---|
| * 3 | Nashville... 7 30 am | * 2 | Nashville... 8 15 am |
| 73 | Marietta... 8 40 am | 74 | Marietta....12 10 pm |
| *91 | Nashville...11 35 am | *92 | Nashville... 5 00 pm |
| 75 | Marietta... 2 40 pm | 72 | Marietta.... 5 30 pm |
| * 1 | Nashville... 7 30 pm | * 4 | Nashville... 8 30 pm |

### SEABOARD AIR-LINE RAILROAD.

| No. | Arrive From. | No. | Depart To. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *27 | Norfolk..... 8 06 am | * 59 | Clinton.... 4 45 am |
| *31 | Washington 3 55 pm | *402 | Washing'n.12 00 n'n |
| * 53 | Clinton.... 7 00 pm | * 38 | Norfolk.... 8 00 pm |

### GEORGIA RAILROAD

| No. | Arrive From. | No. | Depart To. |
|---|---|---|---|
| * 3 | Augusta.... 5 00 am | * 2 | Augusta.... 7 55 am |
| 23 | Conyers.... 6 45 am | 26 | Lithonia....10 05 am |
| 9 | Covington.. 7 45 am | *28 | Augusta.... 3 10 pm |
| * 1 | Augusta....12 20 pm | 24 | Conyers.... 5 30 pm |
| 25 | Lithonia.... 3 25 pm | 10 | Covington.. 6 10 pm |
| *27 | Augusta.... 8 00 pm | * 4 | Augusta ...11 35 pm |

### ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

| No. | Arrive From. | No. | Depart To. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *26 | Montgomery 11 40 am | *35 | Montgomery 5 30 am |
| *34 | Selma.. ..... 7 30 pm | *33 | Montgomery 12 30 pm |
| *36 | Selma .. ..11 40 pm | *37 | Selma.. ..... 4 20 pm |
| 14 | LaGrange.. 8 25 am | 15 | Palmetto...12 01 pm |
| 30 | Palmetto... 2 15 pm | 33 | LaGrange... 5 30 pm |
| | Sunday Only. | | Sunday Only. |
| 42 | LaGrange...10 20 am | 41 | LaGrange... 8 10 am |

### ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN.
(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta).

Leave Atlanta for Knoxville.. .. .. ....8 15 am
Arrive Atlanta from Knoxville.. .. ....7 30 pm

## ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of Dougherty county, granted at the January term, 1901, will be sold before the courthouse door of Fulton county, on the first Tuesday in August next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property of the estate of M. P. Callaway, deceased, to-wit: All that tract of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, city lot No. 4, in block 25, being a part of land lot No. 77, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton, county, and which is described as follows, to-wit: Commencing fifty-four feet from the northwest corner of said lot No. 4 at the intersection of Loyd and Peters street (now known as Trinity avenue) on Peters street, and extending from that point along Peters (now Trinity avenue) street in an easterly direction fifty feet, from thence in a southerly direction one hundred and forty-eight feet to the property of Mrs. Mann, and thence in a westerly direction one hundred and four feet, more or less, to Loyd street (now Central avenue) and thence ten feet north along Loyd street (now Central avenue), to Adair's property, and thence in an easterly direction fifty-four feet, and thence in a northerly direction one hundred and thirty-eight feet to Peters street (now Trinity avenue) to the beginning point; also the 14-room frame residence located on said lot, together with all improvements thereon. Terms of sale: One-half cash, and the balance in one and two years, at 6 per cent interest on deferred payments.

MERRILL P. CALLAWAY,
Admr. of the Estate of M. P. Callaway, Deceased.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. T. Dorsey. P. H. Brewster.
Albert Howell, Jr.
DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL.
Attorneys at Law.
Offices 203-204-205-206-207-209-210-211-213 Law Building, Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone 520.

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